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The Bombay Gazette

[With Supplement.

No. 10,526—NEW SERIES BOMBAY :—FRIDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1882.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

STEAM to ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, AND MARSEILLES.

THE following or other Steamers will be despatched as above :—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	FRIDAY
— KASHGAR ..	2021	450	R. G. Murray	1st Dec.
— GWALIOR ..	2733	500	M. de Horne...	8th ,,
— VENETIA ..	2726	500	A. B. Daniell..	15th ,,
L. LOMBARDY ..	2736	500	W. E. Breeze...	22nd ,,
— MALWA ..	2959	500	G. W. Atkinson	29th ,,
				1883.
L. BRINDISI ..	3542	550	R. B. Haselwood	5th Jan.
— POONAH ..	3130	600	J. B. Chapman .	12th ,,
L. SUTLEJ ..	4194	750	A. H. Johnson .	19th ,,
— SURAT ..	3142	550	A. W. Adams..	26th ,,
L. MIRZAPORE ..	3887	600	C. G. Perrins.	2nd Feby.
— HYDASPES ..	2984	500	G. Scrivener	9th ,,
— ROME ..	5013	850	G.F. Cates	16th ,,
— KASHGAR ..	2021	450	R.G. Murray	23rd ,,
L. THAMES ..	4101	750	W. D. Anderson	2nd Mar.
— VENETIA ..	2726	500	A. B. Daniell	9th ,,
L. GANGES ..	4196	750	W. B. Andrews	16th ,,
— MALWA ..	2959	500	G. W. Atkinson	23rd ,,
L. PEKIN ..	3900	600	A. Symons	30th ,,
— POONAH ..	3130	600	J. B. Chapman	6th Apr.
L. BOKHARA ..	2932	500	H. Weigbell	13th ,,
— SURAT ..	3142	550	A. W. Adamson	20th ,,
L. OATHAY ..	2983	500	W. M. Robbie	27th ,,
— HYDASPES ..	2984	500	G. Scrivener	4th May.

* Extra Steamer.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock-head, at Mazagon, at 2 p.m. on the day of sailing.

Passengers are booked to ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, and MARSEILLES, by every Mail. The Steamers marked L proceed direct to London calling at Plymouth. By the others passengers change vessels at Suez.

Return Tickets are issued at reduced rates as under: THREE MONTHS—from date of departure to that of return.

	Via Brindisi, one way.	Via Brindisi, both ways.	Via London, both ways.
First Class ..	Rs. 900	Rs. 1,000	Rs. 1,050
Second Class.	Rs. 500	Rs. 550	Rs. 600
SIX MONTHS—			
First Class ..	Rs. 1,150	Rs. 1,200	Rs. 1,250
Second Class.	Rs. 600	Rs. 650	Rs. 700

STEAM TO PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, KING GEORGE'S SOUND, ADELAIDE, MELBOURNE, AND SYDNEY, CALLING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1882.
ROME.....5013		800	G. F. Cates	1st Dec.
THAMES.....4101		750	W.D. Anderson ...	15th ,,
INDUS 3462		600	S. D. Shallard.....	29th ,,
				1883.
ROHILLA 3500		600	W. Barrat	12th Jan.

Return Tickets are now issued :— 1st Class. 2nd Class.

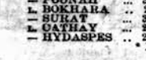
	Rs.	Rs.
To K. George's Sound, Adelaide, Melbourne or Sydney and back (available for nine months)	600	375
To Colombo and back (available for two months)	150	75
To Madras and back (available for two months)	210	105
To Calcutta and back do. ..	330	165
To Penang or Singapore and back (available for three months)	450	225
To Hongkong and back (available for three months)	630	390
To Shanghai or Yokohama and back (available for three months)	810	465

Passengers for Australia change steamers at Colombo.

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 24th November, 1882.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA

FLORIO & RUBATTINO'S UNITED COMPANIES
(UNDER CONTRACT WITH THE ITALIAN GOVERNMENT.)



THE Regular Mail-steamers leave GENOA and BOMBAY on the 24th on the 1st of each month, calling at

LEGHORN, NAPLES, MESSINA, CATANIA, PORT SAID, SUEZ, ADEN and *vice versa*.

PASSENGERS' RATES FROM BOMBAY

TO ALL PORTS OF ITALY.		TO MARSEILLES.	
I Class ..£ 60 }	Including	I Class ..£ 50 }	Including
II do.... 340 }	wines.	II do.... 350 }	wines.
III do.... 150 }	With food.	III do.... 155 }	With food.

Children under 3 years, free of charge.
Children not above 10 years, half fare.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON FREE OF CHARGE to the extent allowed in the Hand-books. All extra Luggage will be charged for at rates which can be ascertained from the Agent.

The following or other first Class Steamers will leave Bombay :—

CHINA, on Friday.....1st Dec. 1882
MANILLA, on Friday.....15th Dec. 1882
RAFFAELE RUBATTINO on Monday....1st Jan. 1883

Passengers and heavy baggage are carried on board free of charge, by the Company's steam launch, leaving Apollo Pier under between 10 and 11 a.m.

Through Railway Tickets to London, available for 11 days.

From Genoa. I Class Calais Route. R 95 Brighton Route R 10
,, ..II do. do. .. 70 do. .. 58
From Naples. I do. do. .. 145 do. .. 126
,, ..II do. do. .. 105 do. .. 13

For Hand-books of Information, rates of Freight, &c. apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent,
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.
Bombay, Nov. 20, 1882.

FRENCH LINE.

CIE NATIONALE DE NAVIGATION.

Regular monthly steamers to Marseilles doing the run in 20 days.

THE new first-class steamer COLOMBO, 2,017 tons, 450 horse-power, will leave BOMBAY for MARSEILLES direct on the 24th December.

She has, in common with the other new steamers of this Company, splendid accommodation for passengers, being built specially with a view to their comfort, the cabins being roomy and containing two berths only. She carries a Doctor and Stewardess.

RATES OF PASSAGE.
First class to Marseilles, Rs. 500 including wines.
Children under three years of age free of charge.
,, ,, over three and under eight ½ charge.
,, ,, eight and under twelve ¾ ,,

The Railway fares from Marseilles to London are as follows :—
Via Calais and Dover (Mail).....1st class £ 7 5 0
Via Dieppe .....1st class .. 5 18 1

The above steamer will be followed by the Canton or Comorin leaving 21st January.

Steamers of this line will leave Bombay regularly on the 21st of each month from January, and they will sail from Marseilles, on the 20th of each month.

For further particulars apply to
Messrs. RALLI BROTHERS,
Agents.
Bombay, 21st Nov., 1882.

ANCHOR LINE.

INDIAN SERVICE BETWEEN BOMBAY, LIVERPOOL, AND MEDITERRANEAN.

THE following sailings have been arranged :—

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

	Tons.	H.P.	nl.	Comdrs.	About
s.s. HISPANIA	3,300	500	Jas. Harris		18th Dec.
s.s. NUBIA	4,500	600			30th Dec.

* This steamer does not carry passengers.

BOMBAY TO MEDITERRANEAN.

s.s. AUSTRALIA	2,250	450	D. C. Campbell	9th Dec.
s.s. ALSATIA	2,850	800	J. D. Murray	11th Jan.

To be followed by other 1st class steamers at regular intervals.

For rates and further particulars apply to
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Bombay. 16th October, 1882. Agents.

CLAN LINE OF STEAMERS.

THE S. S. CLAN GRAHAM, 3,000 Tons gross, will SAIL for MARSEILLES on or about the 15th instant.

PASSAGE MONEY, TO MARSEILLES Rs. 400.
For further particulars apply to
FINLAY, MUIR & Co.,
Bombay, 1st December, 1882. Agents.

S. S. AUSTRALIA has ARRIVED from Glasgow and Liverpool, and is DISCHARGING in the PRINCE'S Dock.

W. & A. GRAHAM & CO.,
Bombay, 28th November, 1882. Agents.

HAIR BRUSHES

OF
SPECIAL EXCELLENCE AND DURABILITY.

	Rs. a.
LADIES' WIRE BRUSHES with Bristle Edges. Excellent penetrating brushes but do not tear the hair, the wires being set in India Rubber. A source of the greatest comfort to Ladies having long hair, each	1
FINEST BRISTLE TOILET BRUSHES for Ladies or Gentlemen ...per pair	Rs. 2-8 to 9 0
FINEST TOILET BRUSHES, Pairs in Morocco Cases.	
With Handles, in Pull-off cases	12 0
Without Handles in Fall-over cases ...	12 8
GENTLEMENS OFFICE BRUSHES. per pair	2 8

KEMP & Co., Limited.
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

CELLULOID DRESSING COMBS.

SUPERIOR to any hitherto manufactured, and possessing every excellence that ought to distinguish Combs—smooth, strong, and durable.

	Rs. a.
Amber Dressing Combs ... ...each	2 8
Ivory do. do. ... ... ,,	2 4
Tortoiseshell do. do. ... ... ,,	2 4
Do. do. do. smaller ... ... ,,	2 0
Coral do. do. ... ... ,,	2 0
Ivory Moustache Combs ... ... ,,	1 0
Coral do. do. ... ... ,,	1 0
Tortoiseshell do. do. ... ... ,,	1 0
Ivory Tortoiseshell, and Coral Pocket Riding Combs ... ... ,,	1 0

KEMP & CO., Limited.
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR LONDON.

S. S. GOA, 1,906 Tons, on 5th December, calling at Kurrachee, Aden, Suez, Port Said, Algiers and Lisbon.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. MECCA, 1,450 Tons, on THURSDAY, 7th December, 1882, at 4 p. m., calling at Rutnagherry, Vingorla, Goa, Carwar, Mangaiore, Cannanore, Tellicherry, Calicut, Beypore, Cochin, Alleppey, Tuticorin, Colombo, Negapatam, Madras, Cocomada, Vizagapatam, Bimlipatam, Gopalpore and False Point. Ports are called at in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. PACHUMBA, 867 Tons, on WEDNESDAY, 6th December, 1882, at 4 p.m., calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR DUTCH MANDAVIE AND KURRACHEE.

S. S. EUPHRATES, 803 Tons, on 3rd December, 1882, at 10 a.m.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR, MOZAMBIQUE, INHAMBANE, QUILIMANE AND DELAGOA BAY.

S. S. PUNJAUB, 1,080 tons, on SATURDAY, 2nd December, 1882.

N.B.—EXPORTS.—To save shippers the trouble of clearing and shipping, shipments not exceeding five tons will be received, and Bills of Lading granted in exchange at the Offices of the undersigned.

Railway receipts for packages from up-country should be forwarded to the undersigned, who will undertake clearance and shipment.

IMPORTS.—The undersigned undertake the landing, clearing and delivery in Bombay or forwarding by rail or steamer packages by the Company's Steamers. Bills of lading and particulars of contents and value should accompany forwarding instructions.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 30th November, 1882. Agents.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TREACHER'S CHERRY-BRANDY,

MADE from selected Kent Morellas, is of its kind the finest Liqueur imported
Cash Rs. 2-12 per bottle.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.

REDUCED PRICES.

TREACHER'S
SOLUBLE DIETETIC COCOA,
Highly nourishing and easy of digestion.
1 lb. tins, Cash As. 14.

TREACHER AND COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

REDUCED PRICES.

FARINACEOUS AND DIETETIC PREPARATIONS.

		Rs. a.
Arrowroot, Finest Bermuda, in 1 lb. tins.	each	1 12
Do. Speed's East Indian.....	,,	0 14
Barley, Robinson's Patent prepared, 1 lb. tins at	,,	0 10
Groats, do, do. do. do....	,,	0 10
Baking Powder, Borwick's, large size....	,,	0 12
Corn Flour, Brown and Polson's, in packets....	,,	0 7
Do. do. do. tins....	,,	0 9
Gelatine, in 1 and 2 oz. packets	per oz.	0 4
Hard's Infant's Food.....	per packet	0 10
Isinglass, real Russian, fine cut.....	per oz.	0 14
Liebig's Infants' Food. Savory & Moore's.	per tin	0 10
Do. do. do. do.	per doz.	6 12
Macaroni, the finest, 2 lb. tins	each	1 8
Mellin's Food, for Infants and Invalids..	,,	0 14
Do. do. do. large size..	,,	1 8
Nestle's Milk Food.....	,,	1 2
Oatmeal, best coarse Scotch, in 2 lb. tins..	,,	0 8
Pearl Barley, in 2 lb. tins	,,	0 8
Revalenta Arabica, 3s. 6d. tins	,,	2 4
Sago, Finest Pearl, 2 lb. tins or bottles ..	,,	0 8
Tapioca, best clean white, 2 lb. tins (Genoa)	,,	0 10
Vermicelli, finest white, 2 lb. tins.....	,,	1 8

TREACHER and COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

PHOTOGRAPHIC APPARATUS.

THE MOST COMPLETE STOCK IN INDIA,

EVERY ARTICLE OF SUPERIOR AND UNIFORM QUALITY.

Sliding-body Cameras.	Glass Plates & Cutting Shapes.
Bellows-body Cameras.	Collodion Bottles and Filters.
Binocular Cameras.	Rolling & Burnishing Machines.
Scenograph Portable Cameras.	Cameo Presses and Dies.
Camera Stands.	Head Rests, Back Grounds.
Portrait and View Lances.	Albumenized Papers, Collodions.
Portable Tents.	Gold, Silver, and Chemicals.
Printing Frames.	Varnishes, Card Mounts, &c.
Plate Boxes.	
Developing Stands.	
Baths and Dippers.	
Dishes and Trays.	

THE importance of purity in Photographic Chemicals must suggest itself to all. Our imports have for the past half century been acknowledged as PRACTICALLY PURE, THOROUGHLY RELIABLE, and of UNIFORM STRENGTH AND CHARACTER. Commercial samples (as met with in Indian bazaars), though perhaps unadulterated in the strict sense of the term, are not always to be depended upon, as they are liable to be contaminated with other matter which will unfavourably affect results when operating.

DETAILED PRICE LISTS FREE ON APPLICATION

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

TREACHER & CO.'S
CONCENTRATED COMPOUND
FLUID EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA,

PREPARED with the very best materials and with the greatest care so as to obtain the full medicinal properties of each of the articles of which it is composed.

This preparation of the finest Jamaica root is decidedly preferable to any other form in which Sarsaparilla can be administered on account of its portability and superior efficacy.

It contains the whole active and medicinal properties of the root in the highest state of concentration, combined with the ingredients of the compound decoction ordered in the British Pharmacopœia, the beneficial effects of which, as an alterative and restorative, have been universally admitted and established by the sanction and recommendation of the most eminent practitioners of the present day.

	Cash.	Credit.
Per bottle.....Rs.	2-0	2-4
,, double size ..... ,,	3-8	4-0

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

HORMUSJEE SORABJEE.

LETTS'S DIARIES, LETTS'S DIARIES, for 1883, of all shapes and sizes.
HORMUSJEE SORABJEE.

CHRISTMAS and NEW YEAR'S GREETING CARDS of best make, from As. 2 to Rs. 3 each.
HORMUSJEE SORABJEE.
26, Meadow-street.

CELLULOID TRUSSES.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT of these Goods have been received and unpacked. They are the best Instruments of the kind ever imported, and are not affected by wet or wear. They will last a life time.

Single Rs. 6. Double Rs. 12.
Smaller sizes for Children cheaper.

KEMP & CO., Limited,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

KEMP'S
PARRISH'S CHEMICAL FOOD.

NO family where there are children should be without this invaluable remedy. It is unequalled as a Tonic and as a protective against Boils and all complaints arising from poverty of the blood.

Bottle Re. 1-4 and Rs. 2-4.
Large quantities at Wholesale Rates.

KEMP AND CO., Limited,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

THE
DEWAN'S PICKLE,

A CONDIMENT of rare excellence; prepared under state supervision from the choicest Indian Fruits. The most delicious combination yet produced. As an adjunct to Meat Fowl, Fish, Curries, Pilaus, Macaronis, &c., &c., it cannot be equalled, imparting an exquisite zest to the plainest food and reviving the most jaded appetite.

Per Jar, Re. 1.

SOLE AGENTS,
KEMP & CO., Limited,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.

LESSEE AND MANAGER...HERR BANDMANN.
STAGE MANAGER.....MR. AUGUSTUS GLOVER.

TO NIGHT! TO NIGHT!
TO NIGHT! TO NIGHT!
LAST GRAND FASHIONABLE SUBSCRIPTION NIGHT.
UNDER THE PATRONAGE AND PRESENCE
UNDER THE PATRONAGE AND PRESENCE
UNDER THE PATRONAGE AND PRESENCE
OF
H. E. THE GOVERNOR.
H. E. THE GOVERNOR.
H. E. THE GOVERNOR.
PATIENCE
PATIENCE
PATIENCE
OR
BUNTHORNE'S BRIDE.
BUNTHORNE'S BRIDE.

LAST NIGHT! LAST NIGHT!!
RECEIVED WITH CHEERS,
RECEIVED WITH CHEERS.
Read that truthful, fair and just journal, the
Times of India.
Times of India.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, DEC. 2.
MARIE,
THE WOMAN OF THE PEOPLE.
Read the *Times of India* for anything relating to the Drama.
IN PREPARATION:
DIPLOMACY.
Read the *Times of India*
the fair, just, and truthful paper

AN EXCELLENT hand-sketched DINNER SERVICE FOR SALE. For particulars and price apply to WM. WATSON and Co., 28, Apollo-street, Bombay.

IMPERIAL COTTON MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that a MEETING of the DIRECTORS was held on the 16th inst. when a SIXTH CALL OF RUPEES FIFTY per share was made payable at the Bank of Bombay on the 16th Dec. 1882.
By order of the Directors,
R. HYDE CHEETHAM & CO.,
Secretaries and Agents.
7, Hummum-street, Bombay, 30th Nov. 1882.

NOTICE is hereby given that HOTEL DEL EUROPE is going to be SOLD, and that all persons having any claim or demand against the said Hotel are hereby required to make the same known in writing to Mr. MANSUKHLAL M. MUNSHI, Solicitor, at his office, No. 107, Meadow-street, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale of the said Hotel will be completed without any reference to any claim, and the same, if any, will be considered as having been waived.—Dated this 30th Day of November, 1882.
MANSUKHLAL M. MUNSHI,
Attorney to the Purchaser.

THE IMPERIAL COTTON MILLS COMPANY, Limited.
NOTICE.

THE FIRST ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 7, Hummum-street, Bombay, on MONDAY, the 11th December, 1882, at 4 o'clock p.m., Bombay time.

1st—To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the audited Balance sheet for the period ending 15th November, 1882.
2nd—To appoint Directors.
3rd—To appoint a Auditor for the ensuing year and to fix his remuneration.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 2nd to the 11th December, 1882, both days inclusive.
By order of the Directors,
R. HYDE CHEETHAM & Co.,
Secretaries and Agents.
No. 7, Hummum-street, Bombay, 29th November, 1882.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned has DISSOLVED his PARTNERSHIP ACCOUNT with the firm of M. M. MODY & Co. of Bombay, and C. Stewart & Co. of Agra, and has commenced business under the name and style of PESTONJEE M. MODY & Co. as SHIP-CHANDLERS, &c., &c., at Nos 59 &61, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.
PESTONJEE MUNCHERJEE MODY.

WE, the undersigned, have THIS DAY COMMENCED busines as SHIP-CHANDLERS, HARDWARE and GENERAL MERCHANTS, SUPPLIERS of REQUISITIES for Cotton Mills, Messes, Municipality, Workshops, Railways, Engineers, &c., &c., and CONTRACTORS.
We have imported Europe Articles from best and well known manufacturers, and our prices are very much lower than those of any other firms in Bombay.
Prices will be sent on Application.
PESTONJEE M. MODY & Co.
Bombay, 1st December, 1882.

AN OPEN DOOR WILL TEMPT A SAINT.

THE PROPRIETOR of CHUBB'S BOX and LOCK HART hereby informs the PUBLIC that he always keeps LARGE STOCKS of GENUINE CHUBB'S PATENT GOODS—such as CHUBB'S NEW PATENT SAFES, CHUBB'S WRITING BOXES complete with leather cover, CHUBB'S CASH BOXES with Trays on feet of sizes, CHUBB'S DESPATCH BOXES of sizes, CHUBB'S LOCKS and P.D-LOCKS of sizes and descriptions. Mr. E. P. further begs to inform the PUBLIC that he never keeps any SECOND-HAND or IMITATION GOODS, an only one price is kept. In conclusion he begs the favour of his present and past supporters.

CHUBB'S BOX AND LOCK MART,
47, PARSEE BAZAAR-STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.
ESTABLISHED 1847.
A few paces from the *Times of India* Office.

AUCTION SALE OF CHINA AND JAPAN CURIOSITIS.

A GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR 'XMAS AND NEW YEAR PRESENTS TO FRIENDS AND RELATIONS AT HOME.

MESSRS. GLENROY & Co. have received instruction from their several constituents TO SELL by PUBLIC AUCTION without reserve, on the 11th and 12th inst. a large and splendid COLLECTION of CHINA and JAPAN CURIOSITIES, at their premises, No. 11, Hummum-street, opposite to Messrs. Thorpe and Co.,

The above Curiosities will also be offered by private sale to the public from the 1st to the 10th inst. at a very low rate. As the Xmas season is now approaching, Messrs. Glenroy and Co. beg to draw the attention of the European residents of Bombay to the fact that the establishment affords a splendid opportunity for selecting articles of true Oriental style for presentation to friends at home.

Catalogues will be ready and the goods are now on view,

RAJPUTANA-MALWA RAILWAY.

(Includes the Rajputana State Railway, the Holkar State Railway, and the Sindhia-Neemuch State Railway.)

NOTICE.

ON and after the 1st January, 883, the PRESENT ORDINARY RATES for the carriage of goods over this Railway will be CANCELLED, and the following REDUCED RATES SUBSTITUTED.

	Per maund	Per mile
		Pi.
First Class		3
Second ,, ...		5
Third ,, ...		7
Fourth ,, ...		25
Fifth ,, ...		19

These revised rates will apply to the through traffic from Sabarmati to Delhi and Agra, and *vice-versa*, as well as in local traffic. They will be less than the present special rates for through and local traffic.

Special low rates regarding which information can be obtained at all stations will be quoted for—

Cement (masonry.)	Pulses
Coal	Salt
Firewood	Saltpetre
Grain, edible	Seeds, common
Iron ore and slag	Slates, rough, tiles or slabs for building, flooring and roofing purposes.
,, pig	Stone, unwrought
Kunkur	Tobacco, native, ry.
Limestone	
Marble, rough	
Oilcake	

The new special rates for Grain and Common Salt will make the charges in through traffic to stations in the B. B. & C. I. Railway as follows :—

	Per maund		
	Rs.	a	p
Delhi to Sabarmati	0	9	0
Agra Fort to Sabarmati	0	8	8

By order,
I. O'CALLAGHAN,
Traffic Superintendent.
Ajmere, 16th November 1882.

KEMP'S
PURE NORWEGIAN
COD LIVER OIL.

SUPPLIED under special engagement by one of the largest extractors in Norway. His factory is advantageously situated where the Fish will be delivered direct from the boats without being beached, and the extraction being rapidly effected at a low temperature, the result is an oil unsurpassable in paleness and purity. We have to CHOICE OF THIS OIL every season.

The New Season's Oil is now in Stock.

Per Bottle Re. 1.
Per 1 Galon or ½ Gallon Tin, Wholesale Rates.

KEMP & CO., LIMITED,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

TREACHER AND COMPANY'S RENOWNED SPIRITS.

Cash. per doz. Rs.	a.					Cash. per doz. Rs.	a.
54	0	... Special invalid	... BRANDY	... O. O. O. O.	...	54	0
		Matured expressly for Medicinal use, 15 years old.					
33	0	... Fine Old Pale	... BRANDY	... O. O. O.	...	33	0
		The celebrated Heart-labelled pure, soft, and delicate.					
30	0	... Old Pale	... BRANDY	... O. O.	...	30	0
		A choice matured Spirit.					
26	0	... Pale	... BRANDY	... O.	...	26	0
		Good and pure.					
22	8	... Fine Old	... WHISKY	... Glenlivet	...	22	8
		The cream of Scotch Whiskies.					
22	8	... Fine Old	... WHISKY	... Irish	...	22	8
		Soft, mellow, and mild.					
15	0	... Superior	... HOLLANDS	... Old	...	15	0
		A good wholesome spirit.					
18	0	... Unsweetened	... GIN	...Very superior...		18	0
		Pure and fine by age.					
17	0	... Sweetened	... GIN	... Old Tom	...	17	0
		High quality and delicate flavour.					
22	8	... Finest	... RUM	... Old Jamaica	...	22	8
		An exquisite spirit softened by age.					

TREACHER & COMPANY, LIMITED,
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

CHILDREN'S BLACK, OR NAVY BLUE. WEBBETTE. From Rs. 9 to Rs. 16.
JERSEY SUITS & COSTUMES.
CASH DISCOUNT.—Two Annas in the Rupee.

HOAR & CO., THE OUTFITTERS, BOMBAY,
OPPOSITE THE ESPLANADE HOTEL.

FAVRE, LEUBA & CO.,
WATCHMAKERS, JEWELLERS, CHAINMAKERS, &c.,
BOMBAY & CALCUTTA.

WE continue to receive regular weekly shipments of our well-known

CHEAP SILVER LEVER WATCHES.

It is now about 16 years since we introduced these Watches in this country. During this time their quality has been unceasingly improved by our manufactory year for year, so that they are now unquestionably by far superior to Watches generally sold in India at considerably higher rates.

These watches are always in stock :—

In open-faced silver cases	Rs. 25
Do. hunting ,, ...	,, 26*
Do. half-hunting ,, ...	,, 27*

The Watches marked * are also in stock in extra heavy sterling silver cases and of superior finish, at Rs. 35.

GUARANTEE ONE YEAR—POSTAGE FREE.

FAVRE, LEUBA & CO.

TOYS
AND
'XMAS NOVELTIES
FOR THE
MILLION.

EVERYONE SHOULD
VISIT
THE BOMBAY CASH BAZAARS.

JUST ARRIVED,
A LARGE CONSIGNMENT OF
READY-MADE BOOTS AND SHOES
FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.

GENT'S.

	Rs. a.
KID DRESS BOOTS, ELASTIC SIDES, PATENT GOLOSHED AND BEVELLED SOLES	16 8
KID "BALMORALS," CALF GOLOSH, TOE CAPS, KID UPPERS, VERY STRONG ...	16 0
PATENT COURT SHOES, BEST QUALITY SPLENDIDLY FINISHED	12 8
PATENT OXFORD SHOES, BEVELLED SOLES, VERY LIGHT	13 8
PATENT OXFORD SHOES, BEVELLED SOLES, SECOND QUALITY	11 8
CALF OXFORD SHOES, COLOURED CLOTH TOPS, LEATHER FACINGS ...	12 8
CALF OXFORD SHOES, DOUBLE TOES, VERY STRONG AND SERVICEABLE ...	10 0
CANVASS OXFORD SHOES, RUBBER SOLES, FOR TENNIS, &c.	10 8
DITTO DITTO ...	8 8
CANVASS OXFORD SHOES, LEATHER SOLES, BUFF CAPS AND FACINGS	8 8
CANVASS OXFORD SHOES, LEATHER SOLES, BUFF CAPS AND FACINGS ...	7 8
DITTO DITTO ...	5 8

LADIE'S.

	Rs. a.
OXFORD SHOES, MOROCCO LEATHER, HIGH FRENCH HEELS	6 8
OXFORD SHOES, GLACI KID, MILITARY HEELS, VERY STYLISH	8 8
PATENT LEATHER COURT SHOES, HIGH HEELS...	8 8
MOROCCO LEATHER COURT SHOES, WITH BOWS	5 8
MOROCCO LEATHER WALKING SHOES, STRONG AND NEAT	7 8
MOROCCO OPEN SHOES, PATENT FACINGS, COOL AND LIGHT	8 0
PRUNELLO COURT SHOES, WITH TASTE, FULLY EMBROIDERED TOES	7 8
SATIN COURT SHOES, HIGH FRENCH HEELS, &c., VERY PRETTY... ...	9 8
GLACI KID HIGH BUTTON BOOTS, MILITARY HEELS, &c..	14 8
GLOVE KID HIGH BUTTON BOOTS, BEAUTIFULLY COOL & COMFORTABLE ...	14 8
CALF KID HIGH BUTTON BOOTS FOR WALKING, VERY STRONG... ...	14 8

Blue canvass Plimsoll Shoes with rubber soles; Grecian Slippers in coloured morocco leather Margate Slippers in buff and black Leather, &c., &c., &c.

DUNNETT AND CO.,
IMPORTERS AND MANUFACTURERS OF LADIES' AND GENT'S BOOTS AND SHOES, SADDLERY, HARNESS, &c., &c.
HORNBY ROW, BOMBAY.

MESSRS. C. MARCKS AND CO.

BEG to draw attention to their new and splendid consignment of

PRESENTATION WATCHES
IN GOLD AND SILVER CASES,
of which they solicit an early inspection.

GENTLEMEN'S HUNTING OR CRYSTAL-FACED KEYLESS LEVER WATCHES IN HEAVY 18 CARAT GOLD CASES WITH COMPENSATION BALANCE WHEEL ...Rs. 250, 275, 300.

The same of the FINEST and STRONGEST make ... ... ,, 350, 380, 400, 425

FULL CHRONOMETER AND CHRONOGRAPH WATCHES... ,, 390, 450, 500, 550

These watches have been tested in a lighted stove and also under freezing point and their maximum variation is LESS than thirty seconds PER MONTH IN ANY TEMPERATURE.

LADIES GOLD WATCHES in the PRETTIEST and NEWEST designs at from ...Rs. 50 to 600.

THE HIGHER PRICED WATCHES ARE TASTEFULLY MOUNTED WITH DIAMONDS.

FOR CATALOGUE OF SILVER WATCHES, JEWELLERY, SILVER AND PLATEDWARE SEND TO

C. MARCKS & CO.,
1, East-street, POONA. 43, Rampart-row, BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOW READY,
LETTS'S DIARY
FOR
1883,
OF
ALL SHAPES AND SIZES,
XMAS AND NEW YEAR CARDS,
AT
COOPER AND COMPANY,
BOMBAY, MEADOW-STREET, FORT,
AND
POONA, EAST-STREET.

KEATING'S COUGH-LOZENGES.

COUGHS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, DIFFICULTY of BREATHING are speedily cured by KEATING'S COUGH-LOZENGES, recognised and recommended by the Medical Faculty. No other remedy is half so effective. One Lozenge alone gives relief. They contain no Opium, Morphia, nor any violent drug, and may be taken by the most delicate. One or two at bedtime ensures rest when troubled by the throat. Sold by all Chemists, in bottles.

MONTHLY PUBLICATION.
NOW READY.
THE
INDIAN TRAVELLER'S GUIDE
FOR DECEMBER, 1882,
CONTAINS

THE REVISED Time and Fare Tables of the Great Indian Peninsula, B. B. & C. I., East India, Madras, Western Rajpootana, Sind, Punjab, and Delhi, Punjab and Northern State, Rajpootana State, Sindia State, Holkar and Sindia-Neemuch State Railways, &c., &c., and Steam Boats and Dak Companies, Bullock Trains and Transit Companies, the Routes between the principal towns of Northern, Central, Southern, and Western India, &c.,

WITH A NEW COLOURED MAP OF INDIA,
Showing every Railway Station on the Indian Lines.
PRICE EIGHT ANNAS.
Indian Postage, 1 *Anna.*

Corrected up to the last day of going to press, and published on the 1st of every month at the BOMBAY GAZETTE Office.

☞ The GUIDE has lately been thoroughly revised and considerably enlarged, and the attention of travellers is particularly directed to the table of through-routes and fares from Bombay to places in India and abroad, which shows at a glance how a tourist making Bombay his starting point can spend his time to the best advantage. Short descriptive notices of all places of interest, the hill sanitaria, &c., are also given.

This Guide, having a large monthly circulation throughout India, forms a very good medium

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

THURSDAY EVENING, Nov. 30.

THE past week has been extremely quiet in business all round. Imports are being dealt in to a moderate extent, but Exports of all kinds hang fire, the home advices being against anything approaching activity. Arrivals of produce have been somewhat restricted by general rains throughout the districts, which, it was at one time feared, would also damage the Cotton crop. The latest reports, however, show that very little injury has been done, and in some cases the rain will ultimately prove beneficial to the later descriptions of Cotton, as also to Whet and Seeds. Freights are firmer all round, the quotation for Liverpool by steam being now 27a. 6d. Money continues easy; Shares and Government Paper quiet. Sterling Exchange is receding daily the sale of Council drafts competing with cheap Silver for such limited demand as exists for remittance to this side.

MONEY.—Owing to withdrawls from the Government balance, the last published statement of the Bank of Bombay showed a reduction of 30 lacs in Cash, and to this extent the position of the Bank may be said to have been affected in favour of dearer money. The actual demand for money, however, has not materially increased, and at the Bank minimum of 4 per cent. there is very little demand for accommodation. Calcutta to some extent is helping to keep things firm, but our own trade requirements are very light, and must continue so until Cotton begins to come in freely towards the end of the year.

EXCHANGE.—Bar Silver in London has declined during the week from 51¾d. to 57d. per oz., and in sympathy therewith the exchange value of the rupee has given way daily until at the close we quote a fall of ¼d. per rupee, closing quotations for ready bills being :—

Bank Bills on demand	.. 1s. 7½ d. to 17-32d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic	.. 1s. 7 7-16d. to 15-32d.	,,
Do. 3 months' sight	.. 1s. 7 19-32d.	,,
Credits, 3 ,,	,, .. 1s. 7 25-32d.	,,
Documents, 3 ,,	,, .. 1s. 7 13-16d.	,,
Usance, 3 ,,	,, .. 2 7/64 to 2	,,

At this level the position of the market seems all in favour of further weakness. After having held out for 1s. 8d. and over for their Council drawings in the beginning of the slack season, Government yesterday had to accept 1s. 7½d. for 30 lacs, and now advertise 35 lacs for next week's biddings. To put it shortly, they are now evidently cornered for money and must apparently go on selling at whatever rate they can get, irrespective of what the demand may be. With Silver in active competition, there is every appearance, that for a time at least, rates will be forced considerably lower, and as a matter of fact it is difficult to indicate the possible period of a reaction. That a reaction will eventually set in there can be little doubt, and possibly we may not now be very far off the turning point, but when the market once gets into a demoralised state such as is now apparent, the decline generally goes considerably further than the real position warrants. At the moment the Banks are all willing buyers but very indifferent sellers forward, and transactions have taken place to-day in 3 months' Credits at 1s. 7 27-32d. for March and 1s. 7⅞d. for April delivery. These figures indicate pretty clearly the ideas generally entertained regarding the future, but now-a-days the situation is apt to change with great rapidity, and with the uncertainty attendant on Government action it is impossible to say how they may look for either buyer or seller a day hence.

On Calcutta the demand rate remains at ⅛ per cent. premium, 60 days' sight at ⅜ per cent. discount.

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—Last mail-day an active demand set in for Fours, and the quotation advance to Rs. 99,15-16. Since then the tone has been weaker at Rs. 99¾, and this is the closing figure to-day. Fours-and-a-half have been to a great extent nominal throughout, and have gradually declined until we to-day call the rate Rs. 106¼.

SHARES.—The market throughout has been dull and draggingwith in most instances a tendency to lower rates. In *Banks* the only movement is in Bank of Bombays which are Rs. 1½ lower at Rs. 786½. Colaba *Land* shares are Rs. 10 lower at Rs. 795. In *Press* Companies a decided decline has taken place of Rs. 60 in Akbar, Rs. 25 in Fort, Rs. 20 in Prince of Wales and Sind and Punjaub, Rs. 10 in Mofussil, and Rs. 5 in New Indian. *Spinning and Weaving Mill* Companies are quiet, and in many instances Rs. 5 to Rs. 10 lower. Bombay-Burmah Trading Company are Rs. 10 lower at Rs. 2,765.

PIECE-GOODS.—The demand has been on quite an average scale during the week, and from the bazaar the clearances have been about 2,500 packages of all descriptions. Prices have not altered to any quotable extent, but for 8¼lb 39-inch Shirtings of average quality and similar standard makes, the tendency is easier owing to heavy supplies. The general aspect of the market, in fact, is that supplies are more than equal to current requirements, but with rapidly decling exchange, dealers are adopting a somewhat conservative policy, and we question whether prices will recede materially from their present level, unless a decline in Cotton leads to a complete breakdown in Manchester. Of local-made Cloths about 2,000 packages have been sold during the week at prices as values.

TWIST.—The transactions in home-made Yarns this week have been on a very moderate scale, and we cannot quote any change in value. There has been some pressure at times to effect sales to arrive, without leading to any important movements, but latterly sellers have been rather firmer owing to the drop in exchange. For local Yarns the enquiry has been rather limited, and a decline of 1-16 to ⅛ anna per lb. has had to be accepted, at which about 1,000 bales have changed hands.

METALS.—*Copper* is dull at a decline of As. 8 per cwt. The stock is not excessive in the bazaar, but sellers to arrive have been eager to do business owing to lower quotation from home. Regarding *Yellow Metal* the same may be said, although the decline is only As. 4 per cwt. *Iron* is generally in large supply and dull of sale at quoted prices.

COALS.—The bunder stock is now running into very small compass, and supplies on the way being at the same time limited, near arrivals command full prices, say Rs. 16½ to Rs. 17 for Davison's and Rs. 17 to Rs. 18 for Cardiff. For distant shipment, however, owing to the pressure on the part of one seller to do business, buyers have been rather frightened out of the market, and at Rs. 15½ for Davison's and Rs. 16½ for Cardiff sales are only practicable in retail.

COTTON.—The home telegraphic advices this week have been adverse to a degree, and for export operations have been limited in the extreme, the total of the transactions reported being within 5,000 bales, made up of :—

Good	Broach,	February delivery, at	Rs. 218 to Rs.	217
,,	Do.	March do.	,, 216 ,,	214
,,	Dhollera,	April, do.	,, 186 ,,	183
,,	Omra,	Jany. to Mar. do.	,, 190 ,,	187
F. G. F.	do.	do.	,, 180 ,,	176
Good Julgaum,		do.	,, 188 ,,	185
F. G. F.	do.	do.	,, 178 ,,	175

As will be seen from our quotations below, our prices are still maintained above the parity of home quotations, and no doubt this will continue to be the case until a pressure of ready supplies comes on the market. This, however, will not be for some time yet, as with the exception of Bengals the arrivals of new Cotton are remarkably small, nor will they be of importance for at least another fortnight, as the rains for two or three days in the beginning of this week have interfered with arrivals into the up-country markets. At one time it was feared that considerable damage would be done to the crop in Khandeish and the Berars, but the latest advices indicate that with the exception of some little black leaf and stain to Hingunghaut and Oomras the ultimate result will be rather to benefit the growing crop than otherwise. Estimates of shipments, however, for the first six months of the coming year are in no way altered.

The *Receipts* of Cotton from up-country to date show the following comparisons :—

	1882.	1881.	1880.
For the Week	14,338	19,704	7,788
Since 1st September	89,926	111,730	61,968
Since 1st January	1,646,878	1,199,325	1,116,815

The *Clearances for Sea* since 1st January now total 1,603,863 bales, as against 968,089 bales for the same period last year.

The following are to-day's quotations for fully-pressed Cotton with the equivalents in Sterling, Cost, and Freight to Liverpool via Canal without Commission :—

	Per Candy.	Per lb. C. & F.
Old Good Omra (Nominal)	Rs. 178—4d.	
,, F.G.F. do.	,, 172—4 11-32d.	
,, G.F. do.	,, 165—4 3/16d.	
,, Good Dhollera (Nominal)	,, 180—4 9/16d.	
,, F.G.F. do.	,, 174—4 13-32d.	
,, G.F. do.	,, 164—4 5/32d.	
,, F.G.F. Ginned Dholleras	,, 184—4 21/32d.	
New Good Hingunghaut, Dec. Delivery	,, 195—5 13/32d.	
,, ,, Omra, Dec. ,,	,, 190—4 13/16d.	
,, ,, Omra, Feb. ,,	,, 188—4 25/32d.	
,, ,, Broach, March ,,	,, 214—5 7/16d.	
,, ,, Dholleras ,,	,, 185—4 23-32d.	
,, ,, Bengal, Dec. ,,	,, 148—3 25/32d.	

WHEAT.—Arrivals have been somewhat more liberal, and freights having at the same time advanced 2s. 6d. per ton, rupee rates have given way about As. 8 per candy, No 1 Soft White being now at Rs. 30½ per candy. The crop now promises well, having been materially improved in condition by the late rains, which have been very general throughout almost the whole of the Wheat-growing districts.

SEEDS.—*Linseed* is in liberal supply, and a fair business is passing at Rs. 5-6 to Rs. 5-7 per cwt. *Rapeseed* continues to advance in value, and for Old Guzerat Rs. 7-8 to Rs. 7-9 is now quoted, whilst New Crop for April is held for Rs. 8-14 per cwt. *Gingelly* is arriving freely and meets a ready sale at Rs. 32½ to Rs. 33 per cwt. according to quality

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS.

	Shares.	Amt	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash Rates.
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	7p. ct.	786½
Bank of Bengal	42,000	750	all	5 do.	285
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	4 do.	675nl
EXCHANGE BANKS.		£	£		
Agra Bank	10 ,000	100	all	3 do.	122
National Bank of India	37,320	250	12½	3 12	97xd

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

G. I. P. Railway Consolidated Stock	..	£20	218-3-0	5 p. ct	325
Do. New £20 shares.	..	£20	130-14-6	do	26
Ditto	..	£20	65-7-3	do	72
Ditto	..	£20	21-13-1	do	32
B. B. & C. I. Ry. Co.	..	£100	1,000	do	1,040
Do. New £1 Shares.	..	£13	196-5-15	do	245

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar Cotton	150	5,000	2,850	Rs. 50	1,090
Akola Press Co	85	500	all	Rs. 75	500
Albert Ginning Co	100	500	all	18p.ct.	450
Albert Press Co., Kurrachee	200	2,000	1,100	Rs.170	1,120
Apollo Press Co. (small shares)	750	400	400	40	460
Bellary	625	1,000	1 000	30 p.s.	625
Berar Cotton Ginning and Press Co	600	500	all	Rs. 75	540
Broach Cotton Ginning and Press Co	1,400	250	all	10	75
Colaba Press Co	500	1,880	1,880	50	1,180
Dhollera P. & G. Co.	500	300	all	30	180
East India Press Co	700	1,000	1,000	120	1,315
Fort Press Co	150	325	8,500	350 p.s.	2,575
French Press Co	300	500	all	75 p.s.	560
Sind Press Co	400	2,000	750	Rs. 75	505
Mofussil Co	3,125	400	400	Rs. 30	385
New Indian Press	2,400	125	125	Rs. 30	220
Prince of W. Press	500	.....	500	100	460
Sind & Punjaub Cotton Press Co	100	1,000	750	Rs. 80	1,230
Sassoon Press Co	300	00	600	25	500
Volkart's Press Co	450	00		60	665

PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

Sovereigns, each	Rs. 12-2-6
Carolas	,, 235
Mexican Dollars	,, 223
Five-Franc Pieces	,, 234
Bar Silver, 17 to 17½ betterness	106-7 to 106-11
Gold Leaf	,, 19-5
Bar Gold, 10 oz. English, 100 touch	,, 19-8-9
Australian Gold, 100 touch	,, 19-7-6
Bombay Bar Gold, 100 touch	,, 19-8
Pekin Gold Bars	,, 19-2

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steamer Kepler, 1,205 tons, Captain T. Beagle sailed yesterday for Antwerp, with a genera cargo.

THE steamer Hartlepool, 1,131 tons, Captain J. Parker, sailed yesterday for Genoa and Marseilles, with a general cargo.

THE steamer Arrow, 130 tons, Nacoda, arrived in harbour on the 29th ultimo, from Coast and Cutch, with 3 horses, Mr. Joomabhoy Laljee and 221 deck passengers. She will sail to-day for the same ports, with a general cargo and 75 deck passengers.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Africa, 1,317 tons, Captain C. C. Thomson, sailed yesterday for Coast and Calcutta, with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Mr. McCorkell, Mr. Fleet, Lieut. Birdwood, Mr. J. Ghosal, Lieut. and Mrs. O' Donnell, Captain R. Atkinson, Mr. F. O. Stephens, Mr. A. Hermann, four second class and 31 deck.

ARRIVALS.

Nov.	Vessels.	Commander.	From
29	Arrow (s)	Nacoda	Cutch, Nov. 27.
30	Rome (s)	Cates	London, Nov. 1.
	I. G. Dagmar (s)	Cuthert	Kurrachee, Nov. 26.
	I. G. Czarwitch	Hatham	Kurrachee, Nov. 26.

DEPARTURE.

Nov.	Vessels.	Commander	Destination.
30	Kepler (s)	Beagle	Antwerp.
	Hartlepool (s)	Parker	Marseilles, &c.
	Africa (s)	Thomson	Calcutta.

The following vessels obtained their port clearance yesterday :—
Steamer China, Dodero, to Genoa.
Steamer Arrow, Nacoda, to Cutch.

The following vessels were entered for loading yesterday :—
Steamer Lancaster, to Dunkirk.
Steamer Iris, to Hull.

DAILY IMPORTS.—NOVEMBER 29.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Clan Graham (s)—49 cases linseed oil, Hassumally Lallmeya; 6 cases umbrellas, Jooma Sailay Mahamed; 1,063 bundles sheet iron, Abdoolrehman Sailaymahamed; 15 cases varnish and 140 kegs white lead, N. Surufally and Co; 75 boxes bar soap, Abdoolaly Ismail Adum.

Bretton Hall (s)—2 cases umbrallas, Esmalljee Mahamedaily; 6 cases umbrellas, Jooma Sailay Mahamed; 120 cases medicines, Essoofaily Heptoola; 347 pigs lead and 25 cases copper sheets, Edward Bates and Co.

FROM GLASGOW.

California (s)—4 packages whiskey, Treacher and Co.

FROM LONDON.

Sutlej (s)—5 cases medicines, Gulamally Jewanjee.
Mirzapore (s)—11 kegs shots, Treacher and Co.

FROM MARSEILLES.

Venetia (s)—30 barrels fresh grapes, F. Rubattino S. N. Co 70 barrels fresh grapes, M. Mondolfo and Co.

FROM TRIESTE.

Helios (s)—9 cases paper, C. Macdonald and Co; 4 cases pictures, Jamasjee and Co; 5 cases clocks, C. Marcks and Co.

FROM PORT SAID.

Helios (s)—6 packages liquer, Thomson and Taylor.

DAILY EXPORTS.—NOVEMBER 28.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

British King (s)—7½ cwts bones, Currimbhoy Nanjee; 15 cwts coir yarn, Culianjee Nursey.
Clan Ranald (s)—2,181 cwts wheat, P. Chrystal and Co; 161 bales cotton, Mohamad Ramgopal; 800 cwts wheat, Laljee Poonsey and Co; 1,000 cwts linseed, Mackinlay, Simpson and Co; 36 cases peacock feathers, Curselje Soraljee; 43 bales wool, Jewandass Premjee; 1,280 cwts wheat, Wallace and Co; 42 bales rags and 15 bales cotton picking, Mackinlay Simpson and Co; 87 bales wool, Gussey Keswjee; 4,853 cwts linseed, P. Chrystal and Co; 10 bales hides, Khalfanbhoy Damany.
California (s)—59 bales cotton, J. C. Bushby and Co; 46 bales cotton, Khivraj Goverchund; 109 bales cotton, Chuttoorbhoy Ruttonsey; 25 bales cotton, Runchordass Laljee; 42 bales cotton, Sewjee Murrunsey; 42 bales cotton, Soorjee Jewandass; 35 bales wool, Goculdass Toolseedass; 40 bales wool, Pirjee Khan Mahamed; 21 bales wool, Meraly Ganjee; 55 bales wool, Jairam Sewjee; 52 bales wool, Nanjee Bhanjee; 4,000 cwts linseed, Killick Nixon and Co; 500 cwts coir yarn, Laljee Poonsey and Co; 700 cwts bones, Feerbhoy Damjee; 320 cwts wheat, Dowjee Bhanjee; 150 bales cotton, Raili Brothers; 250 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co; 50 bales wool, Rika Khooshali; 100 bales cotton, Thos. H. Moore and Co; 525 cwts linseed, Finlay, Muir and Co; 120 cwts coir yarn, Veerjee Peraj; 172 cwts coir yarn, C. Khetsee and Co; 220 cwts bones, Edward Bates and Co; 100 bales cotton, Chutoorbhoy Ruttonsey; 1,362 cwts myraboliams, Dhunjeebhoy Ruttonsee; 32 bales wool, Kalchordass Prajjee; 100 bales cotton, Thos. H. Moore and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Goa (s)—8 bales hides, Bundally Esmail; 9 bales hides, Sajunbhoy Datoo; 62 cwts aloes Socotra, Ruzubally Aliyraza; 6 bales hides, Heerjeebhoy Jamal; 10 bales hides and skins, Bundally Esmail; 20 bales hides, Pestonjee Eduljee.

FOR ANTWERP.

Kepler (s)—7,035 cwts rapeseed, L. Singer and Co; 2,475 cwts rapeseed, Killick Nixon and Co.
Hampshire (s)—6,000 cwts rapeseed, Lang Moir and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Hartlepool (s)—501 cwts gingellyseed, Peel, Cassels and Co; 2,400 cwts wheat, P. Chrystal and Co.
Cochin (s)—9,000 cwts wheat, Haili Brothers; 2,000 cwts wheat and 3,000 cwts gingelly seed, L. Singer and Co; 12 pots rosa oil, H. M. E. A. M. Jaffer.
China (s)—830 cwts wheat and 1,191 cwts gingellyseed, Lang Moir and Co.
Rhodora (s)—2,834½ cwts gingellyseed, Lang Moir and Co; 2,903 cwts wheat, L. Singer and Co; 150 cwts coir yarn, Purshotam Dhanjee.
Cáscapedia (s)—20,000 cwts wheat and 4,821 cwts mowra flowers, Raili Brothers.

FOR TRIESTE.

Kashgar (s)—150 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers.

FOR VENICE.

Kashgar (s)—155 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers; 130 bales cotton, E. Spinner and Co; 1,401 cwts castorseed, R. Lupi Co.

FOR GENOA.

Hartlepool (s)—1,350 cwts gingellyseed, Killick, Nixon and Co.

FOR BOSTON.

California (s)—87 cwts chillee, M. Moka.

FOR CALCUTTA.

Africa (s)—58 bales cotton, Ramjeedass Luckmedass.

FOR KOBE.

Helios (s)—30 bales twist, the Alliance Mill.

FOR HONGKONG.

Helios (s)—12 bales twist, Dadabhoy Hirajee; 76 bales cotton, Samuthmull Sovaldass; 17 bales cotton, Kushoorchund Rakhoolal; 65 bales cotton, V. Gopaldass; 30 bales cotton, Tillumull Chimondass; 45 bales cotton, Khetseedass; Hurmookroy.
Plainmiller (s)—42 bales cotton, Jan Mahamed Noor Mahamed; 55 bales cotton, Hurmukroy Govindram; 74 bales twist, Ebram Noordin and Co; 100 bales twist, the Parell S. and W. Co; 100 bales twist, the Nerunda S. and W. Co; 50 bales twist, Finlay Muir and Co; 50 bales twist, B. Sorabjee; 45 bales twist, Runchordass Purshotam; 32 bales twist, Tyeb Hajee Joonus; 374 cwts cloves, Hemraj Khimjee; 37½ cwts cloves and 14 cwts G. horn, Khai Hemany; 550 cwts raisin, G. M. Cassomally; 262 cwts raisin, Lunchordass Chimilail; 2 cases gold stones and 15 cases curry powder, Runchordass; Chconilail; 350 cwts oilbaunm and 61 cwts cloves, Yue Lun Ching; 374 cwts sandlewood, J. Kika; 25 bales twist, W. and A. Graham and Co; 108 cwts raisins, Mahamedally Nujmoodin; 75 bales twist, Thakersee Mooljee.

NOVEMBER 29.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Clan Ranald (s)—303 cwts goat hair, Morarjee Visram, 270 cwts rapeseed, 200 cwts wheat, Carsetjee Burjorjee; 230 cwts wheat, Hoorjee Govingjee; 200 cwts wheat, Cursetjee Nathoobhoy and Co; 1049½ cwts linseed 42 bales rags and 15 bales cotton, Mackinlay Simpson and Co; 100 bales rags, D. Rustomjee and Co; 31 bales wool, Mahamedbhoy Abdoola and Co; 50 bales wool, Esmail Gangjee and Co; 16 bales wool, Narronjee Mooljee; 527½ coir yarn, Hoysey Hoysey Amerchund; 2,000 cwts wheat, P. Chrystal and Co; 80 bales wool, Futhoo Lallee; 23 bags oildindian rubber and 67 bags rags, Thos. Sugdon; 200 cwts myrabolams, Jairam Dayrall; 85 bales wool, Jamal Ladoo; 100 bales cotton, Killick Nixon and Co; 85 bales cotton, Girdhurlall Futtychund; 75 bales cotton, Lalchund Ramdyal.
California (s)—153 cwts myrabolams, Goculdass Jaithanee; 93 bales hemp, Vassonji Veerjee; 660 cwts linseed and 70 bales cotton, Killick, Nixon and Co; 109 bales cotton, Vassonjee Shamjee; 10 bales cotton, Lang Moir and Co; 50 bales cotton, J. C. Buhby and Co; 90 cwts coir yarn, Lodowjee Yuludass; 50 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Kashgar (s)—13 boxes indigo, Volkart Brothers.
Goa (s)—6 bales hides, Rumtoola Datoo; 15 cases peacock-feathers, M. H. Sulleman.

FOR NEW YORK.

California (s)—30 cwts chillies, C. H. B. Forbes and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Kepler (s)—3,526½ cwts rapeseed, Killick Nixon and Co; 1,000 cwts. popeyseed, A. Blascheck and Co.

FOR MALTA.

Clan Ranald (s)—2,000 cwts wheat, M. Spiteri and Co.

FOR PORT SAID.

Huttan (s)—23,700 cwts linseed, Lang Moir and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Kashgar (s)—2 boxes indigo, Volkart Brothers; 200 bales cotton, J. C. Bushby and Co.; 500 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co; 10 bales cotton, Thos. H. Moore and Co; 500 bales cotton, Peel Cassels and Co.

FOR VENICE.

Kashgar (s)—5 cases indigo, Ewart Latham and Co; 4 cases indigo, Raili Brothers; 22 boxes indigo, Volkart Brothers; 330 bales cotton, Geo. Lockhart and Co; 266 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Hartlepool (s)—1,000 cwts wheat, P. Chrystal and Co.
Cochin (s)—4,800 cwts. wheat, Lang Moir and Co; 125 cwts. mowra seed, F. Sanquet and Co; 2,000 cwts. wheat, L. Singer and Co.
Rhodora (s)—210 cwts. wheat, F. Masotti and Co; 6,400 cwts. wheat, Dewjee Bhanjee; 1,200 cwt. wheat, L. Singer and Co; 800 cwts. wheat, P. Chrystal and Co; 800 cwts. wheat, Trybjee and Co.
Kashgar (s)—6 boxes indigo, Volkart Brothers.

FOR GENOA.

Hartlepool (s)—565¼ cwts. gingellyseed, R. Lupi and Co; 1,995½ cwts. gingelly seed, Peel Cassels and Co.

FOR SUEZ.

Kashgar (s)—450 cwts. coffee, Mahamed Ally Ebrahim.

FOR GIBRALTAR.

Hampshire (s)—1,000 cwts. wheat, Lang Moir and Co.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Helios (s)—75 bales twist, Framjee Rustomjee Papa.

FOR HONGKONG.

Helios (s)—75 bales twist, Doongessey Gangjee; 30 bales twist, Sriram Sewdutray; 15 bales twist, Framjee Rustomjee Papa; 50 bales twist, F. P. Mehta; 10 bales twist and 1 case cochineal Cayemally Tyabally son; 22 bales cotton, N. Thakersdass; 173 bales cotton, Dewamull Suchamud; 175 bales cotton, Devamull Suchanund.
Plainmiller (s)—33½ cwts. cloves and 87½ cwts. oilbanum, M. M. Abdool Cadur; 30 cwts. cloves, Fazull Merally Rahimbhoy; 600 bales twist, C. Fazulbhoy; 50 bales twist, Runchordass Choonilal; 40 bales twist, Jessing Lowjee; 50 bales twist, R. Dadabhoy; 75 bales twist, Jadowjee Doongersey; 22 bales twist, B. Sorabjee; 65 cwts. oilbanum, Cassim Jaitha; 340 cwts. red raisins and 87½ cwts. bedellum, Cama Ramjee; 2 cases cochineal, Yue Lung Ching; 35 bales twist, R. Dadabhoy; 47 bales cotton, Rahimbhoy Ismail.

FOR CALCUTTA.

Africa (s)—103 bales cotton, Ramjeedass Luckmidass.

HIGH COURT.—DECEMBER 1.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice BAYLEY.)
Suits for hearing and final disposal.
Long Causes.

487-79—Macfarlane and E.—Motivow and others vs. Cassiba.—Jefferson B. and D.—Part heard.
512-80—Cleveland L. and N.—Kessowjee Jadowjee vs Vussonjee Hurridas and others.—M. and B., B. and B.
562-80—Cleveland L. and N.—Kessowjee Jadowjee and another vs Vussonjee Hurridass and others—M. and B., B. and B.
28-79—Muljee and B.—The Hon'ble John Marriott vs Memon Husson Meya Rahimtoola and othres—Tobin and R., and M. and E.
350-81—M. M. Munshi—Odhowjee Hurjeewan and another vs Lukhman Jetha and others—Crawford and B.
339-80—Pestonjee K.—Buchoobai and others vs Cooverbai and others—Shapurjee and T.
479-81—Balkrishna and B.—Tikaram Baldeo vs Devi Puran —Nanu and H.
22 581—Tyabje and D.—Balmookund Dolutram vs Chaitram Kaliram and others—In person.
474-81—Pestonjee K.—Vasuntram Bhicardass vs Lalla Motiram and others—Chandoorkar M.
471-81—Balkrushna and B.—Samuldas Nursidasss vs Tapidass Vurujdass and another—Shapurjee and T., and P., and W.
3 -82—Tyabjee and D.—Moolchund Runsordass vs Chotalal Hurlochund—Smith and F.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice SCOTT).
For Judgment.

4-80—Prescot and W.—R. P. Harding vs E Rammell—Chalk and W.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.
Long Causes.

62-81—H. Cleveland—Bhottibai vs Sallaybhoy Heptoola and another—Nanu and H.
520-80—Janardhen and H.—Morarjee Punja vs Cooverjee Lalloo and another—Hart C. and B.
371-81—Tyabjee and D.—Gordhundass Waljee vs Ruttonsey Waljee—Shamrao and P.
205-81—M. H. Khan, for Prince Fatima Sultan Begum vs Nanibai and other In person.
5-82—Moreshwar L.—Goolbai vs Begabai and another—In person.
531-81—M. H. Khan—Himan Gunesh and others vs Jania Metha and others—Janardhen and H., and In person.
19-82—Shamrao P.—Sokar Bapujee vs Sada Krashna.
307-81—Smith and F.—Sha. Waljee Natha vs Lalljee Kessowjee and another—Macfarlane and E.
677-79—Tobin and R.—For pauper—Dayaram Ramdass vs Jeykissondass Purshotumdass Pestonjee K.
26-82—Prescot and W.—A. Buchanan and others vs Ebrahim Lutiff.
99-76—A. F. Turner—Ashabai and others vs Chowakara Killote Kooty and &c. Tobin and R., and B. and B.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—NOVEMBER 30.

White, Surg. Major, on duty, from Aden.
McDermott, Dy. Asst. Comy., P. W. D., from leave, from England.
Rowband, Col., Bengal Comt., from leave from England.
Griffiths, Lieut.-Col., 3rd Sikh, from leave, from England.
Cockell, Surg. Major, from leave, from England.
Salamun, Surg. Major, from leave, from England.
Scott, Major, Bombay Political Dept., from leave, from England.
Scott, Captain, R. A., from leave, from England.
Heaviside, Major, R. E., from leave, from England.
Sanderson, Brigade Surg., from leave, from England.
Busteed, Surg. Major, on retirement, from Jubbulpore.

DEPARTURES.—NOVEMBER 30.

Atkinson, Captain, Hampshire, from leave, to Cannanore.
McPherson, Lieut.-Col., Leicestershire, on duty, to Jubbulpore.
O'Donnell, Lieut., 3rd Bombay N. L. I., on duty, to Belgaum.
Rowband, Col., Bengal Comt., from leave, to Mean Meer.
Scott, Captain, R. A., on duty, to Ishapore.
Darwin, Captain, Durham L. I., on duty, to Meerut.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS

By Lieut.-Col. Comdt. W. S. HEWETT, B. V. R. C.
Bombay, November 30.

It is notified for information that the Western India Rifle Association local meeting at Coorla will take places on the 2nd, 4th, 5th and 6th of December, 1882, instead of the dates formerly settled on.

There will be Company Drill for C and E Companies at the Oval daily at 6-30 a. m. (Bombay time. White uniform, helmets, arms and accoutrements to be worn.

The range at Coorla will be reserved for the Western India Rifle Association Local meeting from the 2nd to 6th December inclusive.

C. Company will commence position drill on Monday next, the 4th December, morning and evening, at the Oval near the Bandstand at 6-30 a.m. and 5 p. m. (Bombay time).

The following Member having joined is taken on the strength of the corps from this date and posted to B. Company, viz :—Vol. F. Braham.

The Regiment will parade under the Adjutant on Saturday, the 2nd December, Fall in at the Town Hall at 4-30 p. m. sharp (Bombay times.) Red uniform with arms, accoutrements and helmet to be worn. Members who are at the tram terminus at Byculla, Grant-road, Girgaum, and Colaba at 4. p. m. and all those met on the road will be provided with tickets. Members who defray their own tram expenses can have the amount refunded by applying for the same after parade. Company and Battalion Drill will be practised. In Company Drill Section 1 to 6 of part 2 of the field exercise will be practised and in Battalion Exercise part III Sections 1 to 4. All Members are requested to read up these Sections before coming on parade.

By order,
A. W. PROUDFOOT,
Capt. and Adjt., B. V. R. C.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

(Compiled for despatch by the Weekly Mail Europe.)

Price—As. 4 per Copy.

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Freight Report, &c.
Summary of Cotton Exports during the Week.
Imports and Exports of Bullion.
Quotations of Imports and Exports, and Customs' Duties.
Comparative Summaries of Exports from Bombay, up to date or Shipping Manifests, with the total Exports for the month, and for the same period as far back as 1870 and 1878 respectively.
Comparative Summaries of Imports of Piece Goods and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain up to date, with the total for the month and the same period as far back as 1870 and 1878 respectively.
Share List and Rates of Exchange.
List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, arrivals and departures of Vessels during the week, and Vessels expected from Out and Home Ports.
Charters and Engagements.

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DR. C. F. KHORY

(LICENTIATE OF DENTAL SURGERY OF THE ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS OF ENGLAND, 1873).
No. 23, RAMPART ROW,
opposite the Floral Fountain, next to *Bombay Gazette* Office

DEFECTIVE OR FAILING SIGHT.

THE sense of sight is so valuable that the importance of perfect and carefully adjusted spectacles can scarcely be overrated; although the wearing of single eye-glasses should be strictly avoided, we have the highest medical authority, confirmed by daily experience, that imperfect glasses, together with the haphazard plan of selection generally employed, are frequent causes of irremediable injury to the sight; and as no present economy can compensate for such a loss, it behoves all to be cautious how they are tempted to use the common pebble or glass spectacles now so generally sold.

For the guidance of those who are using pebble spectacles, it may be stated that when the pebbles are cut *against* the grain, and not polished on the principle which has been universally declared the most appropriate, based on scientific research, they are injurious to the sight.

Unadvisable as the unnecessary wearing of spectacles undoubtedly is, the common notion that their use should be postponed to the utmost is proved beyond dispute

TELEGRAMS.

THE VICEROY'S TOUR.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

LUCKNOW, Dec. 1, 0-40 A.M.

The Oudh Talukdars feted the Viceroy-to-night in the Kaisar Bagh, which was magnificently illuminated. The outlines of all the buildings were picked out with oil lamps, and the approaches festooned with the same. The effect was beautiful. The Barra Darri was a blaze of light inside, where all assembled to the number of 600 to receive the Viceroy. His Excellency arrived at eleven o'clock, when there was a fine display of fireworks. The Viceroy was evidently very pleased with the affair.

COLONEL BRINE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, Nov. 30.

The *Rangoon Times'* Mandalay correspondent says that Colonel Brine, R. E., has arrived in that city.

HYDERABAD RACES.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

HYDERABAD, Nov. 30.

SECOND DAY.

MERCHANTS' PURSE.

Wentworth ..... w o

DESERT STAKES HANDICAP.

For all Arabs. Distance 1 mile. Rs. 500 from the fund. Starting stake Rs. 30.

Grey Warrior	1
Lachin	2
Rosymorn	3

Seven ran. Won cleverly by a length.—Time, 1m. 55s.

NIZAM'S GOLD CUP.

Doctor	1
Euphrates	2
Khusroo	3
Young Behram	0

Nine ran. Won cleverly by two lengths.—Time, 3m. 56s.

PONY CUP.

Grey Knight	1
Roostum and Index a dead heat for second place.	

—Time 58m.

SURROONGUER STAKES.

Distance 1 mile.

At Last	1
Maid of Orleans	2
The Baron	3

Six ran. Won cleverly in 1m. 55s.

BEDOUIN STAKES.

Shere Ali	1
Young Revenge	2
The Earl	3
Baltic	0

Won by a half-length in 1m. 54½s.

The rain held off during the races, but the course was heavy. There was a large attendance.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE RUSSIANS IN CENTRAL ASIA.

LONDON, Nov. 29.

Sir Charles Dilke, replying to a question in the House of Commons last night, said that Russian troops had advanced as far as Gawors, situated between Asterabad and Baba Urma, and that Russian cavalry had traversed from Atak to Deregez. Sir Charles said it is not believed that Russian troops have reached Merve.

THE LATE MURDERS IN DUBLIN.

A Proclamation has been issued enforcing the "Curfew" Clause of the Coercion Act in Dublin.

A reward of £5,000 has been offered for the capture of the murderers of the juryman in the Walsh trial.

FRANCE AND MADAGASCAR.

Earl Granville, replying to a deputation yesterday, said that he was unaware of the existence of any treaty conceding to the French Government a protectorate over Madagascar.

THE NATIVE INDIAN OFFICERS IN ENGLAND.

The native Indian officers leave England to-day for Bombay.

THE TRIAL OF ARABI.

CAIRO, Nov. 28.

Earl Dufferin has advised the Egyptian Government to drop the charges against Arabi in connection with the massacres and burnings at Alexandria.

THE BRITISH TROOPS IN EGYPT.

LONDON, NOV. 30.

The latest advices from Cairo state that the health of the British troops is improving.

Sir A. D. Hayter, one of the Junior Lords of the Treasury, replying to a question in the House of Commons last night, said that the officers of the British army of occupation in Egypt will receive a daily extra allowance of three shillings, which will be chargeable to the Egyptian Government.

THE PROROGATION OF PARLIAMENT.

It is expected that the prorogation of Parliament will be delayed owing to the protracted nature of the debates in the Grand Committees on the Procedure Bill.

DECORATION OF THE SICK AND WOUNDED BY THE QUEEN.

Her Majesty the Queen yesterday decorated the sick and wounded soldiers recently arrived from Egypt.

THE BISHOP OF OXFORD.

The Bishop of Oxford is very ill.

THE S. S. MALWA.

The Malwa has gone into dry dock at Suez.

APPOINTMENTS OF GOVERNORS.

Admiral Sir George Bowen, Governor of the Mauritius, has been appointed Governor of Hongkong, and Sir Pope Hennessy Governor of the Mauritius.

ENLARGEMENT OF THE SUEZ CANAL.

M. de Lesseps has declared that the Suez Canal Company intends spending thirty millions of francs in widening and deepening the Canal, enabling the annual tonnage to be raised to six millions.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

SUEZ, Nov. 29.

The P. and O. Company's steamer Surat arrived here from Bombay this morning.

The P. and O. Company's steamer Nizam arrived at Suez from Colombo this morning.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Scotsman, outward bound for Kurrachee, Bombay, and Malabar Coast, left here on the evening of the 28th instant.

ADEN, Nov. 29.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Canara, homeward bound from Kurrachee, Bombay, and Malabar Coast, left here on the evening of the 28th instant.

COLOMBO, Nov. 29.

The Austro-Hungarian Lloyd's S. N. Company's steamer Pandora, from Hongkong, left here for Bombay this evening.

LONDON, Nov. 29.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed quieter. Surats unchanged.

The London Cotton market has been flat.

Fair Dholleras	4

The Manchester market has been quiet.

4 per cent. Rupee Paper	81 noml.
4½ per cent. do.	85½
3 per cent. Consols for account	102
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	100⅔
5 per cent. French Rentes	114⅔
Bar Silver	51
Arrival—Edwin.	
Departure—Sicily.	

ACH GOTT! Herr Bandmann has taken his revenge upon us! Let our readers look at the advertisement which is printed in our own columns this morning.

RAO SAHEB MANDLIK'S tenure of his seat in the Legislative Council having expired, he is re-appointed by notification in yesterday's *Bombay Government Gazette*.

THE ratepayers' general election of thirty-two members of the Bombay Municipal Corporation for the term of three years commencing from April 1, 1883, has been fixed for the 22nd January.

THE regulations for the examination of candidates for the Civil Service of India, to be held in June, 1883, are published in yesterday's *Government Gazette*.

DR. BLANEY'S second lecture on "Our new sewerage system; its success or failure" is to be delivered at the Framjee Cowasjee Institute to-morrow.

THE Army Sanitary Commission in reviewing the Municipal Report for 1880, remark on the drainage question, which is just now being agitated by Dr. Blaney. The Commission considers that the drainage of the entire city must be completed in connection with its water-supply before better health can be expected."

THE learned Hindu lady Pundita Ramabai is to lecture this evening, in the Hindee language, on Female Education in India. The lecture will be delivered at the Framjee Cowasjee Institute, at 5 p.m. The Hon'ble L. R. Ashburner, C. S. I, will preside.

THE Secretary of State is alarmed for the safety of the Tulsi lake. In a despatch to the Governor of Bombay, dated 19th October, covering a memorandum of the Army Sanitary Commission on the Report of the Bombay Municipality for 1880, Lord Hartington writes:—"It is with much surprise that I learn from this Report that the dams of the Tulsi lake have been raised by 6 feet, and that it was in contemplation to raise them by 4 feet more. The letter of Mr. Russell Aitken forwarded with my Public Works despatch, No. 14, of 11th May, 1882, as well as the criticism of the late Mr. T. Ormiston on the original project for the Tulsi lake, show that the dam on the ridge which divides the Tulsi from the Vehar lake was considered by some authorities as a source of danger, even with the comparatively small head of water contemplated in the original design. That danger must be greatly increased by an increase to the head of water, particularly if the dams have not been strengthened in proportion to their increased height, and even the most remote prospect of a total failure of the Bombay water-supply is too serious to be contemplated without the gravest anxiety. I shall be glad to receive, as early as possible, a full account of the details of the alterations in the original design of the lake carried out or contemplated, and of the result of the inquiry into their advisability which your Excellency doubtless ordered before sanctioning them."

FROM the latest Bombay Season Reports, for the week ended on the 28th Nov., it appears that the locust plague has almost completely left the Presidency. The only mention made of the pest is that "locusts have disappeared" from Ahmednagur, and are disappearing from Sattara. Generally, crop prospects are good, rabi having benefited in some districts by recent rain. In Kaladgi and Belgaum rain is wanted for the young crops. Cotton is being picked in Hyderabad (Sind), Khandesh, and Dharwar, and the crop in the latter district is pronounced a good one. Thirty-three deaths from cholera in Dharwar and twelve in Belgaum are reported. In Kaladgi and Baroda, also, "slight cholera" is reported.

WE are informed that the Kolhapore Durbar and the Chiefs of the Southern Maratha Country have contributed handsomely towards the getting up of a horse and cattle show next February. The show is to be held at Chinchli, on the banks of the Krishna, in connection with the annual cattle fair.

SIR LEPEL GRIFFIN, Agent to the Governor-General for Central India, arrived at Morar on the afternoon of the 26th instant, and was received at the Morar railway station with the usual honours. The Morar Club gave him a ball on Monday evening. He remains to see the Commander-in-Chief on the 2nd December, and starts on his tour through Central India on the 3rd.

A SIBI telegram to the *Pioneer* says Sir Robert Sandeman arrived at Sibi on the evening of the 24th November and received a very enthusiastic welcome from the Chiefs and people of Beluchistan, who were assembled in large numbers to meet him. "He was met at the railway station by the Political Agent, Mr. R. J. Bruce, Mr. H. S. Barnes, and chief native officials, accompanied by Sarawun and Jalawan chieftains and Sirdars of Murree and other Belooch tribes. The Khan of Kelat's officials were also present, and a telegram was received from His Highness expressing his satisfaction at Sir Robert Sandeman's return to his country. The town of Sibi was illuminated. The Pathan headmen of Pishin, Thul Chotiali, and Hurnai were present, and were as eager as their neighbours the Beloochs to manifest their attachment to Sir Robert, to whom they feel themselves indebted for having relieved their country from the state of anarchy in which it had remained involved for the last two generations. The Commander-in-Chief, Sir Donald Stewart, arrived in Sibi on the 23rd, and in the evening there was a display of fireworks."

THE desire for tramways is rapidly spreading in Bengal, and numerous applications for their construction or encouragement are being received at the Bengal Office. One of these is for a tramway from Howrah to Ampta, a village on the Damuda river, twenty-two miles distant. Figures have been prepared to show that such a line would pay, and a Calcutta paper believes it is under the consideration of the local Government.

THE *Pioneer*, writing of the needs of Cawnpore, says that it is the commercial capital of the North-West, and, except for the Presidency towns, the centre of more useful enterprize than any town in India. Yet its special wants and aptitudes receive no official recognition. The sad skeleton of a Town Hall and an uncompleted gunge, bearing the name of a departed satrap, who never gave a second thought to either, testify to the fact that the empty form of marking the importance of the place was once grudgingly consented to. But it will remain for Sir Alfred Lyall to bring the local administration into greater harmony with local conditions and with the new creed of private enterprize of which he is an enlightened disciple.

THE Prince of Wales has consented to lay the memorial-stone of the Indian Institute in the University of Oxford early in next year, but the date is not yet fixed. A statement of the progress and prospects of the institute has recently been circulated in the University by the Boden Professor of Sanskrit. The subscriptions now amount to more than £22,000. The best site in the city, close to the Bodleian Library, has been purchased from the Warden and Fellows of Merton College. During the summer vacation six old houses were pulled down and the foundations of the new structure successfully excavated. Only half the site will be built upon till more money is subscribed, but the building is now in process of erection from designs by Mr. Basil Champneys. It will contain several lecture-rooms, a fireproof library with five oriel windows looking down Broadstreet, a small typical Indian museum, and every appliance for promoting systematic and combined action in the prosecution of Indian studies.

THE *Times'* correspondent at Cairo telegraphed on November 5:—An extraordinary misapprehension appears to exist in England as regards Baker Pasha's army scheme. The whole basis is that the army should be Egyptian. With few exceptions, all soldiers, corporals, sergeants, lieutenants, and captains would be taken from the native fellah class, with about 70 superior English officers and 70 non-English, some of whom will be Egyptian. No foreigners have been recruited for the gendarmerie, which will be composed of selected Egyptians, with two English instructors, Colonels Baker and Synge. The enrolment of foreigners has not been for the gendarmerie, but for the local police, which does not come under Baker Pasha.

NOTHING is yet known as to who is to get Lord Beaconsfield's garter. More than eighteen months have passed since his death, and it is fifteen months since the insignia were delivered up to the Queen by Mr. Ralph Disraeli, but the stall still remains unfilled. *Truth* remarks that the delay which has taken place "is as wholly without precedent as is utterly inexplicable," and suggests that it should be offered to Mr. Gladstone.

THE old scriptural proverb about the prophet being without honour in his own country, it appears, applies to generals as well as to prophets. "At a meeting of Liberal burgesses in Dublin, on Nov. 9, a proposal to confer the freedom of the city on Sir Garnet Wolseley was strongly condemned. One speaker said that if things came to a crisis in Ireland they would probably have some of Sir Garnet's campaigning exploits along the canal and a Tel-el-Kebir outside the city. Sir Garnet was described by another as 'an Egyptian butcher.'"

SAYS the *Army and Navy Gazette*:—The Duke of Connaught would be amused if he saw the controversy between "Edmund," "Henry," and others respecting the command he is to have in England on his return. His Royal Highness believes he is to have a command in India, and is indeed quite sure on that point; but it is not settled, perhaps, which station he will select, or when he will go out. Heat suits him well, and there are attractions in Indian service which would enable the Duke to bear any of the inconveniences to which it at intervals exposes Europeans. He suffered from a bilious attack during his recent excursion to Thebes, but generally His Royal Highness has enjoyed better health than most of the officers who served with him have done.

IT is a sad story about the health of our troops in Egypt, says the *St. James's Gazette*. According to all accounts, sickness is increasing amongst them at an alarming rate. At one hospital, but that the largest, "the fresh admissions average forty a day, and the vacancies created by death, invaliding home, and discharges are more than filled up." Intermittent fever, dysentery, and typhoid are the greatest scourges amongst men, while the horses are suffering from an epidemic form of anthrax fever. As to the men, the long delay in providing proper accommodation for them—the majority of them remaining under canvas—accounts for much no doubt; but at this time of the year a great deal of sickness must have occurred under any circumstances.

THE still unratified Chefoo Convention was the subject of a question in the House of Commons on Nov. 9. Sir J. Pease asked the Under-Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs whether instructions had been sent to Her Majesty's representative in China authorizing him to ratify that portion of the Chefoo Convention which related to the duties on opium, in the form in which it appeared in the Convention articles of 1876; or whether any conditions had been attached to the ratification of that article of the treaty, as suggested in the despatch of the Government of India, No. 312 of 1881. Sir C. Dilke said, in reply:—Sir T. Wade has returned to this country in order to consult with Her Majesty's Government on the subject, but no decision has yet been arrived at.

MILITARY NEWS.

COL. WILLOUGHBY, Secretary to the Government of Bombay in the Military Department, goes on three months' leave from to-day.

MAJOR D. C. PEDDER, Bombay Staff Corps, retires from the service.

SURGEON-MAJOR H. V. CARTER is gazetted Brigade Surgeon in succession to Dr. Colvill, retired.

MAJOR DOVETON, Deputy Consulting Engineer for Railways, takes three months' furlough to Europe.

MAJOR C. F. THOMAS, Examiner, Commissariat Accounts, and Mr. C. J. Gray, Assistant Examiner, Fund Accounts, have been appointed to carry on the duties of Medical Examiner and Funds Examiner, respectively, until the appointment of a successor to Dr. Picthall. The last-named officer leaves for England by to-day's mail.

CAPTAIN J. F. BATTEN CHISHOLM, Army Pay Department, attached to the 2nd Battalion Cheshire Regiment, is about to proceed to Europe on twelve months' leave of absence.

CAPTAIN C. F. FULLER, Royal Engineers, on the Bengal Establishment, reverts to the British Establishment from the date of expiration of his furlough.

CAPTAIN J. K. MCCAUSLAND, 1st Battalion the King's Own Borderers, is a Probationer for the Army Pay Department, and is now undergoing instruction in the Pay Examiner's Office, Calcutta.

MAJOR A. HILL, Royal Engineers, whose tour of Indian service has expired, proceeds to England for duty.

MAJOR PRENDERGAST, late Assistant Commissioner at Lucknow, officiates as Deputy Judge-Advocate, Peshawur and Rawal Pindi Circle, *vice* Stewart, on leave.

CAPTAIN C. F. FULLER, Royal Engineers, on furlough in England, has reverted to Imperial duty.

LIEUTENANT JACOB has been appointed Adjutant of the 1st South Lancashire Regiment, *vice* Cavaye, promoted.

THE Boxer Time-fuzes manufactured in the Kirkee Factory in 1877, a contemporary says, have been condemned by order of Government on the strength of a report by the Superintendent of the Dum-Dum Factory, who has represented that, of the fuzes examined by him, 83 per cent. were made of country wood, and 17 per cent. of beechwood, while the whole of the former were "under gauge" and smaller in diameter than mark II fuzes. The Superintendent appears to have been of opinion that these fuzes ought never to have been passed into the service, because they differed from the established pattern —(1) owing to inferior and insufficient priming; (2) in not satisfying the standard for ground-burning test; and (3) because they were of inferior manufacture in the following respects, viz—*Cylinders*.—The instruction labels (both top and side) were incorrect; the top bands were made of brass instead of charcoal tin; the depth of flange was "under gauge"; the painting and varnishing were very indifferent; in uncapping, the brass stripped off, leaving the tape over the priming, which had to be picked off with the finger nails afterwards; while 5 per cent. of the bottom discs were not blown off, and the explosive force was weak in all. *Fuzes*.—Irregular grooving; powder channels not properly filled; side-holes indifferently marked; irregular boring of the composition; the metal plugs were of mark II; and, although the fuzes were marked III, they did not resemble that pattern in all points.

THE Calcutta Volunteer Rifles furnish the guard of honour at Government House, Calcutta, on the arrival of His Excellency the Viceroy, to-morrow (Saturday) evening.

A CORRESPONDENT, writing to the *Times* with reference to the condition of the Indian Contingent while engaged in the Egyptian campaign, says that none of the Contingent suffered the least in health, and for days together there was not a single man of the native corps in hospital. Every man, campfollowers and all, that landed in Egypt, embarked to go back again, except the few who were killed by the enemy. The horses and mules, too, were all right the whole time. One lot of the 6th Cavalry that only left Ismailia on the evening of the 12th were present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir on the 13th, and were in Cairo on the 14th, eighty-five miles from Ismailia, not at most a horse or man left behind. The men never missed a meal the whole time, and generally their stores, hospital, and everything, were up within an hour after they got to the end of their march.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER REPORT.

CALCUTTA, Nov. 29.—The pressure has increased over the Punjab, Rajputana, and along the west coast, but has fallen elsewhere, and most at Madras, off which station a depression is forming. The wind is north-easterly generally, but is more northerly on the Coromandel Coast, and south-westerly at Galle. The weather is cloudless in the Punjab and upper parts of the North-West Provinces, but cloudy or overcast elsewhere, and heavy rain has fallen in Madras. Rain to-day:—Coimbatore, 9 inches; Madras, 6¼ inches; Secunderabad, 1 inch; Bangalore, ⅔ inch. Previously: Cuddapah had 5 inches, Nellore 2¾ inches, and Chitaldrug 1 inch.

BOMBAY SEASON REPORTS.

THE following are the Bombay Presidency district Season Reports for the week ending 28th Nov.:—

Karachi.—River at Kotri on 23rd, 5 feet 7 inches, one inch higher than on same date last year. Fever in all talukas; cattle-disease in 2 talukas, but to no great extent. Prospects of kharif crops 1293 Fasli (*i.e.*, 1882-83 A. D.) area 1,700 acres in excess of last year; average realization 10½ annas in the rupee; deficient out-turn due to floods. Wheat, red rice and bajri in Karachi 25, 36 and 38; Manjhand 26, 36 and 56; Ghorabari 20, 44 and 44, and Sujawal 22, 36 and 46 pounds respectively.

Shikarpur.—Reaping of kharif and sowing of rabi still continue. Cattle-disease in three talukas; fever and cough slightly decreasing. Rice, wheat and jowari in Shikarpur 24, 25 and 60; Sukkur 24, 30 and 66; and Larkhana 23, 32 and 63 pounds per rupee respectively.

Hyderabad.—Threshing of kharif crops still continues; cotton picking in progress; rabi crops flourishing. Cold daily increasing. Small-pox continues in Hyderabad and Naushahro; cattle disease in 2 talukas. Fever general throughout. Wheat 25, bajri 42, jowari 46, rice red 32 and rice white 22 pounds per rupee.

Ahmedabad.—Rabi sowing continues; other crops healthy. Fever in Viramgam, Gogha and Parantij. Wheat 29 and bajri 33 pounds.

Panch Mahals.—Fever and small-pox amongst cattle abating. Rabi crops healthy, insects referred to last week have disappeared. Weather cold and cloudy. Wheat 28, bajri 37, and maize 64 pounds.

Kaira.—Rabi crops in good condition. Slight fever in Kapadvanj and Nadiad talukas. Wheat 27, bajri 31 and rice 30 pounds.

Broach.—Crops good. Jowari 36, bajri 32 and rice 23 pounds. Slight fever continues.

Surat.—Standing crops healthy. Jowari 40 and nagli 58 pounds.

Khandesh.—Weather very damp and cloudy; slight rain in many talukas. Cotton-picking in progress; rabi crops healthy. Rogue prevalent almost throughout the district; cattle-disease in three talukas. Bajri 36 pounds.

Nasik.—Weather cloudy and muggy; slight showers of rain. Wheat 25½, bajri 36 and rice 23½ pounds.

Colaba (Bombay).—Rain 3 cents on 27th and 28th. Abnormal temperature 1° cool on 22nd, 3° cool from 23rd to 25th, and then gradually rose to 10 cool on 28th. Vapour in air in defect of normum 20 cool to 26th, afterwards in excess of normal. Wind normal. Thunder and distant lightning on 28th.

Thana.—Kharif reaping nearly completed; rabi sowing in progress. Second sort rice 27 pounds. Fever throughout the district; small-pox in four cattle-disease in five talukas.

Kolaba.—(Report for the week ending 27th Nov.)—Small-pox in a few places in taluka Palaug; cattle-disease in Roha, Mangaon and Mahad talukas. Sowing of rabi crops in progress. Rice second sort 34 pounds and tur dal second sort 21 pounds and 20 tolas per rupee.

Ratnagiri.—Harik crop being reaped. Fever and cattle-disease continue in some talukas. Prices unchanged.

Poona.—Rain in all talukas, about two inches on 27th at Poona; beneficial to rabi. Bajri 44 and jowari 70 pounds per rupee. Bajri and jowari fair.

Ahmednagar.—Rain at Nagar 36 cents, Karjat 20, Shevgaon 42, Nevasa 25, Rahuri 15, Shrigonda 9 and Sangamner 8, but not in rest of the talukas, more still wanted throughout the districts. Locusts disappeared. Cholera subsided in Jamkhed taluka. Bajri maximum 66 pounds in Jamkhed, minimum 41 in Sheogaon; jowari maximum 93 lbs. in Jamkhed, minimum 44 in Akola.

Sholapur.—Rain 52 cents, total 30·60 in Sholapur, 38 cents at Madha; this timely rainfall will probably improve the crops. Jowari 65 pounds 6 tolas, and bajra 54 lbs. 60 tollas.

Satara.—Rain 10 cents., total 55·06, 24 cents in Man. Rabi and garden crops in good condition. Locusts disappearing. Public health good; slight cattle-disease in three talukas. Bajri 45·3 and jowari 52·36.

Kaladgi.—No rain throughout the district; rabi crops suffering for want of rain. Weather cloudy. Slight cholera at Badami. Jowari 98 and bajri 79 pounds.

Belgaum.—Standing crops good; reaping of kharif and sowing of rabi crops nearly completed; rain wanted for rabi crops in the talukas of Sankeshwar, Gokak, and Athni. Twelve deaths from cholera out of 15 attacked in Belgaum taluka. Jowari 67 and bajri 65 pounds.

Dharwar.—Rain in all talukas except Ranibennur and Kod, heavy in Dharwar, slight in others: beneficial to late crops. Early crops being harvested; sowing of late crops completed; cotton crop good. Slight fever in Mugud and Mundargi; cholera continues in Navalgund and Ron, 24 deaths in Navalgund and 9 in Ron; slight cattle-disease in three talukas. Rice minimum 22 and jowari 54 pounds.

Kanara.—Rain at Karwar 28 and Kumta 68 cents. Rice harvest continues in five talukas, ragi in two; preparing ground for second crop in two talukas; garden produce healthy. Fever and cattle disease in two talukas. Rice common at Karwar 11, in district average 15½ sers per rupee. Weather cloudy with light showers.

Rajkot.—Weather cold. General health good; fever decreasing. Bajri 25 and jowari 35 pounds.

Wadhwan.—Weather cold and cloudy. Fever abating. Cotton, gram and wheat good. Bajri 29 and jowari 34 pounds.

Baroda.—Harvesting of kharif in progress; sowing of rabi completed; standing crops in good conditions. Slight cholera still continues in the Amreli taluka; cattle-disease in the Kadi and Sidhpur Talukas. Bajri 32 and rice common 24½ pounds per rupee.

General Remarks.—Harvesting of kharif and sowing of rabi completed in some districts and in progress in others. Rain in the Deccan districts and in Dharwar, wanted in Kaladgi and Belgaum. Fever and cattle-disease in some Districts; slight cholera and small-pox in a few.

ENTERTAINMENT TO D COMPANY B. V. R.

CAPTAIN TENNENT, the popular captain of D Company B. V. R., gave an entertainment to his men on Wednesday evening at the Victoria Gardens. At eight o'clock the company, about 120 strong, fell in at the Byculla Club shed and marched to the gardens, which had been very prettily illuminated for the occasion. Here they were addressed by General Carnegy, who congratulated them upon turning out in such strength, and hoped that the Volunteers would soon be able to join in brigade drill with the regular troops. If all the companies turned out as D Company did, and were to arrive at a proper state of efficiency, they would be able to join in the brigade parades which he hoped would be held shortly. Captain Tennent in reply thanked General Carnegy on behalf of D Company for his attendance and for the interest he had always shown in the corps. As many of the lady friends of the Volunteers were present, a few pleasant hours were passed in dancing and flirtation. The Volunteer band supplied some capital music, and there was also a supplementary string band. There was much vigorous dancing, a profuse supply of refreshments, and a good deal of enjoyment. Among those present were Admiral Sir W. Hewett and several officers of the East Indian Squadron, General Carnegy, Major Bayley, and General Hewett. The gathering was a very successful one, and Captain Tennent may be congratulated on the result of his endeavours to give his company a thoroughly enjoyable time.

THE SEAMEN'S CHURCH FUND.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I shall esteem it a great favour if you will kindly find room for this letter in your widely-read columns, as it is an appeal to the general public to contribute their mite towards the Seamen's Church, shortly to be erected in the vicinity of the Prince's Dock, the first foundation-stone of which, it is hoped, will be laid by His Excellency the Governor, who has been invited by the Committee for the purpose. This being the case, all those who are interested in the welfare of our sailors are earnestly entreated to contribute towards the fund needed to complete the church, plans of which are being prepared by Mr. H. Bedford, C. E. The estimated cost of the structure is Rs. 15,500. Though half of this sum has not yet been collected, still so anxious is the wish of many of the value of Rs. 150, has been awarded Ibrahim to have a church in this neighbourhood, that the Shaik Daud Ahmadi, and the Merwanjee Framjee Committee have determined to commence the work with the funds in hand, about Rs. 6,500, and to get a personal guarantee from three members of the Committee to the extent of Rs. 1,000 each, to be liquidated if the sums required are not forthcoming. With these guaranteed sums and the amount in hand it is contemplated to build the chancel and transept with a complete foundation for the entire church.

The warm feeling towards our gallant seamen is well known and has often been displayed, and hence it is sincerely hoped that the lasting mark of respect and appreciation of our townsmen and fellow-countrymen in this Presidency will not stop short at half a church, but that ere the proposed portion is completed the Committee will be in sufficient funds to instruct the contractors to build up the complete edifice, and in a few months be enabled to present to this diocese a small neat and complete church specially erected for our seamen by voluntary contributions from friends and countrymen, whose sojourn in this land of sun and heat is made somewhat comfortable by reason of the many home luxuries and productions that are daily brought to this port in safety by vessels ably manned by England's hardy mariners.

Contributions may be either sent to the undersigned, or paid direct into the Bank of Bombay, to the Seamen's Church Fund account.—I have, &c.,

ALLEN RUSSELL,
Hon. Sec. and Treasurer, Building Committee.

Prince's Dock, Nov. 29.

THE following further subscriptions towards the above fund are thankfully acknowledged:—

	Rs.	as.	p.
H. E. the Governor	250	0	0
Mr. James Sheppard	100	0	0
Major C. Hay	25	0	0
Messrs. Lyon Brothers	120	0	0
Collection from Mr. Henry H. Gibbs.	120	6	0
Received by cheque on Oriental Bank	50	0	0
Do. from Messrs. G. Groom and Co.	20	0	0
Collection from—			
Capt. Orman, s. s. Poonah	102	8	0
" Grey, s. s. Topaze	35	8	0
" Hazelwood s. s. Brindisi	50	9	0
" Adamson, s. s. Surat	227	9	0
Mr. H. L. Wright, 1st Assistant Collector of Customs	276	8	0
Miss Farrell	6	0	6
Mr. Banyard	21	6	0
Collection from—			
Capt. Robbie s. s. Cathay	147	8	0
" Gannon, s. s. Rhodora	26	0	0
Mr. Moody	10	0	0
Mr. Judo	5	0	0
H. R.	10	0	0
A Friend	5	0	0
Collection from Captain Daniel, s. s. of Venetia	107	1	0
Interest on Rs. 2,000 Govt. Promissory Notes	79	12	0
Interest on Rs. 1,500 Govt. Promissory Notes	89	12	0
	Rs. 1,941	8	0
Amount previously acknowledged	4,681	9	3
Total, Rs.	6,623	1	3

GAS *vs.* ELECTRIC LIGHT.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Your correspondent "Anti-Humbug," in this day's *Gazette*, having failed to fathom the personality of "S. H. H," has a shrewd suspicion that the letter he objected to was written by one interested in gas companies "who has endeavoured, but impotently, to check the steady supereession of gas by electricity." As this points to the only person in Bombay interested in gas, I shall be glad of the opportunity of assuring "Electric Light,"—no, I mean "Anti-Humbug" that I was not the author of the letter in question and know nothing whatever about it. Beyond having a natural bias in favour of gas I am not aware that I have shown any animosity towards the electric light, and I much prefer being left out of the discussion on the merits of one or the other. No doubt there is a future in store for electricity, but as yet it has not been brought to that state of perfection to make it a rival of gas either for public or private illumination. What its future may be none can tell; but the march of science will neither be advanced or retarded by personal attacks in newspapers. It would be uncharitable to refer to some recent failures in electric lighting, and in the meantime, with a fair field and no favour, gas will no doubt hold its own in Bombay, notwithstanding "Anti-Humbug's" advice that we had better make up our mind to the inevitable.

GAS.

Nov. 29.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Town Council, 3 p.m.
Bombay Gymkhana, Ladies' afternoon.
Band, Marine Battalion, Apollo-bunder, evening.
Lecture, Framjee Cowasjee Hall, 6 p. m.
Lecture, Y. M. C. A., 8-30 p. m.
Concert, Temple Bar, 9 p.m.
Gaiety Theatre, "Patience," 9 p.m.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived on the 29th:—Arrow (s), from Cutch. Yesterday:—Rowton (s), London; I. G. S. Dagmar and I. G. S. Czarwitch, Kurrachee.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday:—Kepler (s), for Antwerp; Hartlepool (s), Marseilles, &c; Africa (s), Calcutta.

MUSIC AT THE BUNDER.—The following programme of music will be played by the band of the Marine Battalion this evening at the Apollo-bunder:—

Overture	The Caliph of Bagdad.... Boieldieu.
Duet for cornets	Ulrich.
Valse	Flower-show ..... Coote.
Grand Selection	Martha ..... Flotow.
Gavotte	Heimliche Liebe ..... Resch.
Valse	Mon Ami ..... Gassner.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s.s. Rome entered the dock yesterday.

FIFTH CRIMINAL SESSIONS.—The business of the fifth criminal sessions of the High Court, which commenced on the 20th ultimo, terminated yesterday.

THE REGENT OF KOLHAPORE.—A salute of 9 guns will be fired from the Saluting Battery to-day at 11-5 a. m. to announce the arrival of the Regent of Kolhapore.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Kurrachee per I. G. S. Patrick Stewart will be closed at the General Post Office to-morrow (Saturday, the 2nd instant) at 1-30 p. m., Madras time.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA.—In future ladies' badminton afternoons will be on Fridays instead of Thursdays. This afternoon the grass courts will be open for lawn-tennis.

A PRIZE DRAMA.—We learn that the Dakshana Prize committee have awarded a prize to Mr. Sokar Bapujee Trilokekar, interpreter High Court, for his work styled "Harischandra Natak," a melodrama on the subject of truth.

THEFT ON BOARDSHIP.—Mabrook Alhinas, a day labourer, was yesterday convicted by Mr. W. Webb of stealing five articles of bed linen, valued at Rs. 8, the property of the P. and O. steamship Rome. He was sentenced to two months' rigorous imprisonment.

SHIP TRESPASS.—Shaik Bhiccoo Shaik Baba, a calassee, was yesterday convicted by Mr. W. Webb of trespassing by night in the cabin of the 2nd officer of the P. and O. steamship Rome, with intent to commit theft. He was sentenced to six weeks' rigorous imprisonment.

THE ELECTRIC LIGHT IN THE HARBOUR.—It was inadvertently stated in these columns yesterday that a display of the electric light took place on Wednesday evening on board the B. I. S. N. Company's steamer India. The display really took place on board the Austro-Hungarian steamer Helios.

STATEMENT OF SILVER BALANCE IN THE MINT.—The value of silver in the Mint on the morning of the 30th November was Rs. 57,88,351. In addition silver received during the week, Rs. 3,53,097. New coin paid during the week, Rs. 4,31,976. The balance left was Rs. 57,04,472. There was in addition silver bullion worth Rs. 47,579 belonging to private individuals in the Mint vaults, and awaiting assay.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—A coroner's inquest was held yesterday at the J. J. Hospital, on the body of a labourer named Rugnoo Wittoo, aged thirty-five years. Deceased on the 21st instant, while endeavouring to get on a labour cart in motion, fell off, and one of the wheels passing over his left foot, crushed his toes seriously. Tetanus following the injuries, deceased died from its effects. A verdict of accidental death was recorded.

BIRTHS AND DEATHS IN BOMBAY.—The total number of deaths registered during the week ended on Tuesday, 28th November, was 415, being 16 less than in the previous week, 22 less than the week ending 29th November, 1881, and 55 less than the mean of the corresponding period in the preceding five years. During the week 332 births were reported in the different districts of the city. The rate of mortality per 1,000 of the population per annum was 28·09. There were 82 deaths from remittent fever, being 6 more than in the previous week, and 6 less than in the same period last year. The deaths from diseases of the respiratory system diarrhœa, and dysentery were last week 60, 18, and 8 respectively, as compared with 75, 32, and 14 in the same time last year.

DEATH OF MR. H. N. SAKLATWALLA.—We regret to announce the death of Mr. Hormjee Nowrojee Saklatwalla, which took place, yesterday forenoon, at his residence in Karelwaddy. Mr. Saklatwalla was the agent of the New Great Eastern Spinning and Weaving Mill, and had for some years past been a member of the Bombay Municipal Corporation. The deceased suffered for a short time from fever, which suddenly took a serious turn, notwithstanding the best exertions of Dr. V. Carter, Dr. Blaney, and Dr. Serval, who attended him. A prominent member of native society, Mr. Saklatwalla was deservedly popular with every class and section of it, for he was a gentleman of a very kindly and charitable disposition; and his loss will be mourned by a large circle of friends and relatives. The share market was closed yesterday as a token of respect for his memory. The funeral will take place this morning.

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION.—Out of twenty-nine candidates for the degree of Licentiate of Civil Engineering, the undermentioned fifteen were yesterday declared to have passed:—First class, Ibrahim Shaik Daud Ahmadi. Second class, Martand Vaman Bhawalkar and Rustomjee Hormusjee Madan. Pass, Ramchand Kishav Alekar, Manekjee Kavasji Bamji, Hari Bhikaji Bhundare, So rabje Jamshedjee Daji, Kilabhai Dulabhram Dalal, Narayan Janardan Joshi, Nowrojee Framjee Katrak, Narsingrao Krishnaya Katri, Hormusjee Jamshedjee Kotwal, Haripad Mitra, Gopal Balkrishna Rishi

SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON AND COMPANY.

SALE OF SIX MEAT VAN BULLOCKS.

On MONDAY, the 4th inst. at 8-30 a.m., Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON and Co. will sell by public auction, by orderof the Municipal Commissioner for the city of Bombay, at Bandora slaughter house, six Meat Van Bullocks.

SALE of Stock-in-Trade of Confectionery Shop, No. 36, Bellasis-road, Byculla.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 1st day of Dec., at 2 p.m., Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co. will sell by Public Auction at the above place, by order of C. A. Turner, Esq., Official Assignee H. C., and in Re Joseph Baker (an insolvent), his stock-in-trade, consisting of cakes, glass, show cases, cake stand, cupboards, ice cream carriage, moulds of sizes, iron stone and oven, salt in casks, scale, household and shop furniture, round table, sideboard, pictures, chairs, teapoys, kerosine lamps, tables, benches, brass vessels, dressing-glass, vases, wearing apparel, books, albums, punkah, &c., &c.

SALE OF LARGE STOCK OF DHOTIES IN VARIETY.

On TUESDAY, the 5th day of December, 1882, at 2 p.m., Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their sale-room, No. 4, Forbes and Meadow-streets, by order of C. A. Turner, Esq., Official Assignee H. C., in Re Thacker Ludha Gela and Thacker Rowjee Kheemjee, who lately traded under the name of Mowjee Tricumdas (insolvents).

A large stock of dhoties in variety.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO.

Bombay, 1st December, 1882.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY, 7, MARINE-STREET, BOMBAY.

SALE OF HESSIAN.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 1st December, at 4 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at Carnac Bunder, by order of Framji Kearpal and on account and at the risk of Sha Heerjee Ramjee—

50 bales hessian (Calcutta.)

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 2nd December, sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by public auction at Marine Lines, Esplanade, the valuable and handsome French-polished blackwood and teakwood plain household furniture, best plated ware, richly engraved glassware, porcelainware, a sweet-toned mahogany full grand pianoforte by Collard and Collard, a handsome strong built dogcart, a powerful grey Arab horse, sets of double and single harnesses, a gentleman's saddle, handsome flower vases, rich table ornaments, handsome oleographs, a collection of choice plants, &c., &c., the property of Lieutenant A. B. Mein, the same comprises richly engraved glassware, handsome dinner, dessert and breakfast services, best plated cruet and breakfast cruet stands, ice pitcher, hotwater and vegetable dishes, biscuit box, spoons and forks, set of fruit knives and forks, tea and coffee service, tea and butter pots, table and chamber candlesticks, table cutlery by Mappin, black wood and teakwood furniture such as a set of teakwood dining table in 4 pieces, drawing-room, pier oval, writing, lamp, folding and Madras pattern wash-hand and dressing tables, with marble tops, dining-room, drawing-room, easy, low, folding, reclining, straight, rocking, American office Madras pattern arm and without arm chairs, sideboards, chiffonier and pier tables with mirror glasses attached, whatnot, dumbwaiter, book, music, hat and toilet stands, conversation and sofa couches, chiffoniers, teapoys, lady's writing table, a sweet-toned mahogany full grand pianoforte by Collard and Collard, piano stool, screen, iron and teak wood bedsteads, clothes and cane drawn presses, wardrobe, chest of drawers, cupboard double door almirahs, dressing glasses, handsome Brussel's carpet, rich table ornaments, handsome flower vases and bronzes, clocks, table and hanging lamps, bath, dispense and cookroom furniture and copper utensils, gentleman's saddle, a collection of choice plants, India-rubber water pipes, &c., &c.

AT 2 P.M.

1 handsome strong built dogcart.
1 do powerful grey Arab horse, 7 years old.
Sets of single and double harnesses.
The property of another officer leaving Bombay—
A handsome well bred brown Australian gelding, 7 years old, broken to single and double harness, a fast Cavalry charger, which has been frequently riden by ladies.
Catalogue are ready and the property is on view.

SALE OF PLATE GLASS AND FRAMES.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 2nd December, at 3 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by public auction at their rooms, on account and at the risk of Messrs. Jamadee and Co.

S N 405-11—4 cases plate glass, ex "Inchrona."
S N 412-3 / 424-4 } —4 „ do. do. ex "Sicily."
407 / 403 } —2 „ Frames, ex "Clan Alpine."

SALE OF FIRST CLASS TEAK SQUARES AND SCANTLINGS.

On WEDNESDAY, the 6th December, at 4 p.m., Messrs CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by public auction at the undermentioned places, the following timber, to close consignment, per "Byculla" and "Amoor," in small convenient lots to suit purchasers :—

At the Kassar Basin.
75 tons first class teak squares.
At the Mazagon Darookhana.
75 tons scantlings of various sizes.

Sale of Valuable Land on the Byculla Flats near the Mahaluxmee Station, admirably adapted for building, sites, &c.

Under instructions from the Administrator General, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by public auction on the premises, on SATURDAY, the 9th day of December next, at 3 p.m. precisely, the undermentioned plots of land belonging to the estate of the late Mr. Antonio Ignacio Da Silva :—

LOT NO. 1.

A piece of ground containing by admeasurement 11,860 square yards or thereabouts, situate on the west side of Haines-road, registered under old Collector's No. 413, old survey No. 369 and new survey No. 3,495, and bounded on the east by the Haines-road, on the west by the Hindoostan Mills, on the north by the compound wall of the Hindoostan Mills, and on the south partly by the chawl of Sewjee Promjee, partly by the ground of Ragoonath Daboolkar and partly by the ground of Byramjee Jeejeebhoy, Esq.

LOT NO. 2.

A piece of ground containing by admeasurement 429 square yards or thereabouts, situate on the east side of Haines-road, registered under old Collector's No. 413, old survey No. 369 and new survey No. 3 34/53, and bounded on the east and south by a tank, on the west by the Haines-road, and on the north by the ground of Mr DeSouza.

LOT NO 3.

A piece of ground containing by admeasurement 8,253 square yards or thereabouts, situate on the west side of Haines-road, registered under old Collector's No. 414, old survey No. 373 and new survey No. 3490, and bounded on the east by the Haines-road, on the west by the Arthur-road, on the north and south by the property formerly belonging to Ragoonath Narayen Khotay, Esq., and now to Bomanjee Jeejeebhoy, Esq.

LOT NO. 4.

A piece of ground containing by admeasurement 909 square yards or thereabouts, situate on the east side of Haines-road, registered under old Collector's No. 414, old survey No. 373 and new survey No. 4 34/50, and bounded on the east by the ground of Narrayen Balajee, on the west and south by the Haines-road, and on the north by the property of Narrayen Balajee.

LOT NO. 5.

A piece of ground containing by admeasurement 1,190 square yards or thereabouts, situate on the west side of Arthur-road, registered under old Collector's No. 414, old survey No. 373 and new survey No. 2-3120, and bounded on the east and south by the Arthur-road, and on the west and north by the property formerly belonging to Ragoonath Narayen Khotay, Esq., and now to Byramjee Jeejeebhoy, Esq.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned.

Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by public auction on TUESDAY, the 12th December, at their rooms, a quantity of very valuable plated ware, &c., the property of JOHN LUMSDAINE, Esq., about to leave India. Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view on and after Wednesday, the 7th December.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 1st December, 1882.

NOTICES.

CABUL FIELD SERVICE TENTS,

WEIGHING 80 lbs., Price Rs. 75, can be had at short notice on application accompanied by remittance in full, to

The AGENT ELGIN MILLS COMPANY, CAWNPORE.

BEST INVALID'S PORT.—This wine is carefully selected and guaranteed as of excellent quality, and specially recommended for invalids and Convalescents. Per dozen Quarts, cash Rs. 28. Per dozen Pints, cash Rs. 14. Single bottle at Rs. 2-8 per do. Trial order is solicited. D. FERNANDES & Co., Dispensing and Family Chemists, Fort, Bombay.

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS indebted to, or creditors of, the estate of the late Lieutenant-General J. C. GRAVES, C. B., Bombay Cavalry, are requested to send their accounts to the undersigned within one month from this date, after which no claims will be recognized.

J. E. E. GRIFFITH, Lt.-Col., President Committee of Adjustment.

Poona, 28th November, 1882.

NOTICE

Messrs. HENRY S. KING CO., LONDON,

EXECUTE ORDERS FROM ANY CO-OPERATIVE STORE CATALOGUE,

Supplying Goods of equal quality and at the same prices. No Orders executed unless accompanied by a full Remittance.

FOR SALE.

I—REVENUE ENHANCEMENTS.

BY

W. WEDDERBURN, Bom. C. S.

PRICE EIGHT ANNAS.

May be had at this offic and at the book-sellers.

BOWACK, STEPHENS & CO.

MAZAGON IRON WORKS, BOMBAY,

ENGINEERS, MILLWRIGHTS, BOILERMAKERS.

IRON & BRASS FOUNDERS, COPPERSMITHS, &c.

WORKS

SITUATED BETWEEN WEE P. & O. AND B. I. S. N. COMPANIES' DOCKYARDS,

ADJOINING THE MAZAGON BUNDER.

WE have THIS DAY COMMENCED BUSINESS as above.

JAMES BOWACK.
THOMAS STEPHENS.

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAINKILLER.

Perry Davis & Son, Manufacturers and Proprietors, Providence, Rhode Island, U. S. A.

UNSURPASSED AS A FAMILY MEDICINE AFTER FORTY YEARS' TRIAL.

IT is a purely and carefully prepared VEGETABLE COMPOUND.

And a complete mitigator of Pain.

A capital antidote for SCORPION STINGS and SNAKE-BITES.

AS an application for BRUISES, BURNS, NEURALGIA and RHEUMATISM,

Has no equal

AS A REMEDY FOR DIARRŒA, DYSENTERY, CHOLERA,

Or any sort of Bowel Complaint, it stands alone for efficiency and rapidity of action.

Full Directions accompany each bottle.

Retailed by chemists all over the world.

Beware of Imitations exposed for sale in the Indian Bazars.

GENERAL AGENT AT BOMBAY

RUSTOMJEE HORMUSJEE HIPTOOLA, 180, 9, Fir Market near Jumma Musjid.

BANKS.

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

HEAD OFFICE—PARIS.

SUBSCRIBED and PAID-UP CAPITAL.....£3,200,000
RESERVE FUND £800,000

LONDON BANKERS:
BANK OF ENGLAND,
UNION BANK OF LONDON,
Messrs. C J. HAMBRO & SON.

LONDON OFFICE—52 THREADNEEDLE STREET E.C.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, but no interest allowed.
DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for fixed periods at rates to be obtained on application. No deposits received for less than thirty days.
LETTERS OF CREDIT payable at any of the chief commercial towns and cities of the world.
DIVIDENDS, &c., on Government Paper and other stocks received for customers without charge, if remitted home through the Bank.

CHARLES LOWELL, Manager.

1, Rampart Row, W.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA (Ld.)

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed on Current Deposit Accounts at 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balances up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest will be allowed on balances under Rs. 1,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives Money on Fixed Deposits at rates to be obtained on application.

EXCHANGE.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills payable in London, Calcutta, Madras, Shanghai and Hongkong. It also grants Drafts on London and on its Branches and Agencies at the Current Rates of Exchange.

By Order of the Directors,
WM. A. BAKER, Manager.

Bombay, April 1, 1881.

CHARTERED MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LONDON, AND CHINA.

HEAD OFFICE:—65, OLD BROAD STREET, LONDON, E.C.

LONDON BANKERS.
BANK OF ENGLAND. | LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK.

MONEY REMITTED

At current rates of Exchange by the Bank's Drafts on its Branches and Agencies in the East, and

On LONDON, | On IRELAND,
„ SCOTLAND, | „ PARIS.

and also on all the principal Towns in the AUSTRALIAN COLONIES, NEW ZEALAND, and TASMANIA.

If desired, the Bank will send the Drafts direct to the party whose address is given.

CIRCULAR NOTES and LETTERS of CREDIT available in all parts of the world are issued for the use of Travellers.

CUSTOMERS' SECURITIES are taken charge of, Dividends collected, and Investments and Sales of all descriptions of Securities effected.

INTEREST

On Current Deposit Accounts is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum, on the minimum Monthly Balances, up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest will be allowed on balances of less than Rs. 1,000.

ON FIXED DEPOSITS.

On terms which may be ascertained on application at the Bank.

All letters should be addressed, and hoondies made payable, to the AGENT, Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China.

H. W. JONES, Agent.

Bombay, 8th December, 1880.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

COSSART, GORDON & Co.'s
CELEBRATED MADEIRAS,
Specially bottled for the Indian Markets.

Labelled.	Sealed.	Price.
Selected.....	White.....	Rs. 22 per Doz.
Old Particular.....	Green.....	„ 25 „
Choice Reserve.....	Black.....	„ 28 „

REMINGTON & Co.

NOTICES.

FOR SALE, MANILLA and OILED COIR ROPE and CORDAGE. Apply to

OWEN & OKELL,
Agents to W. H. HARTON & Co., Calcutta.
Apollo Street, Bombay.

SWIFT & FARROW,

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS, &c.

UNDERTAKE COLLECTION OF OUTSTANDING DEBTS.

No. 42, MEADOW STEET, FORT, BOMBAY.

SOUNDY & Co., Limited.
SPECIALITY ADVERTISEMENTS.

CHRISTMAS and NEW YEAR CARDS, a splendid collection of artistic designs, 2 annas to Rs. 2-8 each.—SOUNDY & Co., Limited.

PARKINSON & FRODSHAM'S Keyless, Lever, Speciality WATCH, silver cases, ¼ plate, Rs. 31-8 each.—SOUNDY & Co., Limited, Bombay.

JEYPORE ENAMEL JEWELERY, very rare and beautiful specimens of work, Bracelets, Lockets, Necklaces, &c., &c.—SOUNDY & Co., Limited, Bombay.

CELEBRITIES, CABINET and carte size PORTRAITS, a large stock to select from.—SOUNDY & Co., Limited.

MATS for doors, carriages, &c., &c., a fresh stock of assorted sizes.—SOUNDY & Co., Limited.

WATCHES by Parkinson and Frodsham, London, from Rs. 31-8. See price list.—SOUNDY & Co., Limited.

PICTURE FRAMES made to order to any size, style or design.—SOUNDY & Co., Limited.

THEATRICAL Requisites, Play Books' Grease Paints, Rouge colored and Tableau lights See price list and catalogue.—SOUNDY & Co., Limited.

ORGUINETTES, a new pattern just out, the first in India.—SOUNDY & Co., Limited.

TOYS FOR CHILDREN, a fresh stock and the cheapest in Bombay.—SOUNDY & Co., Limited

WATCHES DIRECT FROM ENGLAND.

THE SPARKBROOK is a Nickel Silver Keyless, very superior extra jewelled movement, with action for setting hands, manufactured in very best style for the Indian market. Time-keeping unexceptionable.

Price 20 Rupees.

Lever keyless movements in best finished silver cases. Open face or Hunter, Rs. 28, 31, and 45 (the last two being extra jewelled). Quarter Repeater, and Chronograph Watch, very best movement, keyless.

Silver Rs. 150, 18-carat Gold Rs. 250.

The Climax is a very superior three-quarter plate keyless lever movement, jewelled in 12 holes (Rubies) with adjusted chronometer balance. (Time-keeping to a minute in two months.)

Silver Open face Rs. 130, Hunter or Half Hunter Rs. 140
Gold do do Rs. 240, do do Rs. 270

Any of the above parcel post free on receipt of Draft or P. O. O. Order (crossed Union Bank of Birmingham) payable to WALLER CARTER, merchant, Sparkbrook, Birmingham, England.

N. B.—Commissions faithfully executed for all kinds of English goods.

P. GRANT & SON,
SADDLERS
AND
HARNESS-MAKERS,
31, MEADOW STREET,
BOMBAY.

SCOTT & Co., M.R.C.V.S., VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES, Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion, Rs. 5; Horses standing at livery on Commission sale, Rs. 35 per month, including horse-keeper. Commission on Horses bought and sold Rs. 17. Up-country commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horses broken to single and double harness, in the yard, (single Rs. 15, double Rs. 30.) The Horse Shoeing Forge is under the management of a thoroughly practical English Farrier, and every class of shoeing done.

J. NEUBERG'S CIGARETTE MANUFACTORY, 5, MEADOW-STREET, BOMBAY.

FINEST TURKISH AROMATIQUE.

		per 1,000	per 100
No. 1	EMPRESS.....	Rs. 34.....	Rs. 3 8
„ 2	PRINCE	„ 30.....	„ 3 4
„ 3	STAMBOUL.....	„ 34.....	„ 3 8
„ 4	IONE	„ 24.....	„ 2 8

MILD TURKISH, DELICATE AND AGREEABLE.

		per 1,000	per 100
No. 5	SUCCESS ...	Rs. 25...	Rs. 2 10
„ 6	MEDON ...	„ 20...	„ 2 4
„ 7	BIJOUX ...	„ 18...	„ 2 0
„ 8	NYDIA ...	„ 18...	„ 2 0
„ 9	NYMPH ...	„ 15...	„ 1 12

GOLDEN RAHAG, EXQUISITE FLAVOUR A BOUQUET.

		per 1,000	per 100
No. 10	CONFIANCE...	Rs. 30	Rs 2 4
„ 11	ASSOCIATE ...	„ 18	„ 2 0
„ 12	CONSTANTIA..	„ 15...	„ 1 12

GOLDEN VIRGINIA, PLEASANTLY FULL-FLAVOURED.

		per 1,000	per 100
No. 13	WALKYR.....	Rs. 18	Rs. 2 0
„ 14	ZULEIKA.....	„ 15	„ 1 12

Nos. 3, 4, 8, 9, 12 are without mouthpieces.

MANUFACTURED DAILY, ALWAYS FRESH AND ALWAYS IN STOCK.

Note.—The superlative superiority of the above Cigarettes to any imported Brands is mainly due to the delicious FRESHNESS which distinguishes them, and which is their greatest charm.

Illustrated Price-list forwarded on application.

J. NEUBERG,
4, MEADOW-STREET, BOMBAY.

MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT.

MRS. LAKE

HAS the pleasure to announce that she has received a LARGE and CHOICE SELECTION of

FASHIONABLE MILLINERY,

SELECTED FROM THE FIRST PARIS AND LONDON HOUSES.

AN EARLY INSPECTION OF THE GOODS IS RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED.

WEDDING AND MOURNING ORDERS CAREFULLY AND PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

Orders from outstations, to ensure immediate attention, should be accompanied by a remittance or reference for payment in Bombay.

MRS. LAKE,
MILLINER AND DRESSMAKER,
No. 7, CHURCH GATE STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

BADHAM, PILE AND CO.

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

WE beg to announce the arrival of our NEW SEASON'S GOODS for the above Department which, having been carefully selected in the best markets, we now offer for inspections The stock comprises all the newest makes in Blue and Black, Ribbed and Diagonal Coatings West of England Broad-cloths, Angola Trouserings (specially adapted for India), Ulster-cloth. Bedford-cords, Whip-cords, and every material for Riding and Shikar.

Checked, Striped and Plain Suitings.	Drab Kersey, for Riding Breeches.
Grey and Drab Homespun do.	White Cassimere for Racing do.
The New Diagonal Tweed do.	Cricketing and Boating Flannels.

Gymkhana Flannels.

MILITARY, NAVAL AND POLITICAL UNIFORMS, &c.

LADIES' ULSTERS AND RIDING HABITS.

SPECIAL MATERIALS JUST IMPORTED FOR LADIES.

NEWMARKET JACKETS AND ULSTERS MADE TO MEASURE.

We guarantee fit and style in any orders entrusted to us equal to that of the best London Establishments, and as we receive consignments of goods every mail, we are in a position to ubmit all the latest novelties, in style and material, for our Customers' approval. Patterns and nstructions for self-measurement sent, post-free, on application.

BADHAM, PILE & CO.,
BOMBAY AND SECUNDERABAD.

CHRISTMAS 1882.

HAMILTON AND CO.

RESPECTFULLY invite VISITORS to Bombay to INSPECT their Establishment where their INDIAN MANUFACTURES in the PRECIOUS METALS may be leisurely examined.

THE COLLECTION includes choice specimens of NATIVE and EUROPEAN ART, and will be found interesting to the SIGHT-SEER and CONNOISSEUR as well as to the BUYER.

NEW SPECIALITE FOR THE SEASON.

THE "ROYAL DEVON WARE."

A large assortment of which is now on view in our Show-room with a great variety of other Novelties.

VISITORS incur no obligation to purchase.

HAMILTON & CO.,
JEWELLERS AND SILVERSMITHS,
RAMPART-ROW, BOMBAY,
NEXT TO NATIONAL BANK.

THORPE AND CO.,

HELMETS AND SUN HATS, &c.,

NEW SEASON'S STOCK NOW ARRIVED.

	Rs. A.
ELLWOOD'S PATENT DOUBLE-BODIED Air-Chamber HELMET, with OUTER BULGE, best drab felt, strongly made, a splendid protection	17 8
THE SAME MAKE as above, plain Helmet shape, witnout bulge, DOUBLE-BODIED, splendid protection	17 8
ELLWOOD'S finest drab felt HELMET, LIGHT WEIGHT, lined under with green, and well-ventilated	9 8
EXTRA STOUT drab felt HELMET, felt under brim, well-ventilated, a good, strong and long-lasting Helmet	9 8
THE MAYO light drab felt HELMET, well-ventilated, a nice Sun Hat	8 8
THE MELTON SUN HAT, WIDE BRIM, finest drab felt, DOUBLE-BODIED, Air Chamber, splendid protection and PLENTY of SHADE	8 8
DRAB MELTON SUN HAT, LIGHT and neat	8 8
EXTRA STOUT, white drill shooting hat, body of cork and felt, a really good and useful Helmet	12 8
TAN HUNTING, same Shape as White	12 8
HAWKSE'S REGULATION HELMETS, covered SUPERFINE white DOE	18 0
REGULATION HELMET, covered fine white drill	12 8
TERAI HATS, best quality, Ladies' and Gentlemen's, NEW SHAPES	14 8
LADIES' ELLWOOD'S Drab Melton, wide Brim, a splendid protection	12 8
LADIES' CANTON Drab Felt, Lined Silk, a splendid article similar to Melton	10 8
LADIES' BEATRICE, Drab Felt, a splendid Hat for early morning wear	8 8
LADIES' DRAB SOFT FELT HATS, Lined Silk Round Crown, Latest Shapes	10 8
LADIES' BLACK FELT HATS, Latest Shape	10 8
LADIES' BLACK SILK HATS, with Veil attached	18 8
BOYS' BLACK and DRAB FELT HATS' Round Crowns	5 8

THORPE AND CO.,
MILITARY AND GENERAL OUTFITTERS,
MEADOW AND HUMMUM STREETS,
BOMBAY.

1815—1842.

THE OLDEST ESTABLISHED WINE SHIPPERS IN INDIA.

CUTLER, PALMER AND CO.,

OF LONDON AND BORDEAUX.

BUSINESS FOUNDED IN EUROPE IN 1815, IN INDIA 1842.

BOMBAY HOUSE, RAMPART-ROW:

Our Stocks cannot be conveniently enumerated in one advertisement.
Our terms of discount are most liberal for Cash, but we allow credit to approved buyers.
NOTE.—That, as we cannot protect ourselves from imitation by competitors of the colors of seals or capsules, heretofore used by us to distinguish the qualities of particular Wines, we now refrain from advertising them.
We are Agents for several large Houses in our Trade, their consignments we specially advertise.
Our prices include duty and dues. We charge no profit on the advance, nor do we take any discount off such. We subjoin particulars of a few of our well-known Wines.

SHERRIES.

DINNER WINES.

Rs. 17-8. Rs. 21-0 Rs. 22-0.

MANZANILLA.	MONTILLA.	SOLERA.	AMOROSO.	AMONTILLADO.
Rs. 23-0.	Rs. 28-8.	Rs. 30-0.	Rs. 29-8.	Rs. 40-8

PORTS.

"INVALIDS."	DESSERT WINES.	SPANISH PORT.
Rs. 27-8.	Rs. 23-0 and Rs. 20-0.	Rs. 15-0.

HOCKS AND MOSELLES.

HOCHHEIMER.	RUDESHEIMER.	SPARKLING HOCK & MOSELLE
Rs. 25-8.	Rs. 31-0.	Rs. 45-0.

BURGUNDIES.

BEAUNE.	NUITS.	VOLNAY.
Rs. 20-0.	Rs. 28-0.	Rs. 23-8.

TEMPLE BAR.

GRAND PROMENADE CONCERT.

PROGRAMME.

TO-NIGHT.

1. March .....Erzherzoy Friedrich .....Czibula.
2. Overture .....Les trois Capitaines .....A. Herman.
3. Waltz.....El Turia Espagnole.....Granade.
4. Medley .....Americano.....Satto.
5. Polka .....Wir Beide .....Faust.
6. ..Frühling im Madchenherzen.Franke.
7. Overture .....Martha.....Flotow.
8. Waltz .....Pluie d'Or .....Waldteufel.
9. Mazurka .....Moosröschen .....Strauss.
10. Galop .....Von Nah und Fern.....Faust.

GRAND CAFE RESTAURANT.

THE MANAGER has the pleasure of informing the Public that a French Chef de Cuisine has just been brought from Europe specially for the Establishment.

Breakfasts, Dinners, and Tiffins can now be supplied to customers in a superior style, at moderate charges. All Liquors are of the very best quality.

ADMISSION TO GALLERY—ONE RUPEE.

Commencing at 9 p.m.

AMUSEMENT FOR THE COLD SEASON.

IN PREPARATION,

A GRAND EXHIBITION OF PORTRAITS.

Magnificent Life-size Photos in Oil Paint, Selected Views and Panorama of Bombay, &c.

AT

P. VUCCINO & CO.,
MEDOWS STREET,

Studio open from 9 A.M. to 6 P.M.

GRAND EXHIBITION.

PROVISION BY MEANS OF LIFE ASSURANCE.

THE preference shown by the Assuring Public last year in selecting the Standard Life Office for Assurances amounting to upwards of £1,400,000, a sum which considerably exceeds the new business of any of the Scottish Life Offices, may probably be attributed in a great measure :—

1. To the magnitude of the Company's Funds and the select nature of the investments.
2. To the steady and unfluctuating character of its annual results.
3. To the comprehensive and liberal conditions of STANDARD POLICIES and the Company's promptitude in the payment of claims.
4. To the old established and influential connections of the Company.
5. To the strict control exercised over its expenditure and general management.

Forms of proposal and prospectuses may be obtained on application.

THOMAS LANG,
Standard Life Office, Bombay, 18th August, 1882. Secretary, Bombay Branch.

STONE'S LG A (LIGHT) BASS' PALE ALE.

THIS ALE has been Specially Brewed by Messrs. BASS and Co. at our request, to meet the demand there appears to be for a lighter Ale than that hitherto supplied.

It is brewed, as usual, of the finest materials obtainable, and with the exception that it is lighter being in strength the same as the German and other light Beers) differs in no respect om the Ale so long associated with Messrs. Bass & Co.'s and our own names.

STONE AND SON
16, GEORGE-STREET, MANSION HOUSE, LONDON.

LIEBIG COMPANY'S EXTRACT OF MEAT.

"Is a success and boon for which Nations should feel grateful."—See *Medical Press, Lancet, British Medical Journal, &c.*

"Consumption in England increased tenfold in ten years."

Invariably adopted when once fairly tried.

To be had of all Storekeepers and Dealers throughout India.

CAUTION.—Genuine only with fac-simile of Baron Liebig's Signature in Blue Ink across Label. This Caution to various heap and inferior substitutes in the Market.

FINEST and CHEAPEST MEAT-FLAVOURING STOCK, for SOUPS, MADE DISHES & SAUCES.

INVALUABLE FOR INDIA AS AN EFFICIENT TONIC IN ALL CASES OF WEAKNESS. KEEPS GOOD IN THE HOTTEST CLIMATES, AND FOR ANY LENGTH OF TIME.

LIEBIG'S EXTRACT OF MEAT CO., Limited, 9, Fenchurch Avenue, London, England.

"THE CRITERION" RESTAURANT,
OPPOSITE TREACHER AND CO.'S FORT ESTABLISHMENT.

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S CAKES.

RESIDENTS AND UP-COUNTRY CONSTITUENTS can now register orders for XMAS AND NEW YEAR'S CAKES AND ALL KINDS of CONFECTIONERY at "THE CRITERION" opposite TREACHER & Co.'s Fort Establishment.

BIRTHDAY CAKES and all kinds of CONFECTIONERY made to order on the shortest notice.

ICES ! ICES !! ICES ! ! !

* The best ICES made in Bombay are procurable at "The Criterion."
BREAKFASTS always ready from 8 a.m. until 12 a.m.
TIFFINS from 12 a.m. until 3 p.m.
DINNERS from 5 p.m. until 8-30 p.m.
COLD HAM AND HAM SANDWICHES, CHOPS, STEAKS, &c., &c., always ready.
TEA, COFFEE, WINES, SPIRITS, &c., &c.

"THE CRITERION" RESTAURANT,
OPPOSITE TREACHER AND CO.'S FORT ESTABLISHMENT.

HOUSES TO BE LET.

CUMBALLA HILL, TO LET, unfurnished, half of large BUNGALOW, Drawing and Dining-room and 3 Bed-rooms. Open to the Sea and extensive views of Native Town and Harbour. Good Stabling. Rent, Rs. 130. Apply to "B.," *Bombay Gazette* Office.

NOTICES.

SALVATION ARMY.

HINDEE THEATRE, corner of Grant and Falkland Roads.—Meetings EVERY EVENING at 5 p.m.

SALVATION TENT, Crawford Market.—Meetings daily at 7-30 a.m. and 8 p.m.

MAJOR TUCKER.
Head-quarters, Salvation Army, Bombay.

YARN DYED KHAKI DRILL.

THE MUIR MILLS COMPANY, Limited, Cawnpore, have a large stock of the above, in qualities and shades as approved for the clothing of Europeans and Native Troops. Samples and prices furnished on application to

MANAGING DIRECTOR.

Messrs. W. WATSON & Co., Apollo-street, Bombay.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY

THE Agent is prepared to receive at the Company's offices, Elphinstone-circle, up to 1 p.m. gun-fire) on WEDNESDAY, the 6th December next, TENDERS for the PURCHASE of any quantity of the following material :—

1,000 superior quality iron wagon axles, weighing about 162 tons.
4,000 best Bessemer steel axles, weighing about 650 tons.
30,000 pieces of superior quality iron tyres, weighing about 817 tons.
And 100 new wagon tyres, 3ft. 1in. outside dia., best iron, weighing about 21 tons
The axles and pieces of tyres are lying at the Loco Depot, Parel.
And the new tyres at Byculla, where they may be seen on application.
Offers must specify the quantity required of each and the rate per ton weighed over at Wari Bunder.
Delivery will be made by the company into barges to be provided and placed by the purchaser alongside the bunder or wharf.
The Tenders must specify the time within which delivery will be taken of the whole quantity offered for; and the person whose tender is accepted will be required to pay to the company the price of each lot, before delivery, from time to time; but the whole quantity must be paid for within the time specified as above in the tender.
The Agent does not bind himself to accept the highest or any offer.

ALFRED KING,
Store Keeper.

Store Keeper's Office, Byculla, 9th October, 1882.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY COTTON WASTE.

TENDERS are invited for the supply of COTTON WASTE in three qualities required by the pany for twelve months, commencing on the first day of February next, to be delivered from time to time in such quantities as may be required; the annual consumption, averaging about 60 Tons of No. 1, 70 Tons of No. 2, and 80 Tons of No. 3. Samples may be seen at the Storekeeper's Office, Byculla.

Sealed Tenders, endorsed "Tender for Cotton Waste" which must specify the rates per cwt. delivered at the Stores Depots, Byculla, and Parel, will be received by the Agent at the Company's Offices, Elphinstone-circle, Bombay, up to 1 p.m. (Gun-fire) on WEDNESDAY, 20th December next, after which hour no Tender will be received.

No notice will be taken of any Tender unless accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 1,000 in cash or Government Promissory Notes.

Five per cent. on the value of the contract will be required as security. One-half to be deposited on signing the contract, and the remainder by 5 per cent. retentions from monthly payments.

The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

ALFRED KING, Storekeeper.

Storekeeper's Office, Byculla, 23rd November, 1882.

WHEREAS INCONVENIENCE has been caused to persons RETURNING to BOMBAY by SEA, from Shooting expeditions on the other side of the harbour, through the detention of their guns by Customs Officers stationed at the landing places in Bombay, whose duty it is to detain, pending inquiry, all firearms without passes that may be landed from the harbour, arrangements have been made for the issue of Custom House passes by the Preventive Officers on duty at the undermentioned places, viz. :—

Apollo-bunder.
Town-bunder.
Carnac-bunder.
Mazagon-bunder.
Prince's Dock.

These passes may be obtained without payment on application at the Customs Offices at the Bunders just mentioned, and on production of the gun, or guns, to be passed, before they are waterborne from Bombay. They must be delivered up to the Preventive Officer at the Bunder at which the guns are landed.

General passes covering guns for a whole year may also be obtained on application to the Collector of Customs at the Custom House.

C. B. PRITCHARD,
Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium, and Abkari,
Bombay, Custom House, 17th November, 1882.

NOTICES.

DESERVING THE ATTENTION OF THE PRINCES OF INDIA AND OTHERS DESIRING A PALATIAL RESIDENCE IN BENARES.

FOR SALE.—That Stately Puckka Building situated in grounds covering an area of more than 46 Bighas, with Gardens, Out-houses, Stabling, &c., &c., at present occupied as the Wards' Institution.

Apply to Messrs. E. J. LAZARUS & Co., Benares.

ST. ADNREW'S DAY, 1882.

SPECIAL SUBSCRIPTIONS IN AID OF THE BOMBAY SCOTTISH ORPHANAGE.

GENTLEMEN who may wish to subscribe to the Funds of the Society, and to whom a subscription list may not be presented, will much oblige by sending their names to the Honorary Secretary's Office, 7, Rampart-row, opposite Watson's Hotel.

THOMAS LANG,
Honorary Secretary.

Scottish Orphanage Office, 7, Rampart-row, 1882.

THE undersigned begs most respectfully to announce that he has got a LARGE VARIETY of WOOLEN CLOTH, viz. Broad Cloth, Trousering, Merrino, Alpaca, Flannel, &c., &c.

He also undertakes to supply ready-made Clothes for Gentlemen, Grooms, Office Peons, Domestic Servants, &c., &c.

Gentlemen who will accord him their patronage will find that his charges are very moderate and the work very satisfactorily done.

Samples are forwarded at any time when desired.

JAMSETJEE EDULJEE BANATWALLA,
101, Fort Bazaar Gate.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

TENDER FOR TIMBER.

THE RESIDENT ENGINEER will receive tenders till noon on MONDAY, 11th December, 1882, for the supply of sleepers, five inches square, and of the following numbers and lengths :—

1,000 lengths, ten feet long.
2,000 „ seven feet six inches long.
1,000 „ five feet long.

Tenders will be received for either teak or jungle wood.

Tenderers to state the kind of timber it is proposed to supply, and the dates when delivery will be begun and completed. A deposit of 5 per cent. will be required on tender being accepted.

Specification to be seen at the Port Trust Engineer's Office.

GEO. E. ORMISTON,
Recident Engineer, Bombay Port Trust.

Engineer's Office, Bombay, 29th November, 1882.

POSITIVE GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE CO., Limited.

BONUS AND DIVIDE

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Bombay Gazette.

BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1882.

THE INDIAN SOLDIERS IN ENGLAND.

THE transport Dusitania, from Alexandria, having on board the Royal Irish Fusiliers and the Indian Contingent, arrived in Portsmouth Harbour at ten o'clock yesterday morning (Nov. 8.) The enthusiasm with which the home-returning troops have all along been greeted was on this particular occasion even more marked than heretofore, seeing that for the first time in English history, a detachment of Indian native troops had come on a visit to this country. The transport, which left Alexandria on Oct. 27, sighted Portsmouth on Tuesday evening, and lay outside till early yesterday morning, when it steamed into the harbour. The work of disembarkation was at once commenced, and in an hour or two all the troops were landed. The reception that awaited the Indian Contingent which was made up of thirteen officers, seven non-commissioned officers, and twelve privates, was highly flattering. On the jetty were Prince Edward of Saxe-Weimar (general commanding the district), Admiral Ryder, and other officers, besides a small knot of priviledged spectators. After the work of unshipping their luggage the Indian troops were drawn up in line on the jetty, when officers and men were individually presented to Prince Edward of Saxe-Weimar. As the officers were presented by Lieutenant-Colonel Pennington, 13th Bengal Lancers, each offered his sword to Prince Edward and Admiral Ryder to be touched. This ceremony over the Prince engaged in kindly conservation with both officers and men; and for some little time they promenaded about the jetty, apparently highly gratified at their reception while at the same time somewhat disconcerted by their strange surroundings. Although just escaped from the discomforts of a sea voyage the men presented a fine appearance. When the Household Brigades in this country they were, to quote the words of the Prime Minister, thoroughly "worn and wan;" but the heat and burden of the day in Egypt had left no outward trace on these hardy Indian soldiers. As they marched towards the station and out of the dockyard gates, a large crowd cheered them to the echo, and shouted congratulations which, if not altogether understood by the dusky troops, were at least appreciated. Special carriages were attached to the 12-20 train for Waterloo for their accommodation, and, punctually at the time mentioned, a start was made for Wimbledon, where the party will be located during their stay in England.

It was not known at Wimbledon at what time the troops would arrive, and consequently there were very few people about when, at a quarter to three o'clock, the train steamed into the station. The news of their coming, however, spread so rapidly that, by the time the men had "detrained," an enthusiastic crowd had gathered in the vicinity, anxious to do honour to their visitors. Here, again, the magnificent physique of the Indians excited wonder and surprise—for some of them stood about six feet in height while the others fell little short of that standard. A piercing wind was blowing, and the soldiers made a hasty retreat to the omnibuses in waiting, appearing to feel rather keenly the sharp edge of the cold breeze. But they did not neglect, at the same time, to acknowledge, with cheers salutes, the warm welcome of the people, and their swart faces brightened when "Kassasin" "Tel-el-Kebir," and "Cairo" were approvingly ashouted in their ears. The omnibuses drove off rapidly to Sutherland House, Wimbledon Park—where their quarters have been fixed—follow by a long stream of ad-

Sutherland House is a spacious mansion, the main road, and some time ago was arding school. It has, consequently and has otherwise abundant ctions from the Indian ated Sons, Pallmall the house, while fort of men

[illegible] journey had was of Eng- her Majesty passionate, press?" was [illegible] ced Afghan in and will her Majesty present us [illegible]?" A tentative answer in the affirmative was sufficient to set the whole body of men ecstacy. The mention of the Queen's name had in truth somewhat of a talismanic influence among them. Almost to a man they sprang to their feet, and commenced walking excitedly up and down the apartment, talking rapidly as they walked, and now and again stopping to inquire if it were really true that the Queen herself would receive them in person. Passing by this ebullition of loyalty, it should be noted that the soldiery, both officers and men, view with each other in expressing one regret—that they had not more fighting to do in Egypt. So eager was one non-commissioned officer for the fray, that, on receipt of the news of the Egyptian outbreak, he made posthaste to rejoin his regiment, being at the time on furlough in Afghanistan. Others did likewise, and many more volunteered for the same service, so anxious were they to fight for what the native are fond of calling the "Number One Country in the World." They are not, however, over-fond of Egypt, their opinion being that the climate is too hot, and the soil too sandy.

The officers and men who are now visiting England are selected from the 13th, 2nd, and 6th Bengal Lancers, the 7th Bengal Native Infantry and the 2nd Beluchees, or Queen's Own Sappers and Miners. The undress uniform of the cavalry in which they will appear in public here consists of scarlet serge blouse, red turbans (doongies), yellow breeches (pyjamas) and gaiters (puttees), while that of the Infantry is a green jacket, red pantaloons, white gaiters and black turbans. The names of the officers and non-commissioned officers are: 2nd Bengal Cavalry—Ressaldar Mohamed Ruza Khan, Ressaldar Marain Sing, and non-commissioned officer Ally Mohamed Khan; 6th Bengal Cavalry—Resseldar Tahour Khan, Jemadar Mahtab Sing, and non-commissioned officer Izzat Khan; 13th Bengal Lancers—Ressaldar Major Hussan Ali Khan, Ressaldar Ubail Sing, and non-commissioned officer Ukbar Khan. Infantry: 2nd Belochees—Soubadar Peerbux, Jemadar Zaman Khan and non-commissioned officer Shamewez Khan; 7th Bengal Infantry—Soubadar Gurdad Sing, Soubadar Chuttar Sing, and non-commissioned officer Gagraig Sing; 20th Bengal Infantry—Soubadar Myer Mowladad Khan, Jemadar Bainta, and non-commissioned officer Shere Sing.

The Indian Contingent, which arrived in London on Wednesday from Egypt, were received yesterday (Nov. 9) by the Marquis of Hartington in the council-room of the India Office. The contingent, which numbered thirty native Indian officers, non-commissioned officers, and privates, drove direct from Wimbledon. As they passed through Downing-street at twelve o'clock they were loudly cheered by a great number of persons who had collected to see them. Most of the officials of the India Office and many members of the Indian service were collected in the corridors as they passed to the council-room. Having delivered themselves of their heavy overcoats, which they have found necessary to wear since their arrival in England, they were drawn up upon two sides of the room. Among those present in the room and who entered into conversation with the men, many of whom they knew personally, were the following: Viscount Enfield, Under-Secretary of State; Sir Louis Mallet Permanent Under-Secretary of State, and the following members of the Indian Council: Sir H. Worman, Sir Robert Montgomery Sir H. Rawlinson, Sir Frederic Haliday, Sir B. Ellis, Mr. Cassellies, Sir William Muir, Colonel Yule) Mr. Dalyell, General Foster, General Strachey, Mr. Bertram Currie, and Sir Ashley Eden. Lord Hartington entered the room at a quarter to one o'clock, accompanied by Sir Herbert Macpherson, the General who commanded the Indian Contingent in Egypt, General Allen Johnson, Military Secretary and Mr. Hobart, Private Secretary. Colonel Pennington, 13th Lancers, and Captain Macrae, of the Beluchees, the two British officers with the contingent, having been introduced to his lordship, the native officers were separately introduced by Sir Henry Daly, the distinguished Indian officer who has placed his valuable services at the disposal of the party during his stay in England. Each officer, on presentation, held out his sword, which Lord Hartington touched with his right hand. Many of the officers wear several medals, in which his lordship was particularly interested, and asked a number of questions through Sir Henry Daly, who interpreted to the officers. One officer had served her Majesty forty years. The non-commissioned officers then passed before his lordship each man's regiment and tribe declared, came from being pointed out by Sir Henry Daly.

The Marquis of Hartington then advanced to the centre of the room, and addressed a few words to the officers and non-commissioned officers, through Sir Henry Daly, expressing the pleasure which he felt in receiving them, and assuring them that they would receive a hearty we come in this country from her Majesty the Queen and all classes of her Majesty's subjects. He also expressed a hope that they were comfortable in their quarters, and that the arrangements made for their visit would meet with their approval. The officers answered, stating their pleasure at what his lordship had said, and their thorough satisfaction with the arrangements made for them. His lordship then left the room, being saluted by all. The officers, non-commissioned officers, and privates afterwards went to the Admiralty, upon the invitation of the Earl of Northbrook, whence they viewed the Lord Mayor's procession.—*Daily Telegraph.*

The Globe of Nov. 10, says:—It may be doubted whether anything which our Indian visitors will see during their stay in England will impress them so agreeably as yesterday's show. It was a grand *tumasha* of the very sort that suits the Asiatic taste; plenty of noise, a huge crowd, lots of gay banners, loud music, and a moving panorama of more or less curious objects. Having thus achieved such a successful start in the entertainment of our guests, it is to be hoped that every effort will be made to adapt the rest of the programme of amusement to their idiosyncrasies. To endeavour to improve their minds by taking them to public institutions, such as the British museum, would simply bore them to death. They would no doubt conceal their martyrdom, and profess to be greatly pleased and interested; Indian politeness would easily accomplish that amount of hypocrisy. They might also be equal to feigning pleasure after being taken to hear a Parliamentary debate, and should Mrs. Leo Hunter be so fortunate as to get a few of them to her house they will be quite effusive in their affectation of delight. But if it be desired to give them real enjoyment which they will talk of hereafter to their fellow-countrymen, the less they see of the sad pleasures of society the better. Spectacular display is the thing to fascinate Oriental natures; glitter, colour, and processional pomp always come home to their tastes. Unhappily, at this season of the year, our climate does not lend itself to such shows; the general deficiency of sunshine, not to speak of the probability of heavy rain, or dense fog, tells sadly against outdoor spectacles. We must, therefore, content ourselves with makeshifts, and even these are hard to find. If it could be managed, a grand firework display at the Crystal Palace, including the bombardment of Alexandria, would be one method of dispelling the *ennui* of Sutherland House. As for theatres, we fear that high-class histrionics would be quite thrown away, but the entertainment in which the "still growing" Amazon Queen figures would, we think, be thoroughly enjoyed. Of course the Zoological Gardens, Woolwich Arsenal, and he regalia at the Tower will be inspected, and, since the sight of gold is pleasant to Asiatics, perhaps the stores of that metal at the Bank of England and the Mint might be exhibited.

THE TRIAL OF THE ARABI AND HIS COMPANIONS.

THE following is the arrangement for the form of procedure to be adopted in the cases tried before the special Commission instituted at Cairo by a decree of His Highness the Khedive, dated the 28th of September, 1882:—

"Article 1. As soon as the preliminary investigation shall have resulted in the accusation of one or more persons, notice shall be given them by the President of the Commission, informing them that their case will be sent before a Court-martial.

"Article 2. Every accused has the right to choose as his legal adviser a native or foreign lawyer, residing in Egypt at the time when the Court-Martial commences. In the latter case, and before all communication with the accused, the advocate must be approved by the Egyptian Government. Each advocate may have the assistance of a second advocate, who shall not also address the Court.

"Article 3. All the records of the proceedings of the preliminary inquiry shall be open to the inspection of the advocates in the offices of the Commission.

"Article 4. The advocates shall have the right to produce and to cause them to be heard on all questions relating to the case in the preliminary investigation such witnesses as they deem necessary, and this in their presence and in that of the accused and whether or not the said witnesses have been already heard or not.

"Article 5. The prosecution and the defence may produce as valid evidence received before the Commission depositions recorded abroad before competent authorities.

"Article 6. The advocates are obliged to use all reasonable diligence in the proceedings, and if their desire to uselessly prolong them be manifest, the President of the Commission may declare the investigation at an end.

"Article 7. The proceedings of the defence shall form an integral part of the preliminary inquiry, which shall be definitely closed either by the agreement of both sides or by order of the President, as mentioned in the preceding article.

"Article 8. The Court-martial may assemble seven days after the termination of the preliminary inquiry, and no further delay shall be sought for as any pretext. The court has the right to grant fresh delay if urgent necessity arises.

"Article 9. No witness shall appear before the Court-martial, either for the prosecution or the defence, or by order of the Court.

"Article 10. The eighth day after the preliminary inquiry has terminated the proceedings of the Court martial may be opened. The President shall order that the indictment, examination, and all documents produced in the case shall be read. This completed the President shall invite the accused or their counsel to address the Court. After the defence the delegate of the preliminary inquiry may answer if he deem it useful, and in this case, the accused or their counsel shall have a right to the last word. Before the termination of the proceedings both parties may deposit written statements of their case.

"Article 11. The judgment of the Court shall be pronounced in open Court.

"Article 12. The defence shall be free, but the President may stop any counsel introducing irrelevant matter or using insulting or offensive expressions against the constituted authorities of the country.

"Agreed at Cairo on the 21st day of October 1882.

"A. M. Broadley, Lincoln's Inn, London, Barrister-at-law.

"Mark Francis Napier, Inner, Temple, London, Barrister-at-law.

"O. Borelli, for the Egyptian Government.

"Certified a true copy. O. Borelli."

THE SULTAN AND ARABI.

A TELEGRAM from Cairo (Nov 4,) to the *Times* states:—

Mr. Broadley has only to-day finished the examination of Arabi's papers, and as no one, except counsel and the translator, Mr. Beamen, who is interpreter to the British Agency, has till to-day seen them, I need hardly say that all the statements as to their value or contents are pure conjecture. The public will now be able to judge for themselves.

The papers may be divided into four classes. First, certificates of honours conferred on Arabi by the Sultan; second, letters of encouragement from confidential *employés* of the Sultan to Arabi; third, petitions and communications addressed by Egyptians to the Sultan through Servish; fourth, decrees, fetwas, *proces verbaux*, establishing the participation of the great majority of Egyptians in the movement of which Arabi was the head. The petitions to the Sultan in support of Arabi confided to Dervish are 21 in number, and are of a very representative character, but they are less numerous than the documents from all parts of Egypt supporting the Mahomed Sami Ministry, and urging Arabi to defend the country. It may be stated generally that hardly a town in Egypt has failed to furnish its quota, and however they may all have been obtained, few civil or religious dignitaries have omitted to append their seal or attestation, some being literally yards in length, and bearing hundreds of seals and signatures.

The documents of the first, third, and fourth class are too lengthy, and, in my opinion, too valueless to communicate by telegraph, but the Turkish letters at the present crisis are of peculiar interest at a moment when we are threatened with a third Turkish mission. First in the category is a Turkish letter from Mohamed Zafer, the well-known Sheikh who resides at Yildiz Kiosk, and whose supreme influence with the Sultan is a matter of public notoriety, especially since the Tunis expedition. The letter is as follows:—

"To his Excellency the Egyptian Minister of War.

"Excellency.—I have presented your two faithful letters to His Majesty the Sultan, and from their contents he has learnt all your sentiments of patriotism and watchfulness, and especially have the promises you make of your efforts to guard faithfully and truly His Majesty's interest been a cause of lively satisfaction to His Majesty, the so much so that His Majesty ordered me to express his pleasure and his favour to you, and further bade me write to you as follows, viz.:—

"As the maintenance of the integrity of the Caliphate is a duty which touches the honour of every one of us, it is incumbent on every Egyptian to strive earnestly after the consolidation of my power to prevent Egypt from passing out of my hands into the rapacious grasp of foreigners, as the vilayet of Tunis has passed, and I repose all my confidence in you, my son, to exert all your influence and to put forth every effort to prevent such a thing happening. You are to beware never for one moment to lose sight of this important point, and to omit none of the precautionary measures which are called for by the age in which we live; keeping always before you as a perpetual goal the defence of your faith and of your country, and especially you must persist in maintaining your confidence and the ties which bind you.'

"That country—Egypt—is of the highest importance to England and France, and most of all to England, and certain seditious intriguers in Constantinople, following in the path of these Governments, have for some time past been busy with their treacherous and accursed projects. Since they have found it to their profit jealously to promote these intrigues and seditions at Egypt, in the especial desire of His Majesty that you should keep a very careful eye on these persons and things. According to the telegrams and news sent by the Kedive Tewfic, one of this party, we see that he is weak and capricious, and also it is to be remarked that one of the telegrams does not corroborate another, but they are all in contradiction. In addition to this I may tell you that Ali Nezami Pasha and Ali Fuad Bey have spoken to His Majesty most highly in your favour, and Ahmed Ratib has repeated to His Majesty the substance of the conversation he had with you in the railway carriage between the stations of Zagazig and Mansa, and as His Majesty places the greatest confidence in Ahmed Pasha, he desires me again for this reason to express his trust in you, and to say that as he considers you a man of the highest integrity and trustworthiness, he requires you above all things to prevent Egypt from passing into the hands of strangers, and to be careful to allow them no pretext for intervation there. The orders which Ahmed Pasha Ratib will receive on this head will be separately communicated to you. Both my letter and that of Ahmed Pasha Ratib by order of His Majesty, have been written at [illegible] of His Majesty's own private secretaries, and after we have affixed our seals to the letters, we also put an extra special seal on the envelopes. In a special and secret manner I tell you that the Sultan has no confidence in Ismail, Halim, or Tewfik, but the man who thinks of the future of Egypt and consolidates the ties which bind him to the Caliphate, who pays due respect to His Majesty and gives free course to His Majesty's firmans, who assures his independent authority in Constantinople and elsewhere, who does not give bribes to a swarm of treacherous sub-officials, who does not deviate one hair's breadth from his line of duty, who is versed in the intrigues and machinations of our European enemies, who will watch against them and ever preserve his country and his faith intact—a man who does this will be pleasing, agreeable to, and accepted by our great lord, the Sultan. If I have not entered into any further details in this letter or mine, I beg you to excuse me, because Ahmed Pasha Ratib only arrived three days ago, and yet in that time, owing to his declarations of your fidelity and true intentions, His Majesty has expressed his full confidence in you. I only received the message I have just given you yesterday, and I hope to be able to send you by next week's post a more detailed letter, but in every case, be careful not to let any letters you send fall into strange hands, but try to get a special messenger, and as for this time it would be better if you were to send your answer by the hand of the man who brings this letter. Your Servant, Mohamed Zafer. (Fourth Rebi-al-Akhir, 1299." (February 22, 1882).

Another of the same date, from Ahmed Pasha Ratib, Aide-de-Camp and Secretary to the Sultan is as follows:—

"I related to His Majesty the Sultan the conversation we had on the railway between the stations of Zagazig and Mahsa on my return to Stamboul, and it caused great pleasure to his Majesty, and he ordered me to communicate to you his Imperial compliments. I related to His Majesty all the kind treatment I received at your hands, and the courtesy my eyes witnessed while I was in Cairo, and his Majesty was extremely gratified thereat, so that the satisfaction he felt in your devotion and fidelity was increased many fold. People had made him think that you were acting, I know not how, contrary to right, and had succeeded in perverting His Majesty's ideas about you; but now that I have exposed the true statement of the case to him, I swear to you that His Majesty deeply regrets ever having paid any attention to these false and lying statements about you, and as a good proof of this, His Majesty has commanded me to express to you the sentiments which follow. It matters nothing who is Khedive of Egypt. The thoughts of the ruler of Egypt, his conduct must be governed with the greatest care, and all his actions must tend to secure the future of Egypt, and to uphold intact the sovereignty of the Caliph, while he must show the most perfect zeal in upholding the faith and the country's. This will be required of him. Of the persons who have been on the Khedival throne, Ismail Pasha and his predecessors gave bribes to Ali Pasha, Fuad Pasha, Midhat Pasha, and other representatives of the Sublime Porte, traitors, and after shutting the eyes of the officials, dared to overtax and oppress the Egyptians, and in addition to this they made heavy debts and brought the Egyptians under a grievous yoke, and to-day in the eyes of the world their state has specially appealed to our pity; but the whole position is an extremely delicate one, which calls for the necessity of finding a speedy and sure remedy. Therefore, it behoves you above all things to prevent anything that might lead to foreign intervention, and never to stray from the just and true path, nor to listen to any treacherous falsehoods, but in every way with watchful care to hinder the seditious projects of foreigners. This is the great hope of the Sultan, and since we two shall correspond in the future, you must take the necessary precaution to prevent our letters from falling into strange hands. For this, the easiest way at present—and there is no safer channel you can find—is to entrust your correspondence to the true and trusty man who carries this letter and that of Sheikh Mohamed Zafer. I would also add that it is indispensable that you should send secretly some officer who knows well what is going on in Egypt, and who is a trusted friend of yours, to present at the footstool of His Majesty reports on the state of the country in true detail. I beg you to send the answer by the man who brings this letter. Ahmed Ratib, Aide-de-Camp of the Sultan. Fourth Rebi-al-Akhir" (February 22, 1882.)

Holloway's Ointment and Pills.—Rheumatism and Gout.—These purifying and soothing remedies demand the earnest attention of all persons liable to gout, sciatica, or other painful affections of the muscles, nerves, or joints. The Ointment should be applied first the affected parts have been patiently fomented with warm water, the ingunent should be diligently rubbed upon the adjacent skin, unless the friction should cause pain. Holloway's Pills should be simultaneously taken to reduce inflammation and to purify the blood. This treatment abates the violence, and lessens the frequency of gout, rheumatism, and all spasmodic diseases. Sufferers from hereditary predisposition, or from any other cause, may confidently rely upon this combination of remedies to effect a radical cure. This Ointment checks the most deadly. The Pills restore the vital powers.

M NINET.

THE following communication lately received in London has been forwarded to us (*The Times*) for publication:—

"As I perceive that Ninet Bey has made certain statements of occurrences which he affirms to have taken place in Egypt, I may give some evidence of the amount of confidence to be attached to anything proceeding from him.

"When the Austrian boat's crew were captured at Port Said, and some difficulty was experienced in obtaining their release, an application in their favour was made to Arabi Pasha through Ninet, whose letter in reply was a marvellous specimen of unblushing falsehood.

"After dealing with the case of the captured Austrian sailors, he went on to speak of the cause of the operations which had then only just commenced, and affirmed that the total destruction of the English, who, like bats, only ventured to come out at night, was certain and imminent, for 5,000 of them had already been killed, many thousand more taken prisoners, and several ironclads destroyed at Alexandria. The letter, which was shown to me at the time, was a curiosity in its way; but no amount of charity can make it possible to suppose that in the position which he occupied, Ninet Bey could have believed one word of what he has writing, though no doubt there were plenty of dupes who were deceived by the statement which he endeavoured to spread in the country."

The Times' Special correspondent at Cairo, telegraphed on Nov. 3:—The statements in M. Ninet's letter are without foundation. Colonel Wilson, Colonel Chermside, and Mr. Beaman, chief interpreter to the Residency, all saw M. Ninet frequently. He made no complaint whatever. He was handed to no Consulate only because no Consulate would acknowledge him as its *protege*.

THE FINDING OF ARABI PASHA'S PAPERS.

(From the *Graphic*.)

MR. A. M. BROADLY, Arabi's senior counsel, writes:—"The story of the finding of Arabi Pasha's papers is as follows:—On the evening of the 22nd of October Arabi said to me, 'My life and honour are in your hands and in the hands of England; if you can get me an interview with my servant, Muhamed Ibn Ahmed, I will give you all my papers which escaped Tel-el-Kebir and the looting of my house at Cairo, and they are by far the most important instruments for my defence.' Sir Edward Malet and Sir Charles Wilson generously came to the rescue, and on the afternoon of the following day the negro half-caste Muhamed Ibn Ahmed received his master's orders, in the presence of Sir Charles Wilson, to treat as brothers the English lawyers and surrender to them the documents he had so faithfully guarded. Arabi described minutely the different hiding-places of the papers—in holes of the wall, behind the back of pictures, and in his wife's dress—and the servant promised obedience. Muhamed Ibn Ahmed has probably no other property in the world than a blue shirt and a ragged cloth coat to cover it, but neither terrors nor bribes could shake his allegiance to his fallen but beloved master. 'Give me to-night,' he said, 'to open the receptacles the Pasha alludes to, and to-morrow morning the papers are in your hands.' I slept little that night, as I felt how much depended on the result; and next morning I was very early with Arabi. From the window of the cell I saw his son and servant arrive. I went down to meet them. The news they brought was not encouraging. Muhamed Tewfik's powerful agents had smelt a rat, and Palace emissaries during the night had told the wife of Arabi that on the morrow her husband would be surrendered to the tender mercies of Abdul Hamid at Stamboul. She had fled to a friend's house, and taken the papers with her. 'Your father's honour, and perhaps his life,' I told the son, 'depends on your finding your mother. I conjure you to lose no time. Three hours hence and it may be too late.' Mahumed Ibn Ahmed Arabi is a slender, dark-complexioned youth of 21, with one eye hopelessly destroyed. He has always been his father's darling. He grasped my hand and said, 'I am sure I can find her; but grant me two hours' delay, and I will join you at Shepherd's Hotel—with the papers.' Muhamed Ibn Ahmed Arabi and his servant disappeared, and I took up a post of observation in the well-known and cool verandah of the great Cairo hostelry. Hardly an hour had elapsed when a brougham was hastily driven to the door, and my friend Muhamed hastily descended, and, carrying a large parcel in his hand, rushed up the steps and into my room. Five minutes later and I was deep in the exhibits of my client Ahmed Arabi. From a woollen cloth the distinctive feature of which was a yellow ace of spades, the boy drew forth, one after another, his father's hidden papers. With Mr. Napier's assistance, I took them one after the other and placed them in a case—firmans, letters from men in high places at the Imperial Ottoman Court, decrees of the Ulema of Egypt, covered with hundreds of seals and signatures, records of Cabinet Councils, and papers of every conceivable description. I must confess I never shook hands with anyone more cordially than I did with the faithful Muhamed Ibn Ahmed. Two hour afterwards the papers were in Her Majesty's Consulate, initialed and numbered by Sir Charles Wilson and myself. Time will show the value of my *trouvaille*."

THE INSURRECTION IN THE SOUDAN.

MR. CHAS. H. ALLEN, Secretary, British and Foreign Anti-Slavery Society, sends to the *Times* the following "translation of a long and interesting letter, received on November 1 from Dr. Schweinfurth." Mr. Allen says:—"Although I trust the alarming picture which he draws may be over-coloured, I think it is sufficiently important to ask you kindly to give it publicity, for at this moment there appears to be a wide-spread ignorance respecting the formidable movement in the Soudan, headed by the mysterious Mahdi. To spare your space as far as possible, I have taken the liberty to condense parts of Dr. Schweinfurth's letter. Of course, it will be understood that this society does not in any way hold itself committed to the views expressed relative to the future of the Soudan."

"Cairo, Oct. 23.

"Dear Sir,—There is a subject more urgent even than the pacification of Egypt, since that is a question only of time, provided that the English troops do not abandon us too soon. That question is the Soudan. At the present moment the whole of the Soudan is on fire. All that that country has gained by the march of civilization during the last three-quarters of a century we are in danger of losing. All the provinces of the Egyptian Empire which lie to the south and west of Khartoum are in the hands of insurgent and fanatical barbarians. Even Khartoum, the last bulwark of the Egyptian power, is only held by a thread. The army, decimated by ever disastrous combats against the false prophet, is reduced to half its strength; the soldiers are demoralized, and the mass of the population believes in the ever-victorious false prophet. The Abyssinian frontier and the country to east of Khartoum are completely stripped of troops, who are all concentrated at Khartoum, which is fortified by five detached forts. The northern provinces of Berber and Dongola only remain faithful so long as Khartoum remains in the hands of the Egyptians—the population already showing sympathy with the Mahdi, who himself comes from Dongola.

"This is the sad picture I have to lay before you. In England you think only of Egypt, and you believe that with Egypt all the rest will be gained. Even here, all those who are in power are so occupied with the questions of the moment, the affairs of Arabi, and the reorganization of the army, that they only see two or three steps ahead, while the Soudan is in a condition which threatens the existence of Egypt itself. If to-morrow Khartoum were to fall into the hands of the Mahdi no one could stay his course, and he would put into execution his programme of marching upon Egypt and Mecca in order to establish the millennium reign.

'Trusting that my Cassandra voice may not prove true, I will now proceed to give some facts.

"M. Albert Marquet, a French merchant, has just returned from the Soudan, having left Khartoum on the 15th of September. As at that time they did not then know of the defeat of Arabi, the Governor-General, Abd-el-Kader Pasha, had charged M. Marquet to inform the Khedive, with whom he could no longer communicate by telegraph, of the critical situation in which he found himself placed. When Arabi was in power he did not concern himself about the affairs of the Soudan, and he paid no attention to the despairing cries of the Governor-General for help; on the contrary, he ordered him to send him a regiment of black troops. What Abd-el-Kader Pasha demands above everything is Remington rifles and ammunition, and that they should send them to him by the most direct route. This is his latest prayer, but here nobody appears to regard him, and General Stone, the only one among the military authorities of the Khedive who is at all able to judge of the importance of affairs in the Soudan, is no longer listened to. M. Marquet, having already departed for Europe by the same mail that carries my letter, can no longer be heard, and the Soudan, with its brave governor, is abandoned to despair. This is the state of things up to the 15th of September."

After describing the terrible losses suffered during the past nine months, Dr. Schweinfurth proceeds:—

"Six thousand men, under the command of the incapable governor of Fashoda, Yussuf Pasha, were massacred by the army of the Mahdi, in June last. Among the slain was M. Berghof, the slave-trade inspector at Fashada, who unfortunately took part in the expedition. The soldiers, who were weakened by fatigue and want of provisions, were slaughtered like sheep. Yussuf Pasha is the same man who was denounced by Gessi as the vile '*fabricant des eunuques*.' After this the army besieged Obeid, the capital of Kordofan. The siege had already lasted 42 days and all communications between Kordofan, Darfur, and Khartoum had been cut off. The Mahdi has at his disposal a force of 150,000 fighting men, principally drawn from the Baggaras tribes, who are all horsemen, and of a desperate bravery. As soon as Obeid falls the siege of Khartoum may be expected. Abd-el-Kader is doing all that he can, working day and night, but in the city there are many secret partisans of the Mahdi.

"Abd-el-Kader has consulted the Ulema to know their opinion as to the Mahdi, and to show to the populace that his pretensions are opposed to the orthodox faith. The Ulema have in effect proved from the Koran that the Mahdi of whom the Prophet speaks, the promised Redeemer of the World would come from the East. Now, Mohammed Hamed, as the Mahdi is called, comes from the West. The verdict given by the Ulema of Khartoum has been printed, and 3,000 copies sent to the governors of provinces; but the people will have it that it is the Government which speaks, and that it is not the voice of the Ulema.

"The Governor-General of the Soudan estimates the loss of the enemy up to the present at about 30,000, in order to prove how sanguinary the war has been, and that his 8,000 soldiers have not been sacrificed in vain. The regular soldiers, being armed with arms of precision, made terrible slaughter among the fanatial Arabs, armed only with lance and sword, but nothing can stay their ardour. They believe that the early days of Mahomedan conquests are about to commence again. The idea of the Mahdi is to make himself master of the whole Soudan, to invade Egypt, convert its inhabitants, and then to march against the Turks, whom he regards as infidels. Having succeeded in this he will march to Mecca, in order to establish the millennium reign, and convert the universe. Thus you see, dear Sir, that here we have a man to deal with much more dangerous than Arabi, a man with far more prestige, and, above all, one who has hitherto been successful. Can England abandon the Soudan (this India of Africa) to barbarism? Let her send two or three Indian regiments by way of Souakim, and very soon the order and authority of the Government will be re-established. For the cause of humanity and especially for the abolition of the slave trade, it is above all things necessary that the Soudan should not be lost. It would be a long and painful task to re-establish all that civilization has gained in that country if the false prophet should be allowed, even for a single year, to carry out his plans. With every best wish."

"Yours, &c., "G. SCHWEINFURTH.

"To Charles H. Allen, Esq."

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE TIMES."

SIR,—I enclose you copy of a letter I wrote to Mr. Allen on Saturday regarding his letter of the 1st of November enclosing translation of a communication he had received from Dr. Schweinfurth.

I have to-day received a letter from Souakim, dated the 19th of October, in which no mention is made of the supposed disturbances; and did anything out of the way exist, I should certainly have been informed, as it would greatly interfere with commercial business with the interior, which up till now is progressing favourably.

The accounts of the crops in the Toka district are good, and there will be large quanties of cotton and dhurra for exportation. These crops during the last two seasons have been total failures, and the natives have been obliged to buy large quantities of grain. My last advices from the Massowah district report everything quiet and trade satisfactory.

I am, Sir, yours faithfully,

A. B. WYLDE.

19, Trinity-square, Tower-hill, E.C., Nov. 6.

"London, November 4.

"My dear Mr. Allen,—I read your letter in the *Times* to-day, and was sorry to hear that you have received such bad news from the Soudan from Dr. Schweinfurth; my last advices from Souakim were dated the end of September, and my partner there does not mention a word about the country being in an over-disturbed state. We have known for sometime that all the country to the west of the Bahr-el-Gazelle and round Darfur has been in a disturbed state, but this is not to be wondered at considering the way it is governed, and I may say that since Gordon left the country it has been getting gradually worse. I do not like contradicting Dr. Schweinfurth, but I think he has taken a great deal too gloomy a view of the situation, and his figures as to troops, losses, &c., are greatly overestimated, and the whole force of the Soudan army, I think I am correct in saying, is under 15,000 men. If, as Dr. Schweinfurth says, the Mahdi's force is 150,000 fighting men, what use would the two or three Indian regiments be that he advises our Government to send.

"As regards the future and the present prospects, the former is in the hands of the English Government, and for a very small outlay and very little trouble they could easily place the country on a sound financial footing, and the Soudan would be a source of revenue instead of a drag on Egypt as it has hitherto been. The latter does not trouble me in the least. Khartoum is perfectly safe, and can hold out against double the number of savages that the Mahdi is ever likely to bring into the field, and the Khartoumese know their interests too well to side with him. The town is capable of defence, and the Nile forms a barrier which the Mahdi and his followers are never likely to pass in the face of artillery.

"It only wants a capable English general with a staff of Indian officers, who speak Arabic, to take command of the black regiments now in Egypt, and the Mahdi's power would be broken in a very short time. I am not certain whether it would not be an excellent plan to come to terms with Mahamed Hamed, as he must be above the usual run of Soudanese to get together the following as he is reported to have, and he might make an excellent governor of the far western provinces of the Soudan. The mighty dollar will do everything with these blacks, and I do not believe in the fanatical programme, as it is the usual cloak that covers native aggrandisement, and there can be no doubt, that native grievances in the Soudan want just as much redressing as they do in Egypt, and it will be found that this is the great cause of the rebellion.

"The slave dealers are, of course, delighted with the state of affairs, and I fancy I can hear their prayers for the continuance of anarchy and the total annihilation of law and order throughout the Soudan.

"I have nothing to say against Abd-el-Kader Pasha, but it is unlikely he will ever succeed in doing what Gordon did, that is—pacifying nearly the whole country. I know of only two competent men in the Soudan—one is Giegler and the other Alleden Pasha; the latter was at Massowah, the last news I had, and he has always shown great tact, and has managed the Abyssinian frontier business very well. He was the only Pasha that Gordon did not dismiss, and he was with him during the whole tenure of Gordon's office, which is saying a great deal. The other higher officials in the country are of the usual intriguing class, and the majority of them utterly worthless, and they all seem to try who can do the least work and make the most money in the shortest possible time. This being the case, how is it possible that the Soudan will ever pay its expenses or improve?

"M. Albert Marquet mentioned by Dr. Schweinfurth is the Government carrier, and his sympathies are entirely French, and I have found during nine years' dealings with the Soudan and Abyssinia that the native, as a rule, is not a great lover of French customs; so I should take any information from him with reserve.

"The picture drawn by Dr. Schweinfurth is a too vivid colours, and in my opinion, he has rather spoilt the cause he is advocating. The Mahdi will never get to Khartoum, and has as much chance of getting to the sea coast, Mecca, or Cairo (except as a prisoner) as I have of going to the North Pole. It seems a pity that a man of Dr. Schweinfurth's ability should write in the way he does and believe in such absurd improbabilities taking place.

"If Egypt wants anything done and the English Government help them, they had better set about it at once, and get the thing over before May, as it is easy enough to move troops over the desert now and during the winter months, but a very difficult operation during the hot and unhealthy season.

"I am, my dear Mr. Allen, yours very truely,

"A. B. WYLDE."

FRANCE AND THE MALAGASY EMBASSY.

THE *Times'* Paris correspondent telegraphed on Nov. 3:—

An evening paper asserts that the French delegates have placed before the Madagascar Envoys a draft convention establishing the right of France to Madagascar, and that the Envoys, unable to agree to it, have referred back to their Government for instructions. This is not how the matter really stands, but the negotiations certainly show no prospect of an early settlement. According to the Madagascar version of the case, the Ambassadors, when they started on their Mission, had not the slightest idea that France laid claim to any part of their territory; but, to prevent the continual agitations of certain French Creoles in those parts, they were sent to settle more definitely the terms of a treaty concluded by France, with the Queen of Madagascar in 1868. On their arrival here, however, they find France indifferent to all these minor grievances of her citizens against Madagascar subjects, but are surprised that France intends to take possession of the coast of Madagascar from Diego Suarez, on the north-east, to Majambo, on the north-west, a coast line of the same extent as the whole south of England. On this coast the Queen has 13 garrisoned ports, which have been in undisturbed possession of the Hovas, some for 60 years, some for 20, while others have been more recently established. In no case, however, has any foreign nation ever disputed the rights of the Hovas to maintain garrisons at those ports, and vessels of all nations have been paying duties to the Queen for the last 20 years when trading there. As recently, indeed, as May, France claimed an indemnity of £1,018 for the death of four Arabs, who under the French flag were importing arms and ammunition to local chiefs on that coast, when the latter quarrelled among themselves and killed the Arabs. The French, so far from disputing the rights of the Queen to the sovereignty of the ports, ratified an undertaking to pay the indemnity, which was duly paid in June. It was intimated last week to the Ambassadors that if they did not immediately agree to evacuate these 13 garrisoned ports, the French would do it for them, and that a fleet and expedition for that purpose was being fitted out at Marseilles. These demands have brought the negotiations to a dead lock. The Ambassadors naturally inquire what right France has to those ports. France replies that she has rights not only to the west coast, but over the whole island, but will be satisfied at present with the northern half in virtue of treaties made with Sekalave chiefs in 1841. It remains, however, for France to explain why a treaty was made at all in 1868 with the Queen of Madagascar regulating the maritime commerce of the whole island if they do not admit that she is Queen of the island. Some of the papers are urging the Government to carry matters with a high hand. But the French people assuredly do not desire to hector a weaker nation or to embark in remote enterprises when the honour of their flag is not at stake.

FRENCH MINISTERIAL DECLARATION.

PARIS, NOV. 9.

PARLIAMENT re-assembled this af

Government is convinced that it is responding to the country's wishes in preparing to submit its views to you on this subject. It will confer, moreover, with the Committee of the Chamber of Deputies intrusted with this investigation, and which has already named its reporter. We shall everywhere strive to enforce the Primary Education Act. We shall ask you to complete it by adopting the Bill regulating the position of teachers.

"We shall have important measures of an economic and financial character to submit to you. It is indispensable, indeed, that the order in which the great public works voted by your predecessors should be executed should be settled. It is to this end that the Minister of Public Works, in agreement with the Minister of Finance, has instituted an extra-Parliamentary Commission, charged to draw up a general scheme for the construction and working of our railway system.

"Various Bills relating to the restoration of our naval and military forces have already been submitted for your consideration. Supplementary measures will be laid on the table. We shall ask you to adopt them as soon as possible. Lastly, we shall have the honour of bringing forward three Bills; one for the completion of the administrative, judicial, and financial organization of Tunis, a second promoting the extension of colonization in Algeria, and a third for insuring the development of our colonial empire.

"Now come the questions of the conduct of affairs. When you deem it opportune, you will inquire into the mode in which we have conducted affairs abroad and at home during your absence. You will acknowledge, we hope, that in difficult circumstances your foreign affairs have been managed with prudence, vigilance, and great regard to your dignity. At home we have strived to tranquillize men's minds, to spread everywhere ideas of conciliation, calm, and reciprocal goodwill, and at the same time to ensure respect for order. You are not more desirous than ourselves to see it undisturbed.

"You reject, as we do, compromising connexions. You will not allow unknown, nameless persons, without a past, without a trace of services or origin, positive wrongdoers, freely to spread sedition, and to menace and intimidate peaceful people, paralyze labour, and seek to discredit the Republic, in order to rule it. It is in this community of ideas and sentiments that we reckon of obtaining your adhesion and support. We shall not seek to live from day to day on accidental majorities, without cohesion or security. By acting in such a way the Government gain neither dignity nor strength, but loses its reason for existence. Certain that there is in Parliament a majority resolute on giving the Republic a durable and strong Government, a Government determined to defend the permanent interests of France abroad and order and liberty at home, to impose vigorously on all perfect respect for the law, we shall see there the guarantees of a stable political existence. In these conditions, gentlemen, the men before you are ready to continue their task; and, if they obtain your confidence, to spare no effort to justify it."

THE POLICY OF THE CONSERVATIVES.

LORD RANDOLPH CHURCHILL has addressed the following letter to the *Times*:—

Sir,—The conflict on the *cloture* will really be raised for the first time on Sir Stafford Northcote's resolution on Monday. All that has taken place hitherto, whether before or since the adjournment in August, has been but the skirmishing of outposts. In this both parties may claim certain advantages. Mr. Marriott's amendment was defeated by a comparatively slender majority, although all the ministerial influence of the Government was brought to bear against it. Mr. Gibson's amendment has been rejected by a crushing majority, though declared by Mr. Gladstone to be an open question.

The skirmishes have not been without their value. They have served to enlighten the public on the respective positions of the two armies on the merits of the question itself, and on the real intentions of Her Majesty's Government. Ministers have at length candidly avowed that their object is no longer the suppression of obstruction, but the compression of debate. "Liberal legislation" is the war-cry of the Government. That of the Conservatives is "Fair play." The Conservatives defend a position of tried value to the country. The Liberals exhibit a programme the merits of which are unknown. To carry the second reading only the Irish Ventured on Ireland, and to oppose the amendment of Mr. Gibson. If carried, would have been justly regarded as a compromise. It would have prepared the Conservative party from successfully regarding the main proposition. The new part I was opposed to the closure, whether in a large or a proportionate majority, and I am unwilling to weaken the opposition to the *cloture* by supporting an amendment which, though modifying the effect, still admitted the principle.

It is probable that the majority against Mr. Gibson's amendment will be considerably reduced on Sir Stafford Northcote's resolution. A Government majority is beyond a doubt; but it is a question whether a narrow majority would justify the acquiescence of the Conservative party in the decision.

It is hardly to be supposed that the Irish party will support the Government in their attempt to limit debate in Parliament. The Irish party is at present guided by a profound politician, who has shown conclusively his preference for and his belief in Parliamentary action to redress Irish grievances rather than in a repetition of the efforts of '80 and '81. The adoption of the *cloture* would be fatal to his aims.

A moderate estimate of the Irish strength which went against Mr. Gibson on Thursday last would be 50 votes. If transferred to the side of Sir Stafford Northcote the Government majority is at once reduced to 24. But four or five additional Irish votes may be obtained hostile to the Prime Minister. Sir Stafford can count for certain on five or six additional votes from his own party, thus further reducing the Government majority to 14 or 15. It is supposed in Ministerial circles that the 15 Liberals who voted for Mr. Gibson will vote against Sir Stafford Northcote. But in this I imagine the wish is father to the thought, and the Government calculation may be erroneous. Assuming, however, that the Government majority is reduced from 25 to 10 the battle need not therefore be considered lost. It is a serious question whether the Conservative party would be justified in allowing so narrow a majority to make the *cloture* a standing order of the House of Commons and thus permanently to crush freedom of speech. Were the proposed changes brought forward in the form of legislation, the House of Lords would have to be consulted, and would in all probability exercise their right of referring the question to the electors. But though the interests involved in the question of *cloture* are greater than any that have been imperilled since the time of the Long Parliament or the Bill of Rights, the House of Lords is precluded from exercising its constitutional office. What, then, can the Conservatives do? Fortunately, the Government have themselves provided a remedy. They have declared that no business of a legislative character remains to be brought forward during the remainder of the session. They have by unconstitutionally passing the Appropriation Bill before the prorogation relieved the House of the necessity of considering supply for the service of the year. No opposition, however protracted, no debates, however prolonged, no motions for adjournment can by any possibility be stigmatized as obstruction of public business. It appears, therefore, that Sir Stafford Northcote is not only entitled but called upon as the leader on this question of nearly half the House of Commons, should resolution be defeated under the circumstances sketched above, to announce to the Government that he refuses to allow this question of to go forward without an appeal to the ies, and that with this end he will advise ve supported him to make a determinational use of the rights of Parliate. It would be impossible for the use the challenge, and I adduce favour of such a course.

which elected this Parliament uestion of *cloture*, on which re their opinion at the poll t constitutional change. gainst *cloture* previous obstruction in its ed. Their can be new Parliament, in its composiof the House of a general elec- be affirmed ly available, d of Mr. treibled. umeri- 881, un-

ADVICE TO MOTHERS!—Are you broken in your by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. 's SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor mediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleaste, it produces natural quiet sleep by relieving from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as tion." It soothes the child, it softens the ain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, own remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, from teething or other causes. Mrs. Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers d. per bottle. Wholesale by the Company, Limited' 8, Farrington

THE BURNING OF A PULLMAN CAR.

THE coroner's inquest in the case of the death of Dr. Arthur, killed by the burning of a Pullman Car on the Midland Railway as reported last weeks was concluded on November 8th.

After all the evidence had been heard, the coroner proceeded to address the jury. He said the deceased was evidently alive when the train first stopped, and efforts to save Dr. Arthur's life might fairly have succeeded. He appeared to have been aroused and made for the gangway leading to the door at which he entered the car, but, crossing to the side opposite the gangway, he missed it, and got into a berth in the opposite corner, where he fell insensible or overpowered by the smoke, and was burnt to death. It might be a question whether Donaldson and other official had done all they ought to do. As to the probable causes of the fire, they resolved themselves into three—the heating apparatus, the carriage lamps, and the reading-lamps, of Mr. Cranston. As to the carriage lamps and the stove and water pipes, the evidence was such that no danger was shown in them, and that brought them to Mr Cranston's lamp. Could they satisfy themselves that his candle was not the cause of his fire? Colonel Yolland, of the Board of Trade, could not present to-day, but last week he attended the inquiry, and before he left he was satisfied that the fire originated at Mr. Cranston's lamp. As to the communication cord, Colonel Yolland had a strong impression on his mind respecting it, and upon it he would make a report to the Board of Trade. He further remarked that there was nothing in the evidence to connect any act of the late Dr. Arthur's with the fire.

The coroner handed to the jury a list of the questions he wished them to answer, and they retired for 40 minutes, when the Foreman handed in the following answers to the question put to them:—

"1. That Dr. Arthur died from suffocation and burning, and we are of opinion he would have been able to effect his escape as other inmates of the car did had he not been affected by narcotic stupor.

"2. The fire, we believe, originated over No. 8 berth, and was accidentally caused by Mr. Cranstons reading lamp.

"3. We think Dr. Arthur might have been saved before the train was taken to the water crane had his position in the car been definitely known, and we think, under the trying circumstances, the officials did their duty.

"4. We strongly condemn as dangerous to the safety of the travelling public the clause in the railway company's rules which prevents the engine-driver from stopping his train at the earliest possible moment after the communication cord whistle has sounded. Also we think the use of reading-lamps in Pullman cars should be strictly prohibited."

The jury added an expression of their condolence with the family of the deceased, who had been bereaved of a relative in so dreadful a manner.

THE WELLESLEY DIVORCE SUIT.

IN the Probate and Divorce Division of the High Court of Justice, on November 9, the case of Wellesley v. Wellesley came before Sir James Hannen at Westminster. It was a petition presented by Emma Hannah Caroline Wingfield Wellesley, for the dissolution of her marriage with the Honorable Colonel Wellesley, formerly military attache at the British Embassy at St. Petersburg, and son of Lord Cowley, on the ground of his desertion and adultery with Miss Kate Vaughan, actress at the Gaiety Theatre.

Mr. Searle appeared for the petitioner; the respondent was not represented by counsel.

Mrs. Wellesley, the petitioner, said that she was married to the respondent on the 15th of December, 1873, at Kensington. At that time he was military attache to her Majesty's Embassy at St. Petersburg, and she proceeded with Colonel Wellesley thither after the wedding. On the breaking out of the Russo-Turkish war, Colonel Wellesley left St. Petersburg, he being ordered to the seat of war. She did not accompany him, but remained in England. On the termination of the war Colonel Wellesley returned to England, in 1878. She met him at the railway station, Charing-cross, and he on that occasion treated her with affection. She was at that time residing in the house of Lord Cowley, at Queen's-gate. She and Colonel Wellesley proceeded there, where they occupied the same apartments. Subsequently separate apartments were provided for Colonel Wellesley at his request, as he said he had met with an accident during the war. She noticed that his conduct had very much altered towards her. He neglected her, and she saw but little of him. Some time after his return to England, Colonel Wellesley was appointed Secretary to the Embassy at Vienna. She was with her father at that time at St. Petersburg, and on hearing of Colonel Wellesley's appointment she joined him in May, 1878. When they went to Vienna they engaged lodgings; but he said there was no accommodation for them there, and they went to reside at the Imperial Hotel, occupying different rooms on different floors. She some time after that returned to England, and from thence she proceeded to Marienbad, in Bavaria, to which place Colonel Wellesley came from Vienna. After they had been there for a short time she suggested that she should return with him to Vienna; but he said it would be better for her to go home, and she accordingly returned to England. The reason which Colonel Wellesley gave for wishing her to return to England was that it was too expensive for her to remain with him in Vienna. Colonel Wellesley returned to England in September, 1878. She was then living at the house of Lord Cowley. Colonel Wellesley did not come to reside in that house, although there was plenty of accommodation for them. He took lodgings in Long's Hotel, Bond-street. Colonel Wellesley came to see her occasionally. He took her frequently to the theatre; but she noticed that he went more frequently to the Gaiety than any other place of amusement, Miss Kate Vaughan was then acting at that theatre. When Colonel Wellesley returned to Vienna she did not accompany him, as he again raised the objection of expense. She after that went to her father, at St. Petersburg, and eventually she went to Vienna, in March, 1879. While there Colonel Wellesley left for six weeks, but returned at the end of that time. She suspected at that time that there was an improper intimacy between Colonel Wellesley and Miss Kate Vaughan. She sent a telegram to Colonel Wellesley offering to forgive him in the event of the intimacy being given up; but her communication was treated with contempt. She now knew that Miss Vaughan was actually in Vienna and living with Colonel Wellesley in 1879, while she (Mrs. Wellesley) was in the capital. Mr. Egerton, a friend of her family, went to Colonel Wellesley to endeavour to bring about a reconciliation; but the next thing she heard about the respondent was that Colonel Wellesley and Miss Vaughan had left Vienna.

Mr. Collier Bristow was called to prove the residence of Colonel Wellesley at Adelphi-terrace, Strand.

Sarah Simpkins said she was employed at 5, Adelphi-terrace, as domestic servant, and in 1879 Colonel Wellesley and Miss Kate Vaughan occupied a suite of apartments there. They lived together as man and wife. The witness had acted as Miss Vaughan's maid during the illness of her regular attendant. She had taken breakfast into the bedroom occupied by Colonel Wellesley and Miss Vaughan.

His lordship made a decree for the dissolution of the marriage as prayed.

A NOVEL DUEL.

A BLOODY, crael and novel duel was recently fought at the lower edge of Guilford, between Ralph Johnston and Saks Williams, two young farmers of that section, and rivals for the affections of a young woman. Bad feeling had existed between them for some time, ending in harsh words. Soon afterward Johnston sent a friend to Williams with a letter demanding a retraction of certain language used. Williams declined to withdraw his remarks, and further correspondence resulted in an agreement to meet in hostile combat, the time being fixed for the next morning. The articles drawn up specified horsewhips as the weapons to be used, something not heretofore recognised by the code in North Carolina. These weapons were chosen, it is understood, in order that the parties could thereby evade the penalties of the duelling law which does not specify horsewhips as deadly weapons. Under the rules of the fight each man was required to stand upon a line traced upon the ground making the distance between the combatants about three feet. They were armed with heavy horsewhips, especially selected for the fight, and the second of each duellist was supplied with an extra whip, to be used by his principal in the event of the wearing out or breaking of the weapon first used. The field selected was a hard and level spot about half a mile from the main road. The lines were made of rope fastened to the ground with long staples. After a vain attempt had been made by the seconds to adjust the difficulty, the men took places for the fight. Both were in their shirt sleeves, the provisions of the fight being that no coat, vest, or undershirt should be worn. At seven o'clock the question was asked: "Gentlemen, are you ready?" Each man nodded his head. The command "Strike!" was then given, and the duellists fell to blows with vigour. Although the blows given were heavy and fast, neither man flinched. Upon the hands and faces of the combatants great welts soon rose, and the shirts of the men soon gave evidence that blood was being drawn. At times they wielded their weapons with one hand, then with both, and occasionally one or the other was forced by the desperate assault of his adversary to fall back from his line. After fighting half an hour time was called, and the men, nearly breathless, were given a brief resting spell. The fight continued for three hours, with short intervals for rest. The seconds finally decided that the requirements of the code had been complied with, and forced the duellists to desist. It is understood that Johnson was more severely hurt than his adversary, and that there is not a place on his body that is not covered with welts. Many of the blows gashed the flesh in a horrible manner. Williams is almost in the same condition, and both men are now suffering terribly from the effects of their wounds, which are such that they can hardly lie down. Their feet are almost the only parts not covered with whip cuts. No arrests have been made, and friends of the duellists are endeavouring to hush the matter up.—*New York Times.*

THE NAVY.

(*London Gazette*, Nov. 10.)

Admiralty, 7th November, 1882.

In accordance with the provisions of H. M.'s Order in Council of 22nd Feb. 1870, and 30th April, 1877—Chief Eng. W. B. Harvey has this day been placed on the Retired List of his rank.

Admiralty, 9th November, 1882.

In accordance with the provisions of H. M.'s Order in Council of 26th June, 1867—Retired Navigating Lieut. W. F. A. Greet had been allowed to assume the rank and title of Staff Commdr. on the Retired List from this date.

THE ARMY.

(*London Gazette*, Nov. 10.)

War Office, Pall Mall, 10th November, 1882.

2nd Life Guards, Lieut. J. Marshall retires from the Service, receiving a gratuity.

Lieut. W. A. E. Boyd, from the R. Scots (Lothian R.), to be Lieut., vice J. Marshall.

3rd Dragoon Guards, Lieut. H. Gillon, from the Prince Albert's (Somersetshire Light Inf.), to be Lieut., vice J. M. Dawson, resigned.

9th Lancers, Lieut. H. R. Alston resigns his Commission.

18th Hussars, Lieut.-Col., and Col. T. Phillips, [illegible] vice as a Regtl. Lieut.-Col. has been placed on half-pay.

21st Hussars, Lieut. H. M. Beavan resigns his Commission.

Grenadier Guards, Lieut. the Hon. C. R. W. Colville (Master of Colville) to be confirmed for service on the Staff.

REGIMENTAL DISTRICTS.

Lieut.-Col. and Col. R. Whigham, from half-pay, to be a Lieut.-Col., to command the 43rd Regtl. Dist. (the Oxfordshire Light Inf.), vice Col. G. E. Baynes, whose period of service in that appointment has expired.

The undermentioned Colonels having completed five years' service as Lieut.-Cols. in command of their respective Districts have been placed on half-pay from the dates specified against their names.—

V. H. Bowles, 83rd Regnt. Dist. (the Rl. Irish Rifles).

J. Sport, 31st Regtl. Dist. (the East Surrey Regt).

J. Jordan, C.B., 49th Regtl. Dist. (Princess Charlotte of Wales's Berkshire Regt).

S. W. F. M. Wilson, 15th Regtl. Dist. (the East Yorkshire Regt).

Medicia P. Berresford, 91st Regtl. Dist. (Princess Louise's Argyll and Southerland Highlanders.)

H. H. Steward, 3rd Regtl. Dist. (the Buffs, East Kent Regt.)

G. Carden, 41st Regtl. Dist. (the Welsh Regt.)

Lord John H. Taylour, 68th Regtl. Dist. (the Durham Light Inf.)

LINE BATTALIONS.

The Queen's (Royal West Surrey Regt.), Capt. T. J. B. Dunne has been seconded for service as an Adjt. of Auxiliary Forces.

The King's Own (Royal Lancaster Regt.), Capt. C. S. Shephard has been seconded for service on the Staff.

Capt. A. Hunter resigns the appointment of Adjt.

The Northumberland Fusiliers, Lieut. C. H. L. Eames, from the Duke of Cornwall's Light Inf., to be Lieut. vice A. L. Pennington, promoted.

Lieut. H. G. S. Tuite, from the Rl. Munster Fusiliers, to be Lieut. vice W. E. Hill, appointed a Probr. for the Indian S. C.

The Rl. Warwickshire Regt. Lieut. F. H. S. Thomas, from the Prince of Wales' (North Staffordshire Regt.), to be Lieut., vice W. T. Holland, who exchanges.

The Rl. Fusiliers (City of London Regt. Lieut. G. D. Atkinson has been appointed a Probr for the Indian S. C.

The King's (Liverpool Regt), Lieut. G. S. Broome, from the King's (Shropshire Light Inf.) to be Lieut. vice C. A. R. Blackwell, deceased.

Lieut. G. Tidy, from the Prince of Wales's Own (West Yorkshire Regt), to be Lieut. vice S. L. Cotton, appointed a Probr. for the Indian S. C.

The Suffolk Regt. Lieut. J. O. S. Fayrer has been appointed a Probr. for the I. S. C.

The Prince Albert's (Somersetshire Light Inf). Lieut. C. H. Stisted, who has ceased to be a Lieut. vice A. C. O'Donnel, appointed a Probr. for the Indian S. C.

The Prince of Wales Own (West Yorkshire Regt.) Major G. Van Heythuysen retires on retired pay, with the honorary rank of Lieut.-Col.

The Leicestershire Regt., Lieut. H. Cowper, from half-pay, to be Lieut., vice H. J. A. Rowe, appointed a Probr. for the Indian S. C.

The Royal Irish Regt., Lieut. Col. and Col. C. F. Gregorie retires on half-pay.

Lieut. R. M. Maxwell has been appointed a Probr. for the Indian S. C.

The Rl. Scots Fusiliers, Lieut. C. M. Eales has been appointed a Probr. for the Indian S. C.

The Royal Welsh Fusiliers, Lieut. C. C. H. Thorold to be Adjt., vice Lieut. the Hon. R. H. Bertie, who has resigned the appointment.

The South Wales Borderers, Lieut. R. Williams has been appointed a Probr. for the Indian S. C.

The King's Own Borderers, Lieut. H. V. Cox has been appointed a Probr. for the Indian S. C.

Lieut. W. D. Sellar, from the Rl. M. Fusiliers, to be Lieut., vice J. M. Fleming, appointed a Probr. for the Indian S. C.

The East Surrey Regt., Lieut-Col. and Col. T. E. Swettenham, retires on full-pay, with the honorary rank of Major-Gen.

Lieut. Henry F. K. Waldron has been appointed a Probr. for the Indian S. C.

The Duke of Wellington's (West Riding Regt). Major A. H. Fraser is placed on temporary half-pay on account of ill-health.

The Prince of Walse's Volunteers (South Lancashire Regt), Lieut. A. J. Bethell, from the Northamptonshire Regt., to be Lieut. vice E. F. H. McSwiney, appointed a Probr. for the Indian S. C.

The Welsh Regt., Lieut. W. E. Wimble has been appointed a Probr. for the Indian S. C.

The Oxfordshire Light Inf., Lieut. E. G. Mansel is seconded for service on the Staff.

Princess Charlotte of Walse's (Berkshire Regt). Capt. H. T. Smith retires from the Service, receiving a gratuity, with permission to retain his rank and wear the prescribed uniform.

The King's Own Light Inf. (South Yorkshire Regt), Lieut. B. Dorling to be Adjt. vice Cap. G. P. F. Byng, promoted.

The King's (Shropshire Light Inf.,) Major Finch White to be Lieut.-Col., vice W. Galbraith, placed on half-pay.

Capt. the Hon. E. A. H. a Court to be Major, vice F. White.

The Duke of Cambridge's Own (Middlesex Regt.,) The promotion to the rank of Lieutenant of Second Lieut. H. James, dated 12th Aug., 1880, is cancelled, he having been subsequently transferred to the Indian S. C. with an interior date.

Qur.-Sert. T. H. Weather-head to be Qmr., vice W. Coombes, retired.

The Prince of Wales's (North Staffordshire Regt.,) Lieut. C. P. Campbell has been appointed a Probr. for the Indian St. C.

Lieut. W. T. Holland, from the R. Warwickshire Regt., to be Lieut. vice F. H. S. Thomas, who exchanges.

The York and Lancaster Regt., Lieut. A. W. Brooke has been appointed a Probr. for the Indian S. C.

The Royal Irish Rifles, Capt. F. S. F. Stokes has been seconded for service as a Depy.-Asst. Comsy.-Gen. on probation.

Lieut. H. Welman has been appointed a Probr. for the Indian S. C.

Lieut. M. A. Tighe has been appointed a Probr. for the Indian S.

Princess Louise's (Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders), Lieut. H. D. McIntyre has been appointed a Prob. for the Indian S. C.

The Prince of Wales's Leinster Regt. (Rl. Canadians), Lieut. W. H. Cole has been seconded for service as a Dy. Asst. Comsy.-Genl., on probation.

The Rl. Munster Fusiliers, Lieut. H. J. Bremner has been appointed a Probr. for the Indian S. C.

Lieut. G. E. Turner has been appointed a Probr. for the Indian S. C.

The Prince of Wales's Leinster Regt. (Rl. Canadians), Lieut. W. H. Cole has been seconded for service as a Dy. Asst. Comsy.-Genl., on probation.

The Rl. Munster Fusiliers, Lieut. H. J. Bremner has been appointed a Probr. for the Indian S. C.

Lieut. G. E. Turner has been appointed a Probr. for the Indian S. C.

2nd West India Regt., Lieut.-Col. and Col. L. L. Brett, having completed five years' service as a Regt. Lieut Col., has been placed on half-pay.

Royal Malta Fencible Artilly. Lieut.-Col. and Col. J. Lazzarini retires on retired pay, with the honorary rank of Major-Genl.

Staff, Major-Gen. Sir H. Evelyn Wood, V. C., G. C. M. G., K. C. B., has resumed, as Brigr.-Gen. on the Staff, the command of the Troops in the Chatham Dist. (which appointment he vacated on proceeding on active service to Egypt), vice Major-General the Hon. R. Monck.

Lieut.-Col. and Col. A. H. Murray, R. A., from Dy. Adjt.-Gen., R. A. in India, to command a Brigade of the Bengal Army with the rank of Brigr.-Genl., in succession to Major-General C. R. O. Evans, R. A., who vacated that appointment on promotion.

Lieut.-Col. and Col. G. F. Walker, the Suffolk Regt., to command a Brig. of the Bengal Army, with a rank of Brigr.-Genl., in succession to Major-Genl. A. H. Cobbe, C.B., who vacated that appointment on promotion.

Capt. and Bt. Major W. C. F. Molyneux, the Cheshire Regt., has resumed the appointment of Brigade Major on the Staff, which post he vacated on proceeding on active service to Egypt, vice Capt. J. C. M. Pigott, Princess Charlotte of Wales's (Berkshire Regt.)

Commissariat and Transport Staff, Asst. Comy.-Genl. W. G. W. Robinson to be Dy. Comy.-Genl., vice Long, promoted.

Reserve Depot, Lieut.-Col. the Hon. C. G. Gathorne-Hardy has been placed upon half-pay.

Chaplains' Dept., The Rev. R. C. Browne, Chaplain to the Forces of the Second Class, to be Chaplain to the Forces of the First Class.

Army Pay Dept., Staff Paymaster and Honorary Major Luke F. Bernard has been placed on retired pay, with the honorary rank of Lieut.-Col.

Medical Dept., Brig.-Surg. G. Langford Hinde has retired on temporary half-pay.

Brig.-Surg. N. Holloitt has been granted retired pay, with the honorary rank of Dy. Surg.-Gen.

Surg.-Major W. F. Bennett, M.D., has been placed upon temporary half-pay on account of ill health.

Army Hospital Corps. The undermentioned Officers to be Qmrs. 1881, such antedate not to carry back pay as Qmrs. prior to the date specified against their names:—

Capt. of Orderlies G. W. M. Johnston, 10th Oct.

Lieut. of Orderlies F. Hewson, 30th Sept.

Retired Full-Pay, Lieut.-Col. W. E. Brown, half-pay, has retired on full-pay.

MEMORANDA.

Lieut.-Genl. C. Elmhirst, C.B., Col. of the South Staffordshire Regt., has been placed on retired pay, with the honorary rank of General.

Lieut.-Col. and Col. G. Murray Miller, C.B., half-pay, has been placed on retired pay, with the honorary rank of Major-General.

Capt. and B. Lieut.-Col. C. W. St. John, half-pay, Staff Officers of Pensioners, to be Col.

The following promotion takes place under the regulations in force prior to 1st July, 1881:—

8th Foot, Second Lieut. R. F. L. Farrer to be Lieut., vice W. L. Brereton, promoted.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(*Bombay Government Gazette*, November 30.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The Hon. Rao Saheb Visvanath Narayan Mandlik, C.S.I., having, under Section 27 of "The Indian Councils Act, 1861," vacated his seat in the Council of H. E. the Governor of Bombay for making Laws and Regulations on acceptance of the office of Govt. Pleader, High Court, H. E. the R. Hon. the Governor has been pleased to re-appoint him to an Additional Member of the said Council under Section 32 of "The Indian Councils Act, 1861."

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Col M. W. Willoughby Levey to Govt., Military, Marine and Ecci Depts, is allowed privilege leave to Europe for ninety days from the 1st Dec.

Lieut A. D Fordyce, of the Bedfordshire Regt, Offg Wing Officer, 12th N I, is admitted to the I S C with effect from 16th August 1882, subject to the confirmation of the Rt Hon the Secy of State for India.

The services of Brig-Surg C Joynt, MD, I M D are placed at the disposal of Govt for employment in the Civil Dep.

Brig-Surg Joynt will continue to do duty at Quetta as Principal Medical Officer.

The following promotions in the Barrack Branch, P W D, are ordered, with effect from the dates specified opposite each name, in succession to Hony Lieut and Asst Comsy P. Mulkere and Condr W. Smith:—

Hony Lieutt and Dy Asst Comsy E D Hart to be Asst Comsy from the 11th Oct.

Condr C. Bather to be Dy. Asst Comsy from 11th Oct.

Sub-Condr J. Lewis to be Condr from 17th Sept.

Sub-Condr J. Riding to be Conar from 11th Oct.

Barrack Serj W Bailey to be Sub-Condr from 17th Sept.

Barrack Serj W Hobbs to be Sub-Condr from 11th Oct.

Brig Sur A F Bradshaw, A M D is brought on the strength of H M's British Forces in this Presidency from the 17th Nov the date of his arrival at Bombay

Major D C Pedder, B S C is permitted to retire from the Service on a pension of £300-12-6 per annum, subject to H M's approval.

Lieut A B Mein, S C Adjt, 21st N C is allowed furlough to Europe for thirty-four days on medical certificate.

Major De L R E Wooldridge, S C having completed twenty-six years' service, eight of which have been in the S C to be Lieut Col from 21st Nov. subject to H M's approval.

Lieut H E W Beville, S C Lieut-Col A T Mander Rl E; and Major F D Mander, Infy, have been permitted by the Secy of State for India to return to duty.

The undermentioned officer has been granted by the Secy, of State for India an extension of leave for the period specified.

Brig-Surg C K Colston, six months, medical certificate.

The undermentioned medical officers are brought on the strength of the Bombay Medical Est from the date specified:—

Surg S B W's Lyons, J P Barry, A V Anderson 17th Nov.

Major E D Twemlow, RE, has been permitted by the Secy of State for India to return to duty.

The services of Capt H H Pengree, R A, Third Class Comsy of Ordnance, are replaced at the disposal of H E the C-in-C from the 2nd Dec on which date his five years' tenure of appointment in that grade will expire.

H E the Gov in Council is pleased to make the following promotion, with effect from the date specified, subject to H M's approval:—

Surg-Major H V Carter, M D, I M D, to be Brig-Surg, vice Brig-Surg W H Colvill, retired,—20th Sept.

H E the Govr in council is pleased to make the following appointment:—

Sind Rifle Brigade Corps.—Lieut G C Parker, Indian Navy, to be Capt in the above Corps, vice Cap J M Bremner, transferred to Sup-Mry List.

The following temporary and provisional appointment is made in the Transport Branch of the Commissariat Dept:—

Lieut-Col C M Griffith, S C, to be Dy Asst Comsy Gen Second Class, vice Major O W Craine, deceased.

The undermentioned officers is allowed furlough to Europe for three months, with the necessary subsidiary leave:—

Major H Doveton, R E, Exe Eng, First Grade, and Dy Consg Engr for Railways.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. A Harrison is appointed Cosvr and Registrar, River Indus, with effect from 1st Sept last.

ECCLESIASTICAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr. F F Locke Smith, Registrar of the Diocese, has been granted to an extention of leave for two months.

The unexpired portion of the privilege leave granted to the Rev G H Lewis, Chaplain of Neemuch, is cancelled from the date he assumed charge of the duties of Garrison Chaplain at the Presidency.

The Rev G H Lewis [illegible] his substantive appointment on being relieved.

The Rev G Gothard, M A, Joint Chaplain of Karachi, is granted special leave to Europe for six months from 1st Nov.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS &c.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

H Ex the Govr in Council is pleased to make the following appointment:—

Mr. H M Gibbs, on being relieved at Shikarpur by Mr. C McIver, to act as Second Asst Dist Supdt of Police in the Khandesh Dist until further orders.

Mr. G Cotgrave, Police Probr, to be attached to the Dist Supds of Police, Belgaum.

A'zam Dadaji Sakharam, Head Karkun of Nasik, is appointed to be a Magt of the Third Class in the Dist of Nasik.

Mr. Nanabhai Haridas and the Hon Rao Saheb V N Mandlik, C S I, respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Govt, Pleader, High Court, Bombay, on 20th Nov.

A'zam Motilal Dwarkadas Patel, Acting Hanost in the Dist of Broach, is appointed to be a Mazi Mahal Rari of Peta Mehal of the Second Class in that Dist.

A'zam Maneklal Narbheram, Head Karkun of Taluka Daskrohi in the Dist of Ahmedabad, is appointed to be a Magte of the Second Class in that Dist.

A'zam Keshaval Mansukhram, Head Karkun of Taluka Kapadvanj in the District of Kaira, is appointed to be a Magte of the Third Class in that Dist.

Messrs Bhaskar Shridhar Joshi and Govind Vasudeo Kanitker respectively delivered over and received charge of the Second Class Sub Judge's Court at Panvel in the Thana Dis on 16th inst.

Sk Kalyanrao Dolatrao has been appointed to act as Clerk of the Dist Court at Ahmedabad during the absence of Mr Govindrao Ramchandra Khanedkar.

The Govr in Council is pleased to invest the undermentioned officers in the Satara Dist with the powers conferred by the said Act on the Magistrates of Police in Bombay:—

Mr E T Richardson, Magte First Class, Town of Satara; Mr H Cooke, Mage, First Class, in charge of the Satara Taluka; and Rao Saheb Ranga Ramchander, Mamlatdar and Magte, Second Class, of Taluka Satara.

Mr. Ganpatrao Vinayak Bhanap is appointed [illegible] Class, First Grade, Sub Judge, with effect from 20th Jan 1882, vice Rao Saheb Motilal Lalbhai Kamaria, on foreign service, subject to the lien of that officer.

Mr. P Ryan, Presidency Magte is allowed an extension for three days of the privilege leave of absence for one month and eleven days.

Mr Karpurram Manmathram is appointed to be sub pro tem. Second Class, Fourth Grade, Sub Judge, vice Rao Saheb Vinayak Vithal Tilak, promoted.

The Governor in Council is pleased to confirm the appointment made by the Hon the Chief Justice of H M's Hight Court Judicature at Bombay, of Mr A K Oliver to act as Dy Registrar on the Appellate Side of the High Court during the period of Mr Khanderao Chimanrao Bedarkar's absence on privilege leave, viz from 26th Oct. to 30th Nov.

The Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Mr J K Spencer Magte of the First Class, in the Dist of Sholapur, to be Magte in charge of the Division of that Dist. comprising the Talukas of Sholapur, Barsi and Madha.

The Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Mr F H Warden, Acting Third Asst Pol Agent Kathiawar, to act as a Justice of the Peace within and for the territories subject to the Gov of Bombay other than the Presidency Town of Bombay.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Messrs Dorabjee Eduljee Gimi and Uttumram Nurbheram Mehta respectively delivered over, and received charge of the office of Head Master, Kathiawar High School, on 16th Nov.

Mr E Giles, Edu Inspr, N D, is granted privilege leave for fifteen days from the 10th Dec or such date as he may avail himself of it.

Rao Saheb Shivram Sadashiv Nadkarni, B A, is confirmed in the appointment of Dy Edul Inst or Marathi Schools, Bombay.

Mr Cursetjee N Contractor is appointed to act as Head Master, Shikarpur High School, from the 21st August last, the date on which he took charge of the duties of that office.

Rao Bahadur Kouramal Chandanmal Kilani resumed charge of the office of Sindhi Translator, Edul Dept, on 21st Oct.

Mr. S. F. Mirza acted as Sindhi Translator, Edul. Dept. from the 22nd Aug. to 21st Oct.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. Gururao Shripat, Bailiff, Subordinate Judge's Court, Bagalkot is appointed to be Seventh Grade Probry. Special Sub-Registrar of Sindgi in the Kaladgi Dist.

Mr. A. Shewan, Forest Set and Demoration Officer, Satara, and Asst. Pol. Agent in charge Jath State, is allowed furlough for two years.

The following appointments are made in the Registration Dept. Ratnagiri Dist.

Mr. Trimbak Narayan Ranadive, Second Grade Special Sub-Registrar of Malvan, to be Second Grade Special Sub-Registrar of Chiplun.

Mr. Govind Nilkanth Apte, Second Grade Special Sub-Registrar of Chiplun, to be Second Grade Special Sub-Registrar of Malvan.

M. Mahadev Dadsheth Khade, Third Grade Special Sub-Registrar of Ratnagiri, to be Third Grade Special Sub-Registrar of Rajapur.

Mr. Mahadaji Ballal Bade, Third Grade Special Sub-Registrar of Rajapur, to be Third Grade Special Sub-Registrar of Khed.

Mr. Sadashiv Yeshvant Athekar, Third Grade Special Sub-Registrar of Khed, to be Third Grade Special Sub-Registrar of Ratnagiri.

Mr E J H O Gleeson, C S, passed on the 18th Oct the Deptl Examination according to the Highest Standard.

Mr. T. D. Mackenzie, C. S., having returned to the Presidency on the 16th Nov. the unexpired portion of the furlough for twenty months granted to him is cancelled.

Mr. G. McCorkell, C. S., having returned to the Presidency on the 24th Nov. the unexpired portion of the furlough granted to him is cancelled.

Rao Bahadur Jarnarpan Ballal Bapat, Dy. Collr. in charge Huzur Accounts, Ahmedabad, is allowed leave on medical certificate for two month from 9th Nov.

The Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Rao Saheb Anupram Balmukandas, to act as Dy Collr. in charge, Huzur Accounts, Ahmedabad, during the absence of Rao Bahadur Janardan Ballal Bapat, or till further orders.

The undermentioned gentlemen passed the special Higher Standard Examination on the 16th Oct:—

Mr. J. P. Lobo, Head Accountant, Karachi, with credit. Khan Saheb Sadik Ali Sher Ali, Mukhtiarkar, Rao Saheb Choithrain Girdhardas, Mukhtiarkar. The above names are arranged in the order of merit.

The undermentioned gentlemen passed the Deptl. Examination according to the Lower Standard on the 14th Oct.:—

Messrs. W. T. Morison, C S, and G D Pans, C S, with credit; W F Lord, C S, A C Logan, C